FOREST MANAGEMENT

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Outline of Presentation

- Introduction
- Historical Background of Forest Management
- UNFF
- Working plan
- FM in Draft Forest policy 2018
- Scope of FM
- Objectives

Introduction

 Forest Management is defined in the Glossary of Technical Terms as the practical application of the scientific, technical and economic principles of forestry. (BCFT)

 Application of basic subjects Knowledge + Practical Experience(observations)+ past treatment results

• Objectives- Timber Production and other forest products

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- Management of forests broadly involves three main tasks viz,
- (i) Control of composition and structure of the growing stock,
- (ii) Harvesting and marketing of forest produce, and
- (iii) Administration of forest property and personnel.

A. Control of Growing Stock, its Structure and Composition

- Site adaptation
- Choice of species
- Manipulation of stands
- Harvesting the produce
- Regeneration
- Protection.

B. Distribution and Marketing of produce

- Transportation and communication.
- logging Plan
- Marketing data
- Sale of produce
- Revenue

C. Administration of Forest Property

- Forest organization
- Management of Personnel
- Monitoring and control or works
- Labour management and welfare
- Financial control and economy efficiency
- Fulfillment of social obligations
- Record for present and future reference.

Historical Background

- 1st Planned working of forests-1937 U V Munro
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- 1856- Sir Dietrich Brandis propounded fundamental principle-yield control – 1st Forest Management plan prepared for Pegu Yoma Forests in Myanmar -1860
- 1884, Sir Wilhelm Schlich country wide unified approach towards the preparation of working plans and scientific management of forests as per prescription of working plans.
- W.E. D'arcy to bring out his treatise *"Preparation of Forest Working-Plans in India"* (1891), providing guidelines for systematic working plan preparations.

 From 1906, the work of checking working plans was entrusted to the Superintendent of Working Plans stationed at Forest Research Institute, Dehradun.

- Central control was once again lost in 1935 and felling of forests was carried out in total disregard to the working plan prescriptions.
- Next half a century- the state/provincial governments adopted their own provincial working plan codes.
- Hon. Supreme Court of India in 1996- all working plans -approved by the Central Government on account of forests being brought in the concurrent list.

• MoEF - National Working Plan Code - 2004 for preparation of working plans for the management of forests under the prescriptions of a working plan/scheme to standardize the procedure.