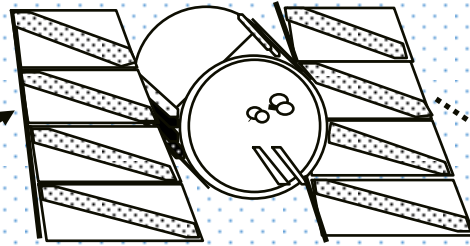


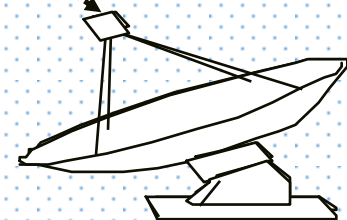


# Forest Fire Monitoring

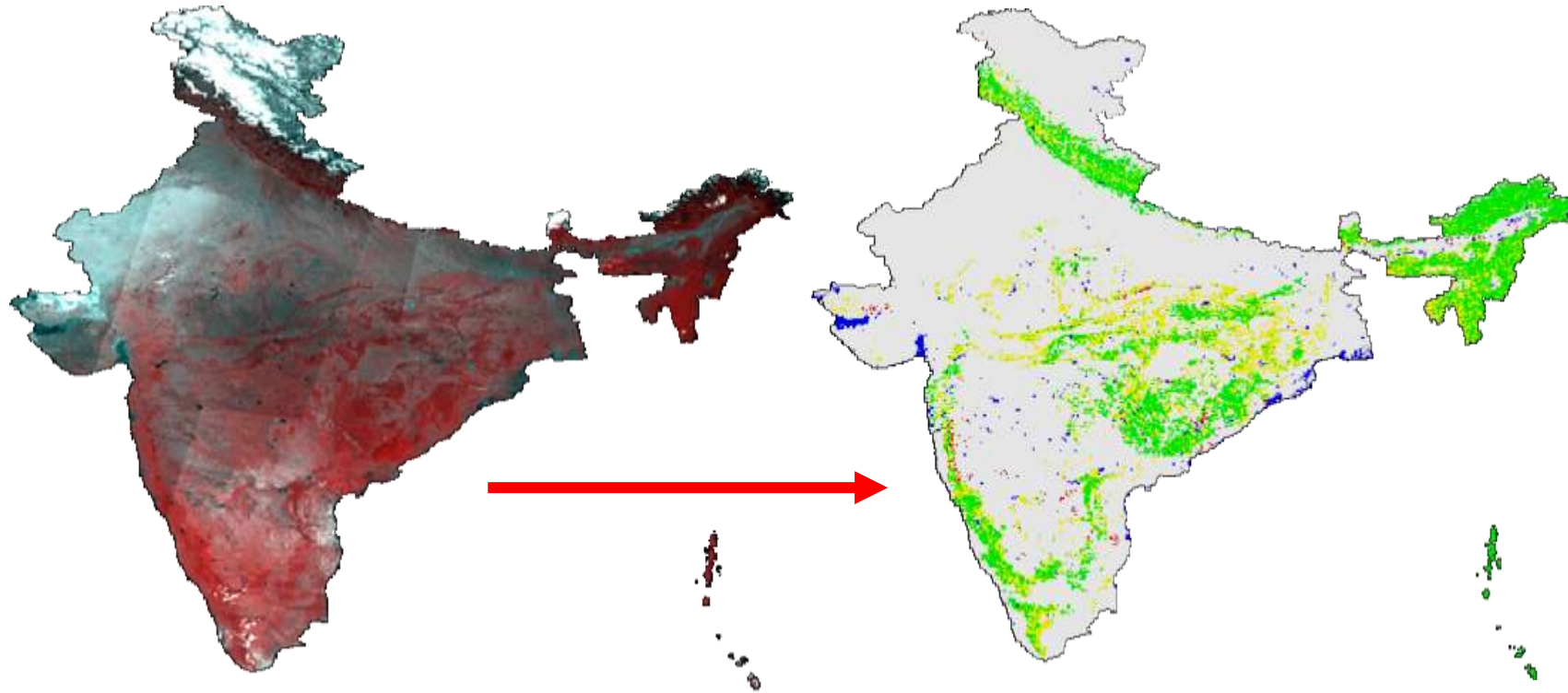


**Dr. Sunil Chandra**  
Deputy Director  
Forest Survey of India

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India  
Dehradun, Uttarakhand, [sunilchandra.iitr@gmail.com](mailto:sunilchandra.iitr@gmail.com); [ddpna@fsi.nic.in](mailto:ddpna@fsi.nic.in)



# Forest resources assessment using remote sensing

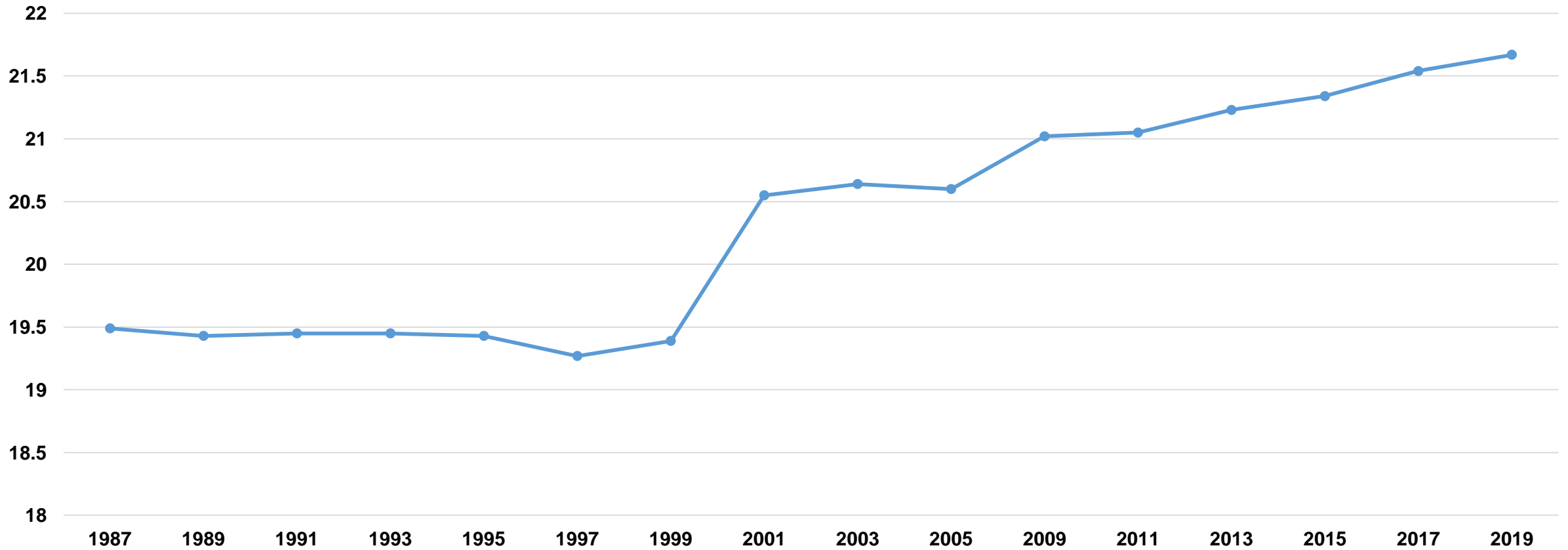


Satellite Image

Forest Cover Map based on the interpretation of Satellite Image

# Forest Cover Situation in the Country since 1987

Year	1987	1989	1991	1993	1995	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005	2009	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019
Forest Cover %age	19.49	19.43	19.45	19.45	19.43	19.27	19.39	20.55	20.64	20.6	21.02	21.05	21.23	21.34	21.54	21.67



# Forest Fires

- One of the major cause of forest degradation
- 3.73 million ha forest areas affected annually
- Loss of valuable timber resources
- Loss of bio-diversity and extinction of rare plants and animals species
- Loss of wild-life habitat and depletion of wild-life
- Loss of natural regeneration and reduction in forest cover
- Global warming
- Soil erosion affecting productivity of soils and production



## **Some of the Impacts of Forest Fires**

- Ozone layer depletion
- Health problems leading to diseases
- Loss of livelihood for the tribals and rural poor

# Forest Fires in India- Some Facts

- According to the India State of Forest Report, 2019 the estimated fire prone area under extremely, very high, highly and moderately fire prone is 3.89%, 6.01% and 11.50% and 14.70% respectively.
- Total forest fire prone area within the recorded forest area in the above category is 36.10%.
- The extent of forest area annually experiencing surface fire which affects ground flora and organic matter is estimated to be 3.69 % of the recorded forest area. (ISFR 2013)

