Forestry - Agriculture Interfaces Professional Forestry Training Course (2020-22) for IFS Probationers & Bhutanese Trainees 13 January 2021

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Forestry & Agriculture – *Interfaces* INTERFACES

- Contexts and Perspectives
- Positioning Agriculture and Forestry in 21st Century Setting and Emerging Scenario –
 - **D** Food Security
 - **U** Water Security
 - **D** Soil Security and Land Restoration
 - **D** Biodiversity
 - **Climate Change Ramifications**

Sustainable Development Pathways

- Shared Pathways and Strategies
- Locating Research in Forestry-Agroforestry Interfaces

Agriculture & Forestry – *Interfaces*

<u>Agri"culture" ... Forestry – Silvi"culture"</u> <u>Analogies and Shared Contexts/Aspects</u>

- **Most landscapes** For thousands of years impacted by human footprints and interference *commenced with human evolution, hunters-gatherers, nomadic-pastoral, domiculture, agriculture shifting and sedentary*
- **Both Forestry and Agriculture Co-evolved and Diversified with** *human civilization Nature, Nurture & Culture*

AGRICULTURE-FORESTRY CONTINUUM				
Managed	Live stock,	Agro-fore	Shifting	Sedentary
Conservation	Fishery	sti y		Horticulture

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 In India – Majority of large landscapes Agriculture subsumes Forestry. Exceptions: – Pockets in North-East, High elevation montane landscapes

Contexts and Perspectives Contexts and Perspectives

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Analogies, Shared Contexts/Aspects - 2

- In recent times till mid-20th Century Agriculture and Forestry in all forms - the Mainstay of Development
- All kinds of *organized agriculture* and *managed forestry* practices targeted Maximizing Outputs and Productions by Intense Utilization of Natural resources and Ecosystems with Inputs *chemical/mineral fertilizers, irrigation, pesticides*
 - Mid-20th Century onwards "*Efficient-Intensive-Industrial*" forms of agriculture and likewise conventional forestry practices -

"Unsustainabilties" Environmental Impacts or Implications of:

"Efficient Intensive- Industrial" Agriculture

Mining Natural Resource Base, Soil erosion and degradation, Ground water depletion, Water stress, Pest & Disease build-up, Contamination and Eutrophication of water bodies...... "Conventional" Forestry

Catchment Hydrology Impairment..., Soil degradation..., Biodiversity loss, Below-ground biodiversity...

Contexts and Perspectives

Positioning Agriculture and Forestry in 21st Century Setting and Emerging Scenario

- Pronounced Anthropocene Dimensions

 Human, Environmental & Ecological Perspectives
 Population Load, Human Footprints and Lifestyles
 Water Security
 Soil Conservation, Soil Health/Fertility
 Balance & Resilience of Biosphere (Security of Life support system)
 - Biodiversity Landscape, Community, Species, Sub-species and cultivars (agro-biodiversity)

Sustainable Development Perspectives Sustainable Development Goals

Environmental - Ecological Concerns

Agriculture & Forestry – *Interfaces*

Equity Concerns – Social Dimensions

- *D* Economic- political economy dimensions
- **[]** Ethical Concerns Cultural

<u>Positioning Agriculture and Forestry in</u> <u>21st Century Setting and Emerging Scenario -2</u>

21st Century Perspectives & Challenges
Population 2050 onwards - 1.5 - 1.7 billion;
Economy - 7-10 times Per Capita GDP
Middle Class Population - 1 billion:
Urban India - 60%

Gigantic throughput of Energy, Land use, Biomass and Material Involving and Impacting Environmental Systems – including agriculture and forest landscapes (2/3rd of landmass)

Pronounced Anthropocene Dimensions – *Indian scenario*

- Techno-Scientific Opportunities for Sustainable Technologies and Pathways
 For navigating the Conservation-Development conflicts, Dilemmas and Paradoxes
 Solutions from Agriculture and Forestry Resource Systems - Bio-Economy
- India sharing global leadership in Sustainable Development (SDGs) : Agriculture and Managed Forestry being nearest to nature – Key Role: Partner and Stakeholder

Challenges & Opportunities



Example – Biomass for Energy



BIOMASS – Agriculture & Forestry



DENDRO BIOMASS - SIGNIFICANCE



part of a relatively rapid natural cycle that impacts atmospheric CO₂ only if the cycle is out of balance. transfers geologic carbon into the atmosphere. It is a one-way process.