## Forest Fires in India- Some Facts...

- Separate Studies carried out have shown that 54.7% of India's forests are prone to forest fire of which 9.2% are affected by frequent fires whereas 45.5% by occasional fires-study by MoEF&CC
- Further, about 2.3% of the total forest of the country is found to be affected by forest fire annually-FSI

In one of the study carried out by FSI in year 1999, about 22.6% of the total forest in Uttarakhand was affected by forest fires

- **There is a necessity for measures to curtail the impacts of forest fires...?**

**Methods could be :**

- ❖ **Real Time Monitoring of forest fires**
- ❖ **Pre- warning for forest regions/ Early-warning**
- ❖ **Burnt Area Impact Assessment**

# Forest Fire Scenario in India

- Most fires are man-made (intentional and unintentional)
- NTFP collection, pasture burning, shifting cultivation, encroachment
- Most are ground fires affecting the ground vegetation and lower storey
- Lack of modern fire fighting methods; put out by state forest departments with the help of locals
- Many areas are annually affected in Western Himalayas, North Eastern States, Central highlands
- Pine Forests and deciduous forest types are mostly affected

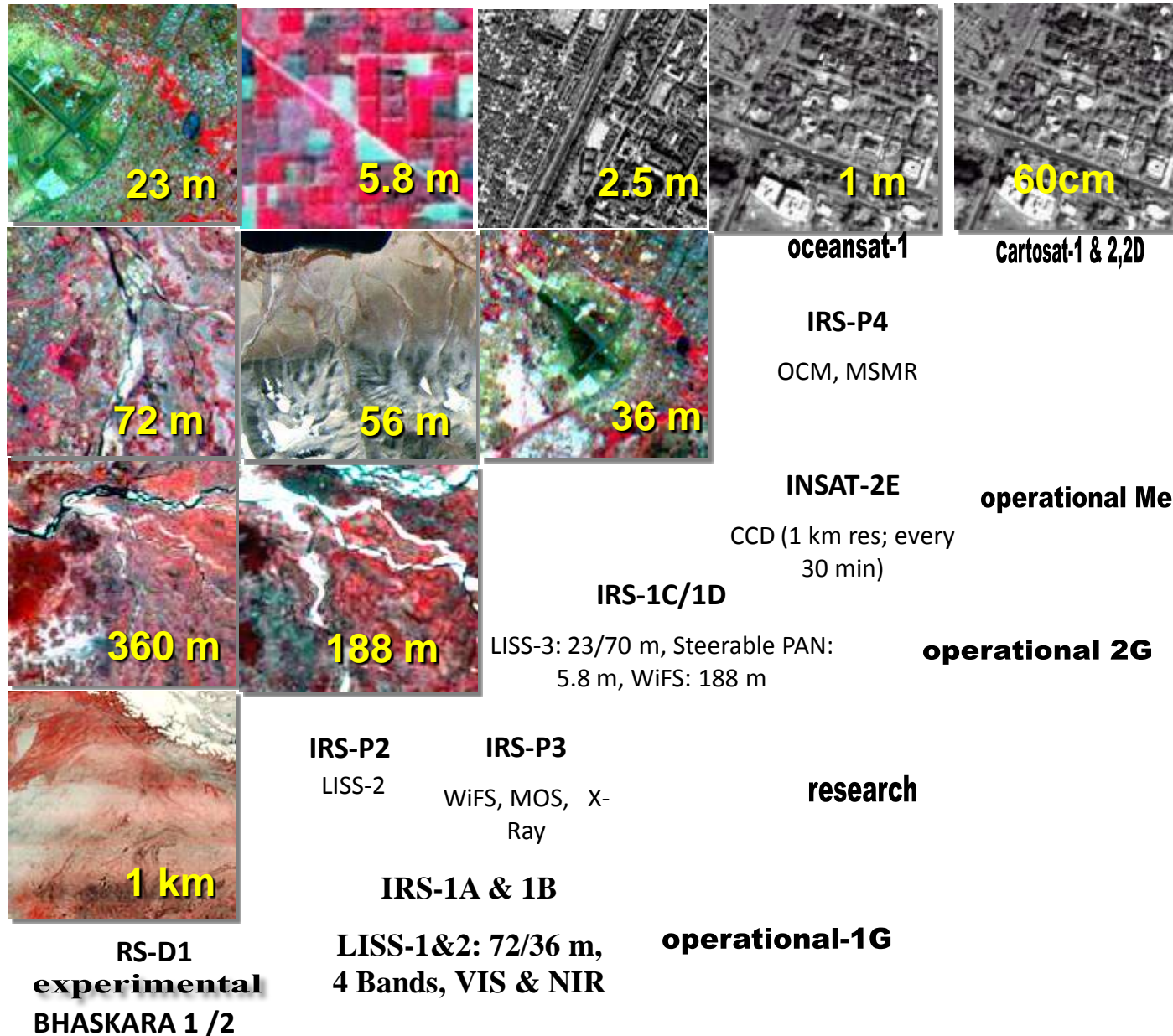
## Forest Fire Statistics

**1995 - 8.90% heavily affected; 44.2% mildly affected;**

**2015 - 9.89% heavily affected; 54.40% mildly affected;**

**~ 20,000 sq kms area burnt under severe forest fire**

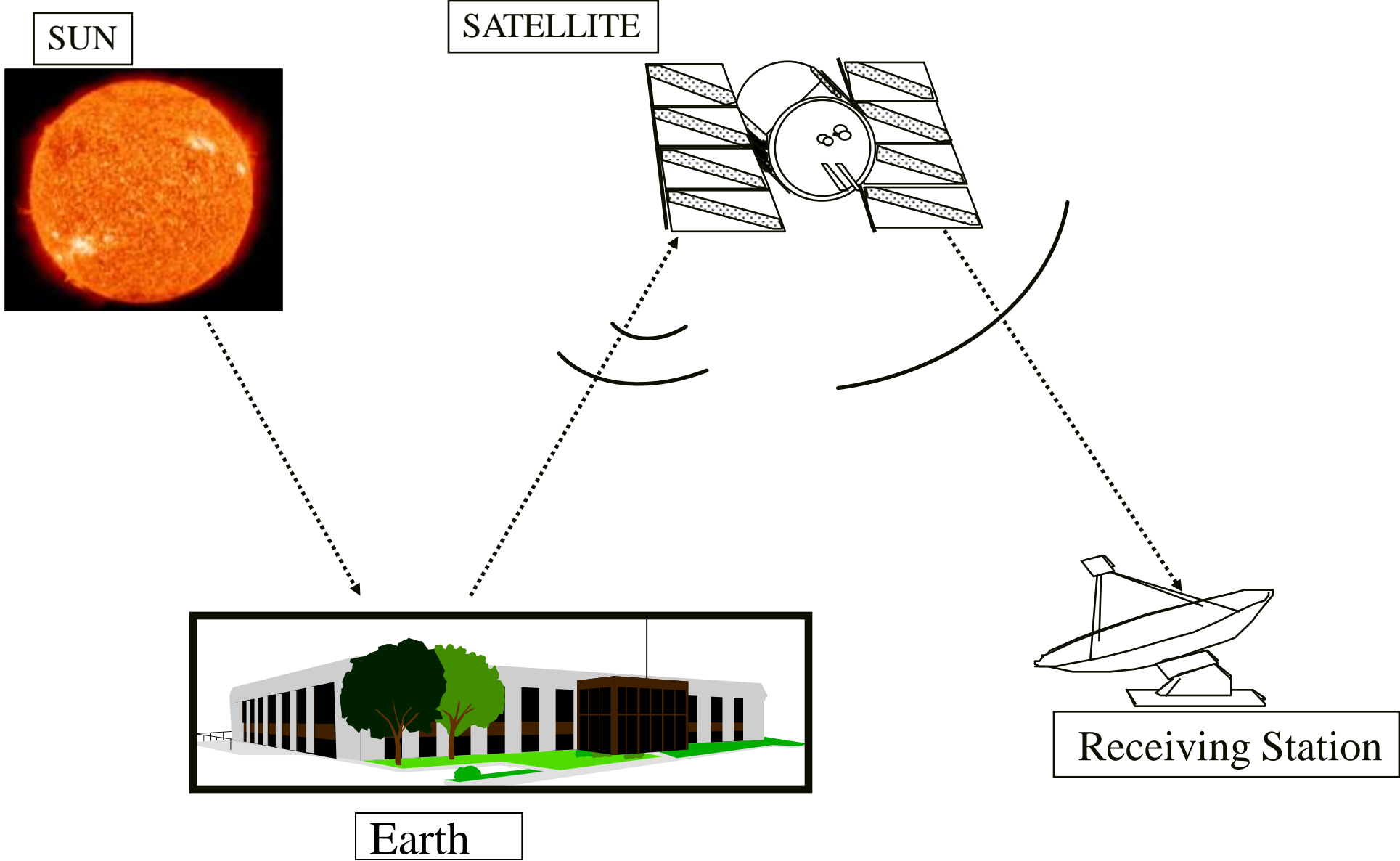
# INDIAN SATELLITE IMAGING SYSTEMS – EVOLUTION



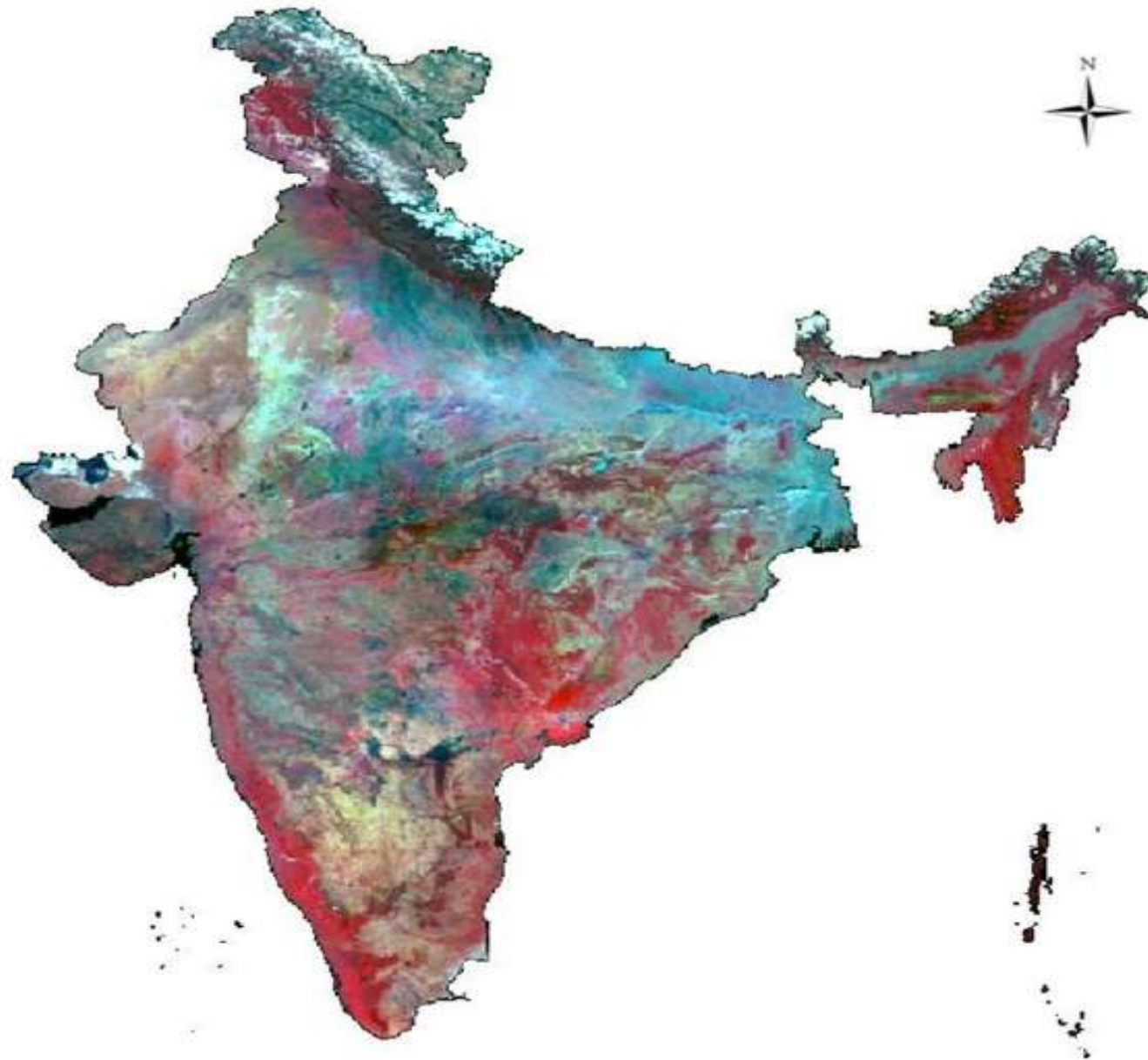
- Data at different spatial resolutions in identical spectral bands
- High Repetivity/Revisit
- Specific narrow bands (High S/N)
- High Spatial Resolution (PAN) & Stereo Capability
- Observations over land, ocean and atmosphere