 Sustainable Development Perspectives : Sustainable Development Goals

 Environmental - Ecological Concerns

 Degradation & Pollution of Land, Soil, Water, Air – Landscape

 impacts

 Biodiversity – Loss + Biological Invasions, Food Security, Health

 hazards

Climate Change Impacts – Vulnerabilities and Adaptations.....

Equity Concerns – Social Dimensions

Across - economic-class strata, regions, communities.....

<u>D</u> Ethical Concerns - Cultural Dimensions

Traditional Culture of farming, husbandry of livestock and management of forests

Dolitical - Economy Dimensions – Transformations Composition, Modes, Means and Pace of Reforms & Transitions – Minimizing adverse impacts, destabilization

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Challenges & Opportunities

Challenges & Opportunities:

> Food Security

Sustaining Agriculture - Farm Productions to meet food demand for 1.5+ billion Indians in 2050 – 300 MT in 2020

Impacts on and Impairments of the Bio-systems – *land* – *soil* – *moisture* ... *associated safeguards, resilience, immunity and buffers* ?????

Sustainable Production from Forestry – Agroforestry, Farm
 Forestry, Sustainable Harvest of edible forest produce

Challenges & Opportunities:

> Water Security

 Sustaining Agriculture, Urbanization & Industrialization for 1.5+ billion Indians in 2020

Impacts on and Impairments of the Hydrological Systems and Cycles – *Depleting Groundwater and Dwindling River flows*, besides other adverse impacts......

 Restoration of River Catchments and Sustainable Land Use & Land Cover in Flood Plains through managed forestry interventions

Challenges & Opportunities:

> Soil Security

 Sustaining Agriculture (+Horticulture) Farm Productions for 1.5+ billion Indians in 2020

<u>Impacts on and Impairments of the Soil System –</u>

Availability of Top Soil, and Soil Health (Desertification of Soil), Below Ground Biodiversity

 Blending Forestry/Tree vegetation in predominantly agricultural landscapes for sustainable biomass production (food and non-food produces) with sustainable soil fertility and moisture regime.

Biodiversity in wild – dwindling due to anthropogenic factors Fundamental for Sustainable Forest Management,

Conservation Forestry—**Production Forestry**

Agrobiodiversity - Fundamental for Sustainable Agriculture

- Agrobiodiversity Traditional Agroecosystem Systems sustained by rich landscape level biodiversity – *Linked with forest landscapes* and *homestead jungle* – Being lost in the current times
- In need of *dynamic conservation:*

Knowledge Systems –

Mainstream Scientific Knowledge (Analytic and Reductionist); Traditional Ecological Knowledge (Experiential, Cultural, Integrative) Adaptation or modernization with contemporary scientific research and knowledge

Challenges & Opportunities:

Biodiversity Conservation

Challenges & Opportunities:

Climate Change Ramifications

- Vulnerabilities of dependent community large fraction of population in the farmers' community, tribal communities of forest landscape and other traditional forest dwelling people

Adaptation Strategy:

✓ Diversification of biomass (food and non-food) production systems Integrated and coordinated *land use and land cover* for *agriculture and production forestry*

Factors

- Configuration and topological relation of *Agriculture landscapes* and *Forest landscapes*: Enmeshed, Intertwined, Honeycombed, Embedded.... Natural setting and Man-made
- Geo-demographic configuration and trends
- Industrial Urban and Infrastructural growth and expansion – the legacy and trend

Eco-restructuring of Land Use

Agriculture and Forestry (Managed Production Forestry)