1979 1981 1988 1991 1994 1995 1996 1997 1999 2003 2005 ... 2021

# REMOTE SENSING





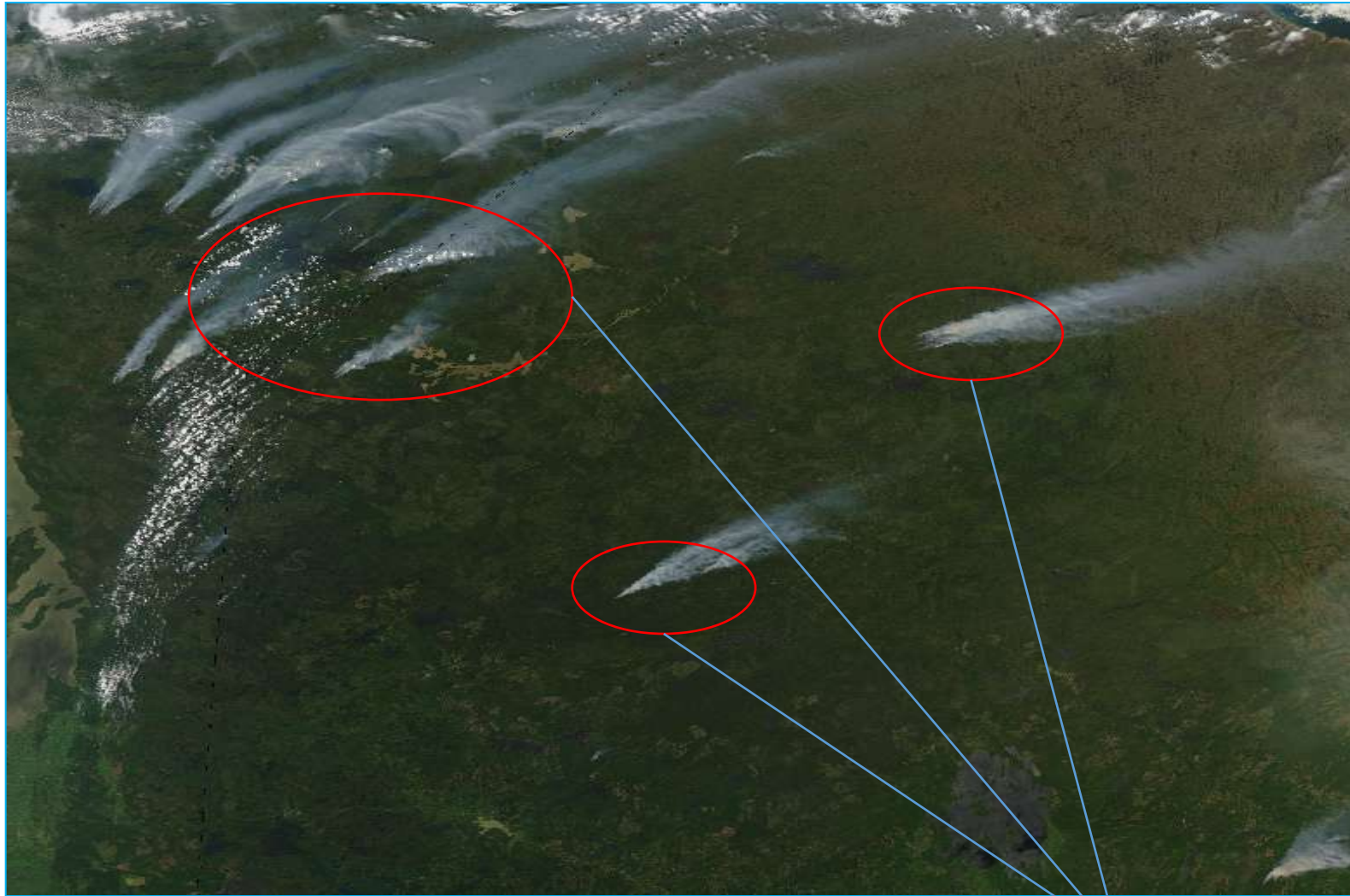


**India as viewed from satellite  
(False Color Composite image from AWiFS)**



# **Satellite Remote Sensing in Forest Fire Management- some examples**

# Active Forest Fires Seen on MODIS Image



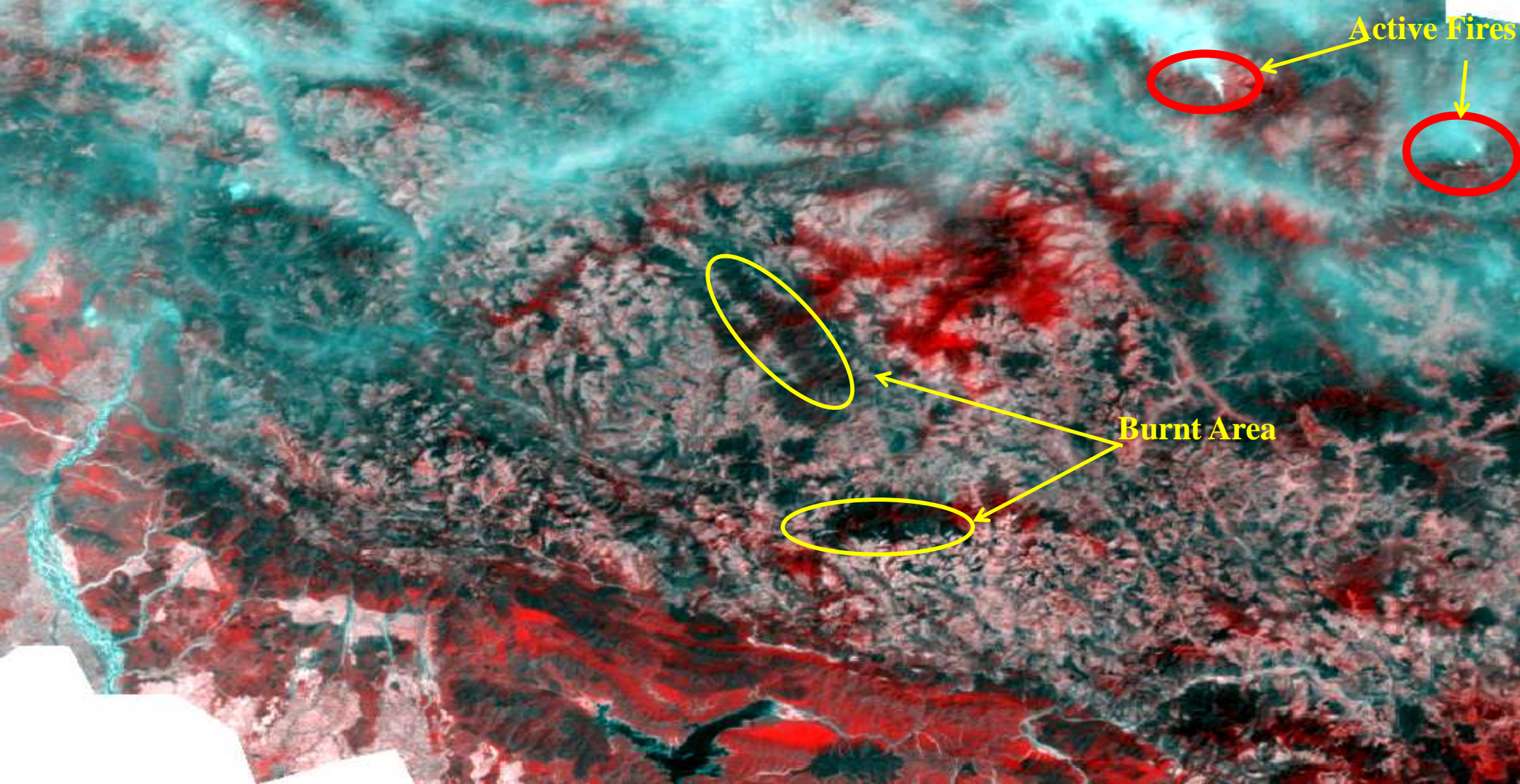
## Particulars Of MODIS

MODIS (or Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer) is a key instrument on-board the Terra (EOS AM) and Aqua (EOS PM) satellites providing data for the major part of the country every six(6) hours

**Active fire location**

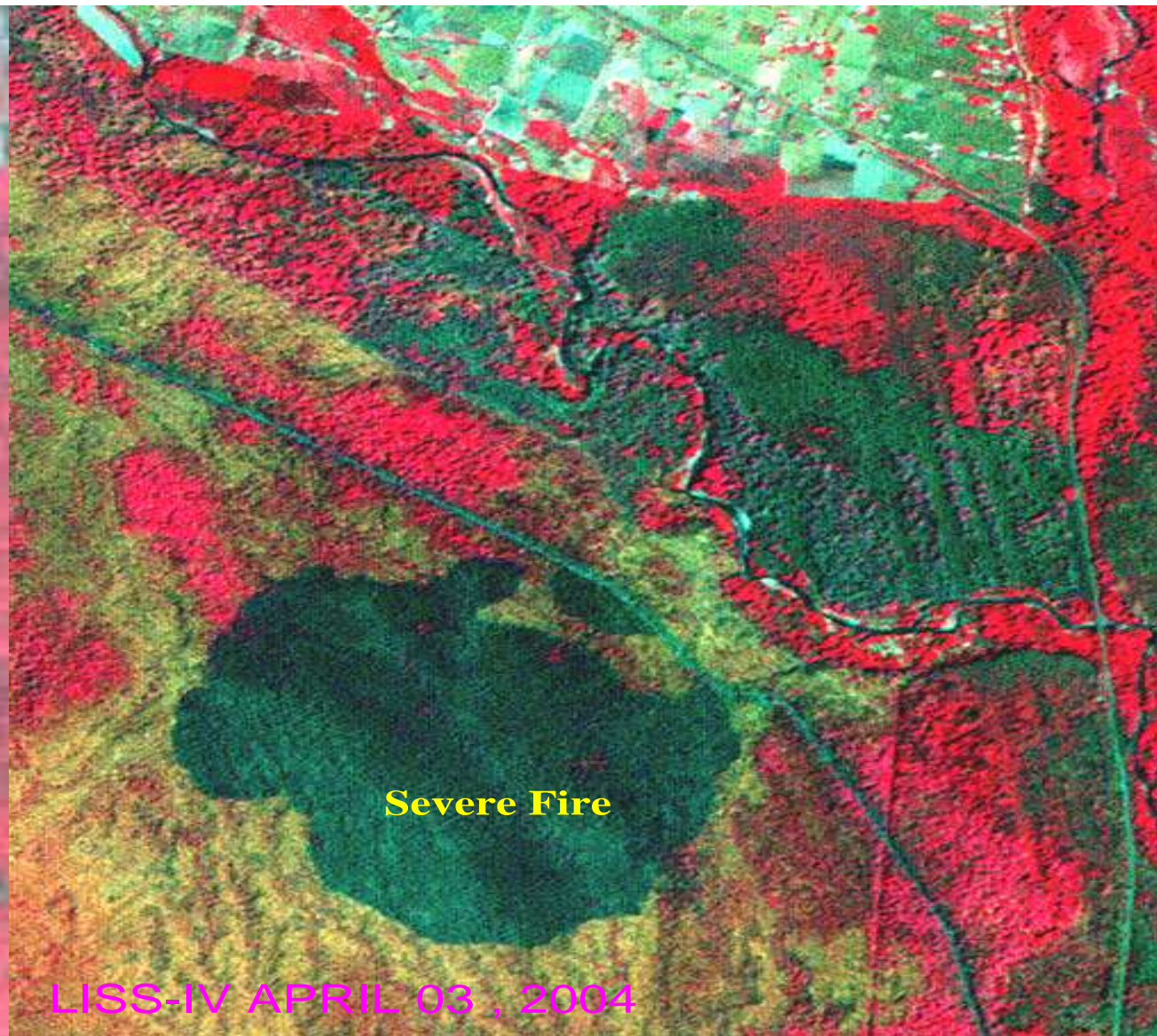


# Fire Affected Area- Monitoring using Indian Remote Sensing Satellite-AWiFS





# FIRE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT



# **Role of Technology in Fire Management**

# **Forest fire studies- some initiatives in FSI**

- **Burnt area assessment for Uttarakhand during state the wild fires of years - 1995 and 1999**
- **Near Real Time Monitoring of Forest Fires ( Nov 2004-2011)**
- **Real time forest fire monitoring (2012 onwards) in collaboration with NRSC/ISRO**
- **Forest fire vulnerability assessment at country level using fire points, and other parameters including forest cover and forest types, rainfall, poverty index(2012)**
- **Burnt area assessment for Maharashtra(2014)**
- **Pre warning alert system for forest fires(2016)**
- **Burnt area assessment for the country for 2015 and 2016**
- **Large Fire Monitoring Programme(2019)**
- **Creation of a Forest Fire Portal(Van Agni)**
- **Target mapping of extent and damages caused by large forest fires(In collaboration with ICFRE on pilot basis)**



# **Role of Technology in Forest Fire Management**

- ❖ **Pre-Warning Alert System for Forest Fires**
- ❖ **Real time Monitoring of Forest Fires**
- ❖ **Near Real Time Burnt Area Assessment**
- ❖ **Fire Risk Zonation Mapping**
- ❖ **Vulnerability Assessment of India's Forest to Fires**
- ❖ **Hazard Zonation Modeling and Mapping**
- ❖ **Large Forest Fire Monitoring System**

# **Near Real Time Monitoring of Forest Fires**



# Near Real Time Monitoring of Forest Fires



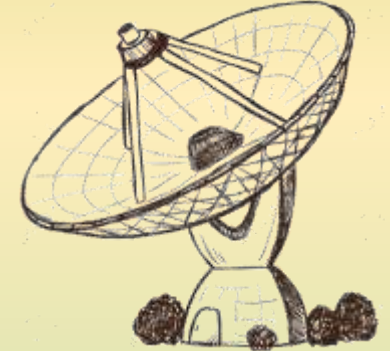
Suppression and Mitigation of Forest Fires



Signals Received by Satellite



Signals Transmitted to Earth Station



Data Receiving Station (NRSC)

Data Processing Centre



Forest Survey of India

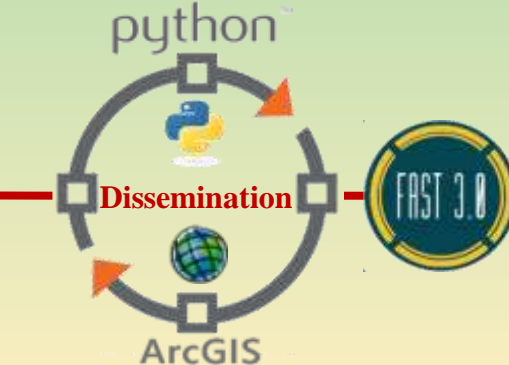
Alerts to Fire fighters  
Feedback to SFD's and FSI