Integrated approaches - Landscape levels land use strategy Ecosystems Approach

Image: Multiple Use – Multiple Functions/Roles Productive Pluralism

Adapting Traditional Knowledge (Practices, Culture) with contemporary S&T

Technological Pluralism and Technology Blending







Eco-restructuri ng of Land Use and Forestry-Agriculture

- Complementarities and Synergisms between *Forestry* and *Agriculture* besides within *to optimize throughputs of material and energy*
- Mix of Products and Services or functions (Food and Non-food, Wood and Non-wood, Amenities and Ecosystem services)
- Redesigning Configuration (Spatial) and Composition: Agriculture – Agroforestry – Forestry

Eco-restructuri ng of Land Use and Forestry -Agriculture

OPPORTUNITIES

Complementarity

- Farm Forestry, Agroforestry Huge untapped potential
- Food produces from Forestry and Non-food produces from Agriculture: *Huge untapped potential; Require changes in consumption pattern, technology mix; Lifestyle behavior etc.*

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Eco-restructuring of Land Use and Agriculture – Forestry

Policy and Programme Framework

- Policies related to Sustainable Agriculture, National Agroforestry Policy 2014
- National Forest Policy, National Forestry Action Plan
- o Green India Mission, National Bamboo Mission
- National Action Plan and State Action Plans for Climate Change – *Components for Agriculture, Forest, and Disasters*
- o Biodiversity Conservation Act 2002
- o Soil Health Card (Farm Soil and Forest Soils)
- River Rejuvenation Programme (NMCG....)
- o Organic Farming
- National Biofuel Policy
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QUESTIONS for REVIEW & ACTION

Forestry-Agriculture Interfaces: **Organic, Crucial, Critical** *Intensity and ramifications growing with time*

- Are Mutual Action & Engagement sufficient?
 - ✓ Deficits and lags in integration, cohesiveness, collaboration in *Programmes*, *Policies and Governance*
 - ✓ Compartmentalized mindsets, attitudes, approaches and working
- **U Van Vigyan Kendras Krishi Vigyan Kendras -** Scope for cohesive works
- **Institutional mechanism and Personnel deployment system -** *For enhancing constructive engagement in the interface areas.*
- R & D orientation for Forestry-Agriculture Interfaces Adequate?
- Do we need more/different systemic changes for better management of the Forestry-Agriculture Interfaces in the emergent scenarios?
- ...?...?....?

Locating RD&D Initiatives in Agriculture –Forestry Interface

Mainstreaming Ecosystems approach & operationalizing sustainability

Research, Development & Demonstration

All agriculture and forestry research are *action research* with great deal of participatory components

- Ecosystems and Landscape approaches in Land use Forestry–Agriculture composites/complexes
- Shock-proofing against Climate Change related impacts (slow onset) and calamities (episodic)) – Diversification of crops and bio-produces
- Farming Practices with Ecosystems Approach in Transitional zones of Farm-Forests and Farms-Wetlands
- Eco-system based farming in areas ceded to tribal and other traditional forest dwellers under Forest Rights Act
- Genetic improvement of tree crops reduction in maturity etc.
 for enhancing economic viability of tree crops

Locating RD&D Initiatives in Agriculture –Forestry Interface

Mainstreaming Ecosystems approach & operationalizing sustainability

Research, Development & Demonstration

- Soil Health and Restoration Farm soils and Forest Soils.....
- Application of post harvest technology for forest based food resources
- Homestead jungle traditional/cultural practices blended with contemporary science & technology – e.g. High Productivity Polyculture System
- Landscape orientation in Pest Management Bio control of agriculture pest and diseases – utilization of forest based bio-control agents
- Collectives, Cooperatives, Market institutions Agri-Forestry Interface
- Forest-Farmland Fringe areas: Agriculture –Wildlife Interface Livestock-Wildlife Interface - Mitigation of Conflicts – Interventions through Crop design, Landscape Epidemiology

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Nature to be commanded first has to be obeyed – Francis Bacon

Thanks...

Nature's Demise spells the death of Agriculture (*includes forestry*) - Edward Souma, Frmr DG, FAO (*italics mine*)