State Forest Department



FSI van Agni Geo-portal



Automated Processing

Near Real Time

Large Forest Fire



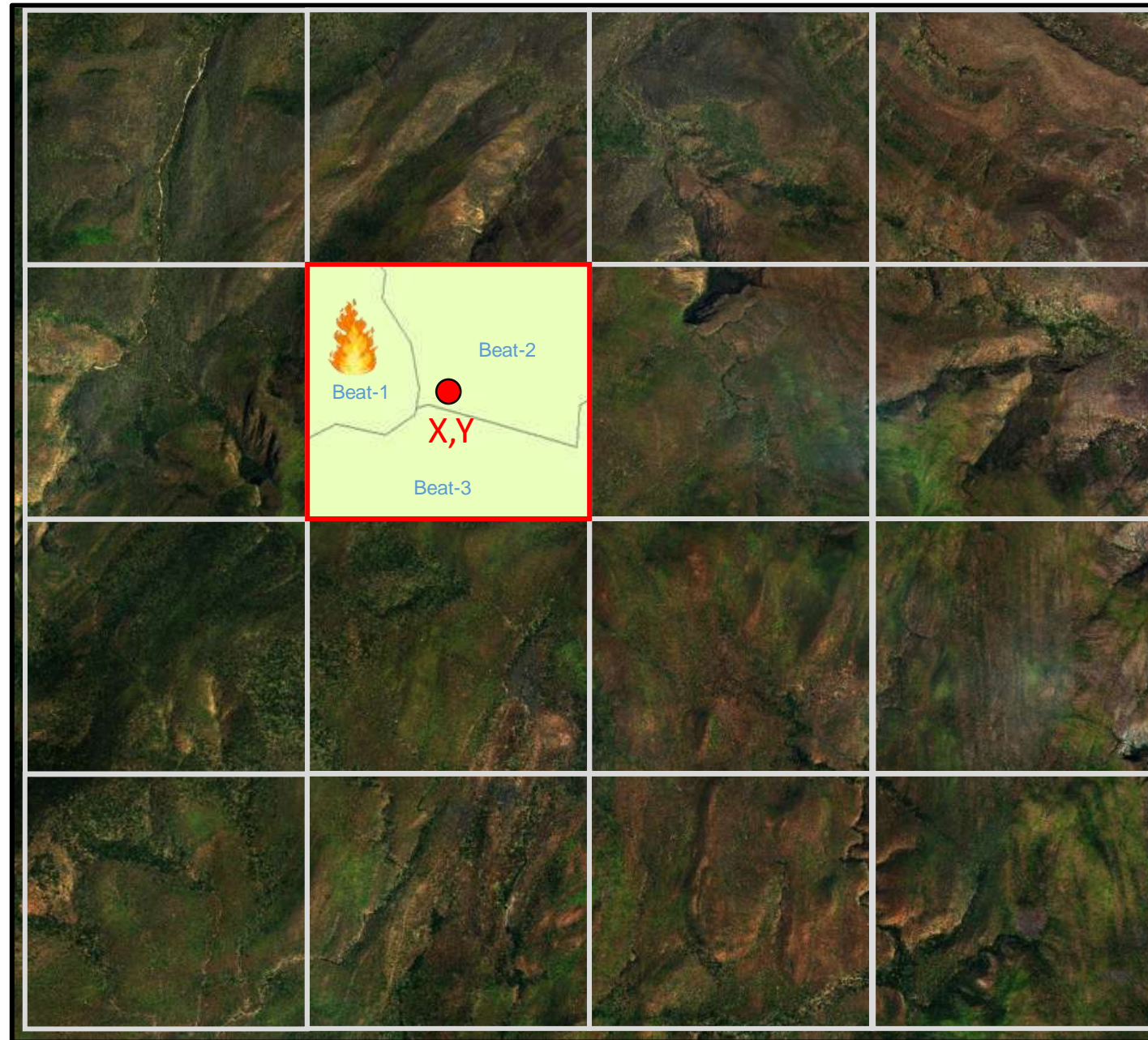
Email Alerts to states nodal officers



SMS alerts to Subscriber



# Information Dissemination at Beat Level

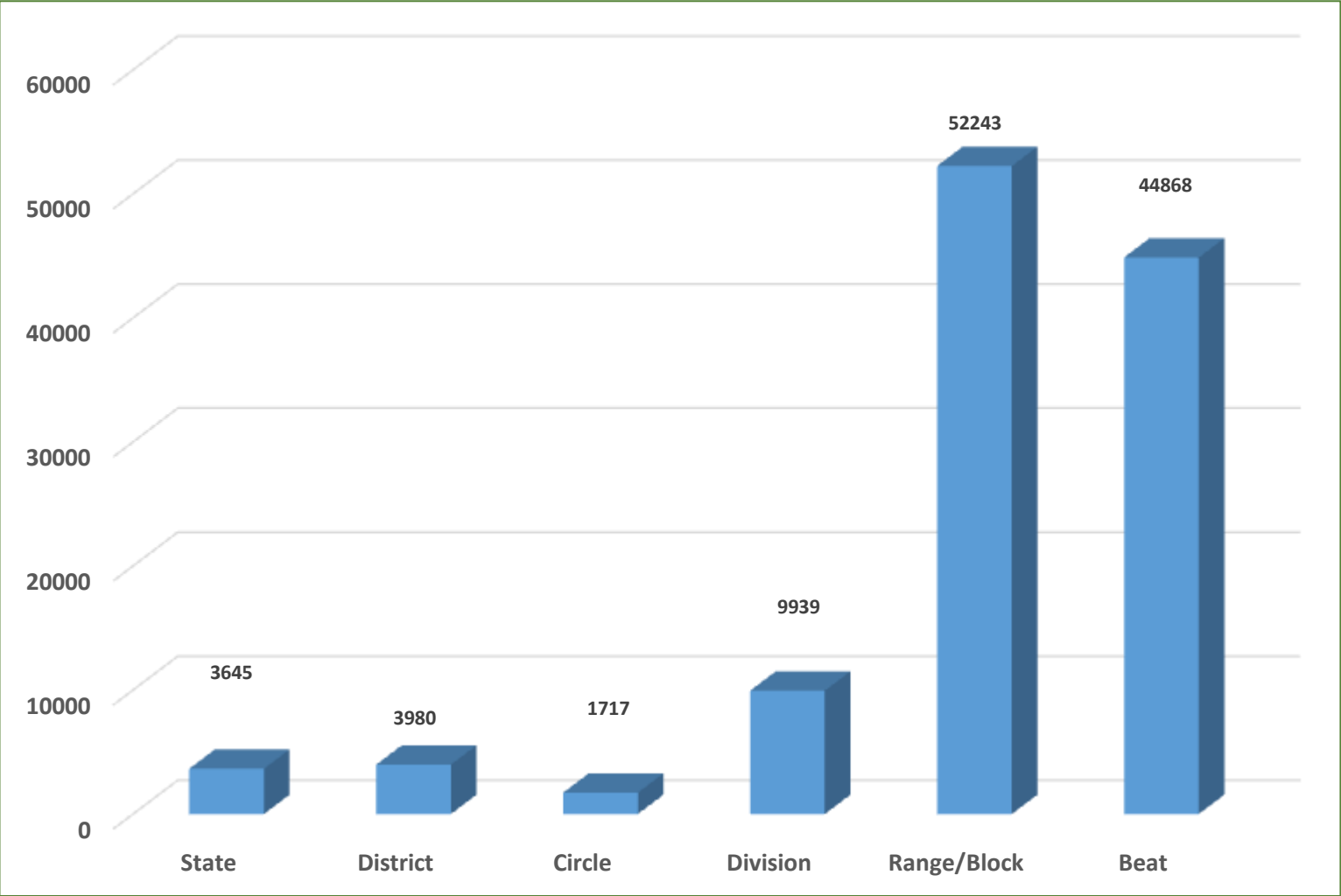


# FOREST FILTER MECHANISM

SI No	State	Recorded Forest Area (RFA)/Forest Cover Map(FCM)
1	ANDHRA PRADESH	RFA
2	GOA	RFA
3	HARYANA	RFA
4	MADHYA PRADESH	RFA
5	TAMIL NADU	RFA
6	TELANGANA	RFA
7	WEST BENGAL	RFA
8	CHHATTISGARH	RFA+FCM
9	ODISHA	RFA+FCM
10	UTTARAKHAND	RFA+FCM
11	BIHAR	FCM
12	GUJARAT	FCM
13	HIMACHAL PRADESH	FCM
14	JHARKHAND	FCM
15	KARNATAKA	FCM
16	KERALA	FCM
17	MAHARASHTRA	FCM
18	MANIPUR	FCM
19	MEGHALAYA	FCM
20	MIZORAM	FCM
21	PUNJAB	FCM
22	TRIPURA	FCM

# SMS Subscription Details

SMS Subscription Details	
State	3645
District	3980
Circle	1717
Division	9939
Range/Block	52243
Beat	44868
<b>Total</b>	<b>116392</b>





# EXAMPLE OF EMAIL ALERT

KMZ & CSV FILE OF FOREST FIRE POLYGONS OF SNPP\_20190222\_1334\_ CHHATISGARH.csv', 'SNPP\_20190222\_1334\_CHHATISGARH.kmz

forestfiremonitoring@gmail.com

to draboaz, maniyer1958, dfonpur1, abhishek.choudhery23

3:14 PM (1 hour ago)

Sir/Madam,

Please find enclosed the fire polygons of CHHATISGARH as a KMZ file attachment.

KMZ file is google earth compatible and would be uploaded automatically on google earth.

The CSV file with details such as Latitude, Longitude of centroid of fire pixel along with available administrative attributes are also attached.

With Regards,

Forest Fire Monitoring Team,

Forest Survey of India,

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change,

Kaulagarh Road, Dehradun- 248195.

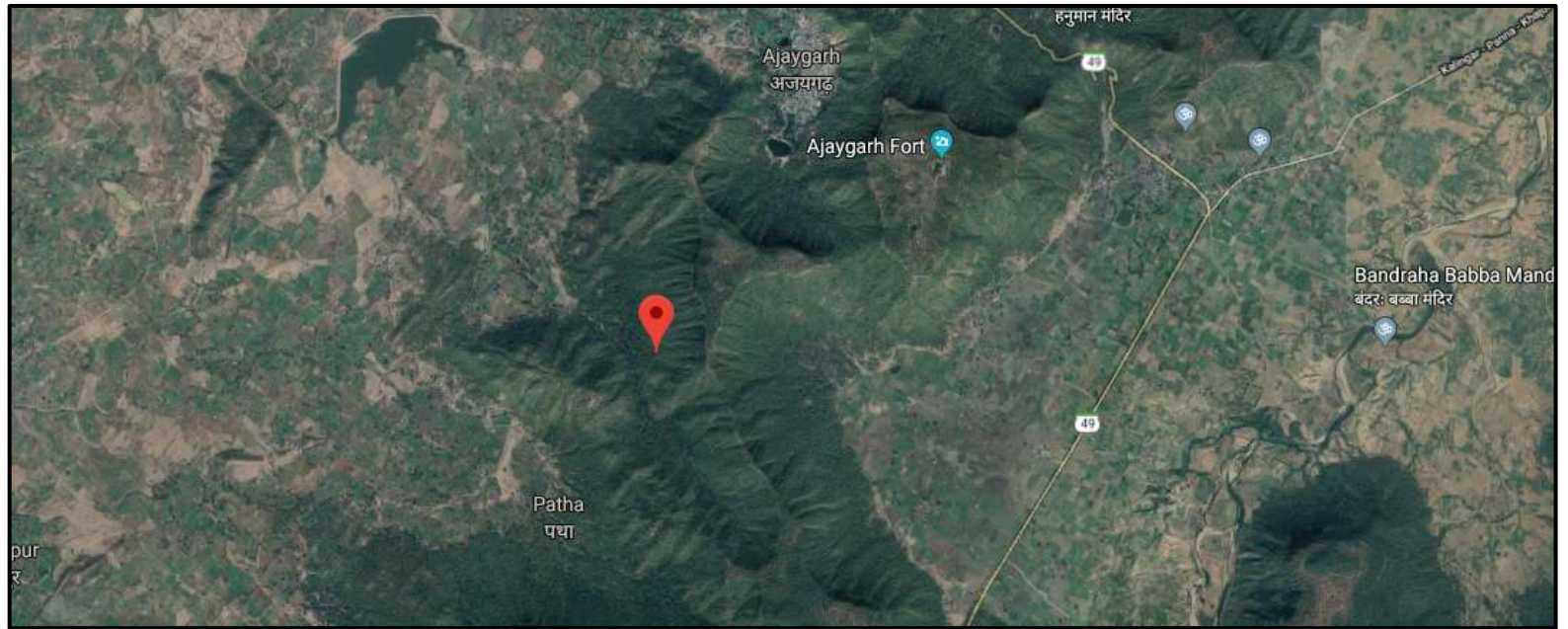
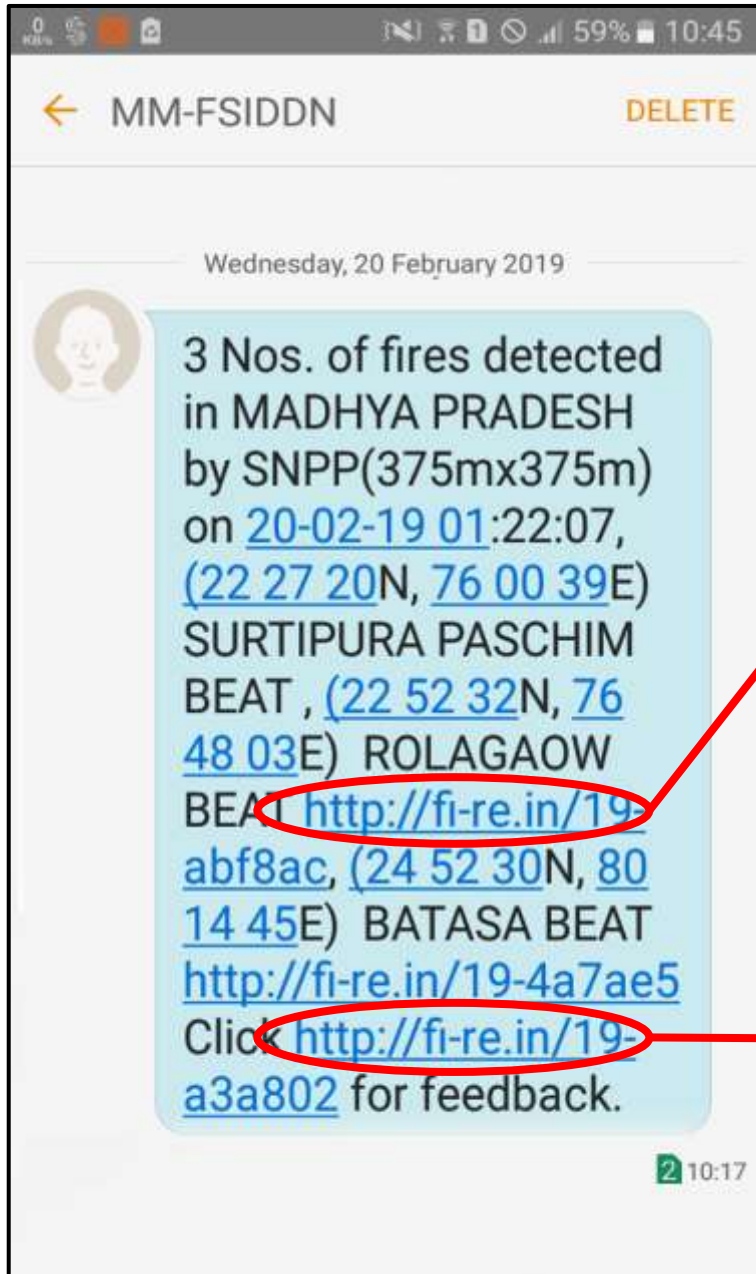
0135-2754191 Ex-272

## 2 Attachments



DATE	ACQTIME	SENSOR	LON (DD)	LAT (DD)	LON (DD MM SS)	LAT (DD MM SS)	STATE	DISTRICT	CIRCLE	DIVISION	RANGE	BLOCK	BEAT	FOREST BLOCK	COMPT NO
22-02-2019	13:34:33	SNPP	82.0154	19.4208	82° 00' 55"E	19° 25' 14"N	CHHATTISGARH	BASTAR	JAGDALPUR CIRCLE	BASTAR DIVISION	KARPAWAND RANGE	KARPAWAND RANGE BLOCK	JAIBEL BEAT	RF	1210P
22-02-2019	13:34:33	SNPP	82.3506	20.2811	82° 21' 02"E	20° 16' 51"N	CHHATTISGARH	GARIYABAND	RAIPUR CIRCLE	GARIYABAND DIVISION	KULHADIGHAT RANGE	KULHADIGHAT RANGE BLOCK	DEVONGER BEAT	PF	918
22-02-2019	13:34:33	SNPP	83.1022	21.5517	83° 06' 07"E	21° 33' 06"N	CHHATTISGARH	RAIGARH	BILASPUR CIRCLE	RAIGARH DIVISION	SARANGGARH GOMARDA RANGE	SARANGGARH GOMARDA RANGE BLOCK	KAWLAJHAR BEAT	PF	886
22-02-2019	13:34:33	SNPP	83.1022	21.5517	83° 06' 07"E	21° 33' 06"N	CHHATTISGARH	RAIGARH	BILASPUR CIRCLE	RAIGARH DIVISION	SARANGGARH GOMARDA RANGE	SARANGGARH GOMARDA RANGE BLOCK	KAWLAJHAR BEAT	RF	891

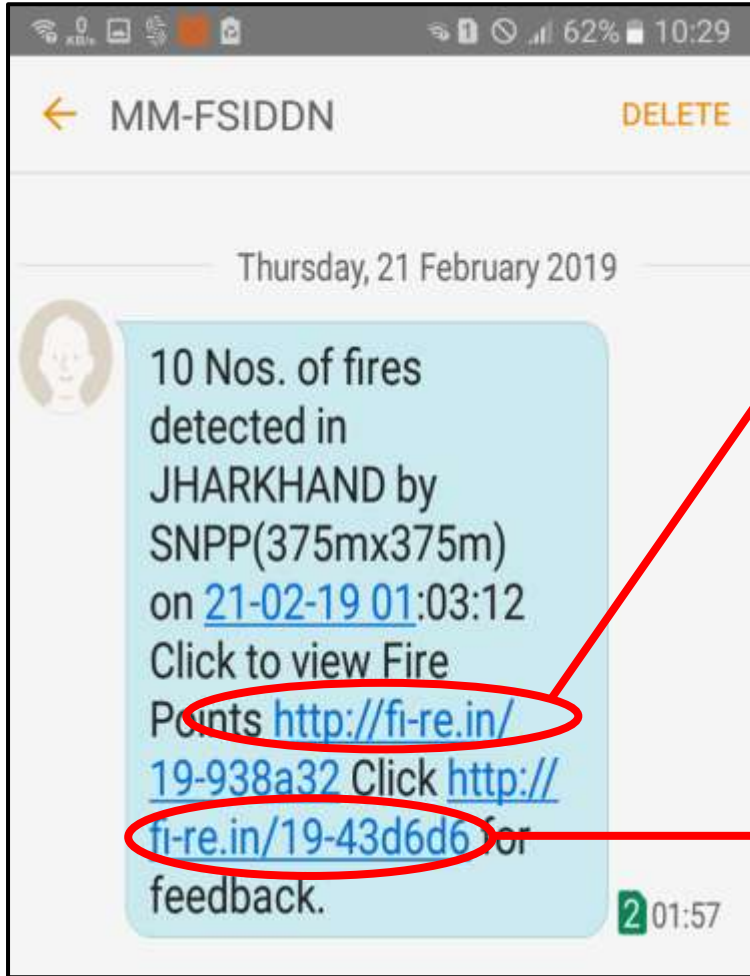
# EXAMPLE OF SMS ALERT



#	Alert Details	Fire Observed	Type of Land	Cause of Fire	Feedback Details
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1	<a href="#">22 27 20 N / 76 00 39 E</a> State: MADHYA PRADESH District: INDORE Circle: INDORE CIRCLE Division: INDORE DIVISION Range: CHORAL RANGE Block: CHORAL RANGE BLOCK Beat: SURTIPURA PASCHIM BEAT Compt. No.: 171 Source: SNPP	Yes	Forest Land Ground Fire	Controlled Burnin	Area in Hectres Remarks
<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<a href="#">22 52 32 N / 76 48 03 E</a> State: MADHYA PRADESH District: SEHORE Circle: BHOPAL CIRCLE Division: SEHORE DIVISION Range: ASHTA RANGE Block: ASHTA RANGE BLOCK Beat: ROLAGAOW BEAT Compt. No.: 169 Source: SNPP	Yes	Forest Land Ground Fire	Agriculture	Area in Hectres Remarks



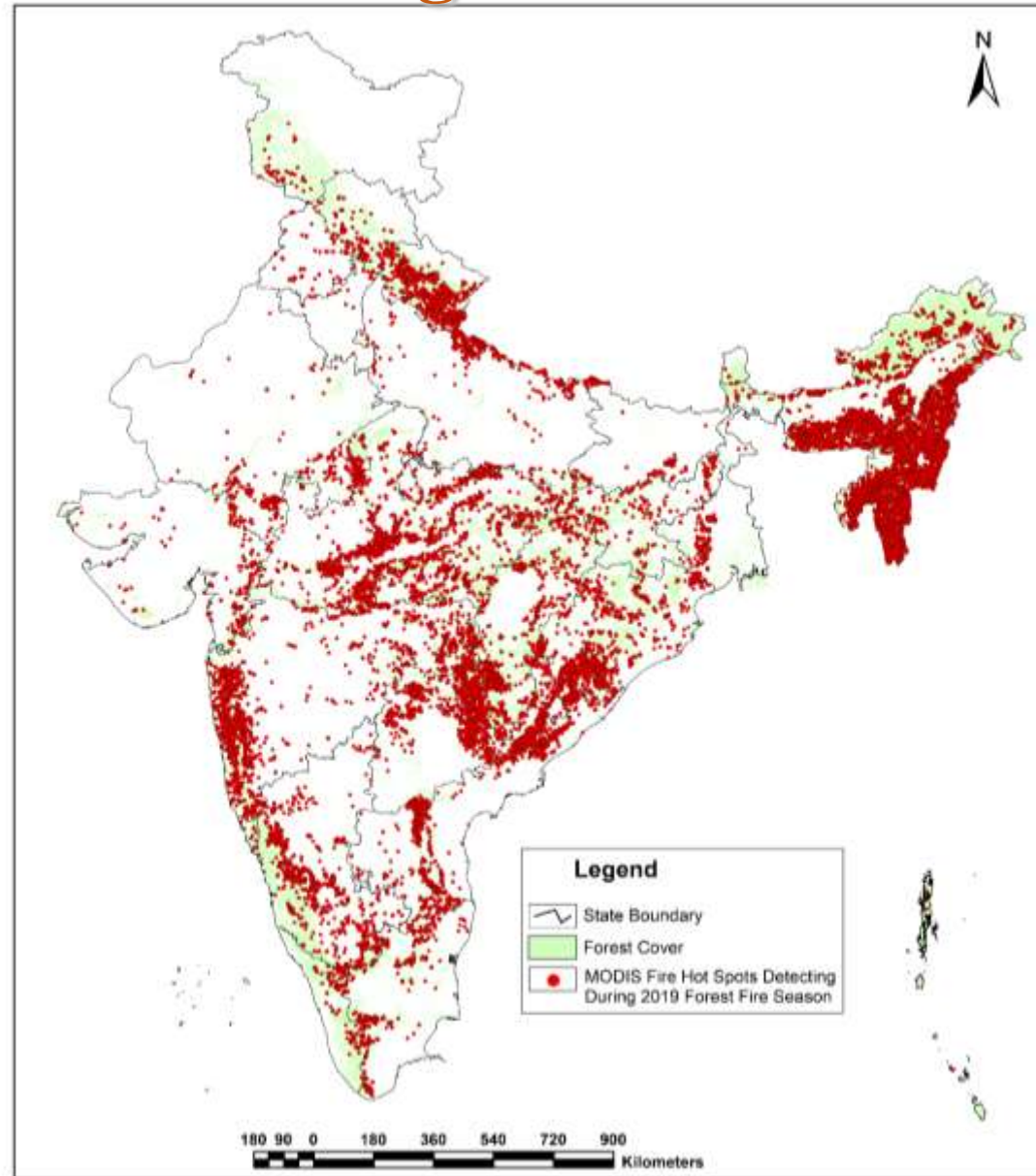
# EXAMPLE OF SMS ALERT



#	Fire Date	Fire Time	Latitude	Longitude	Source	State	District	Circle & Others
1.	21-02-2019	01:03:12	23 49 55 N	84 57 22 E	SNPP	JHARKHAND	CHATRA	CHATRA CIRCLE Division: CHATRA SOUTH DIVISION Range: TANDWA RANGE Block: TANDWA RANGE Beat: MISRAUL BEAT
2.	21-02-2019	01:03:12	23 49 54 N	84 57 25 E	SNPP	JHARKHAND	CHATRA	CHATRA CIRCLE Division: CHATRA SOUTH DIVISION Range: TANDWA RANGE Block: TANDWA RANGE Beat: MISRAUL BEAT
3.	21-02-2019	01:03:12	23 49 23 N	85 30 08 E	SNPP	JHARKHAND	HAZARIBAGH	BOKARO CIRCLE Division: RAMGARH DIVISION Range: MANDU RANGE Block: MANDU RANGE Beat: HONHEMODA BEAT
4.	21-02-2019	01:03:12	24 03 38 N	87 04 16 E	SNPP	JHARKHAND	JAMTARA	DEOGHAR CIRCLE Division: JAMTARA DIVISION Range: KUNDHIT RANGE Block: KUNDHIT RANGE Beat: DHASANIYA BEAT
5.	21-02-2019	01:03:12	24 03 37 N	87 04 30 E	SNPP	JHARKHAND	JAMTARA	DEOGHAR CIRCLE Division: JAMTARA DIVISION Range: KUNDHIT RANGE Block: KUNDHIT RANGE Beat: DHASANIYA BEAT
6.	21-02-2019	01:03:12	24 06 11 N	87 16 33 E	SNPP	JHARKHAND	DUMKA	DUMKA CIRCLE Division: DUMKA DIVISION Range: HIZLA EAST RANGE Block: HIZLA EAST RANGE Beat: RANI BAHAL BEAT
7.	21-02-2019	01:03:12	24 05 45 N	87 16 49 E	SNPP	JHARKHAND	DUMKA	DUMKA CIRCLE Division: DUMKA DIVISION Range: HIZLA EAST RANGE Block: HIZLA EAST RANGE Beat: RANI BAHAL BEAT

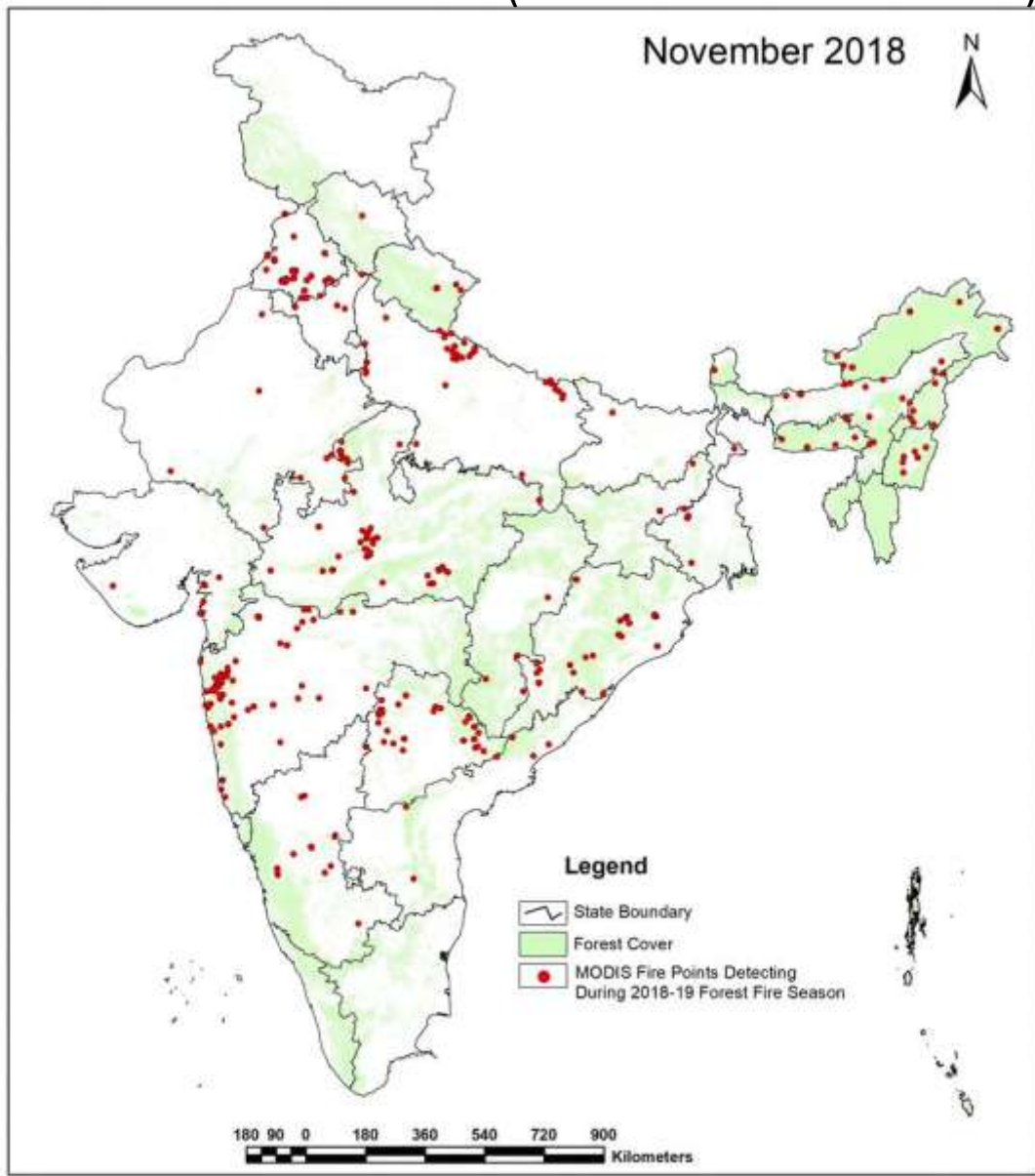
#	Alert Details	Fire Observed	Type of Land	Cause of Fire	Feedback Details
1	23 49 55 N / 84 57 22 E State: JHARKHAND District: CHATRA Circle: CHATRA CIRCLE Division: CHATRA SOUTH DIVISION Range: TANDWA RANGE Block: TANDWA RANGE Beat: MISRAUL BEAT Source: SNPP	Yes	Forest Land Ground Fire	Controlled Burnir	Area in Hectres Remarks
2	23 49 54 N / 84 57 25 E State: JHARKHAND District: CHATRA Circle: CHATRA CIRCLE Division: CHATRA SOUTH DIVISION Range: TANDWA RANGE Block: TANDWA RANGE Beat: MISRAUL BEAT Source: SNPP	No			Remarks
3	23 49 23 N / 85 30 08 E State: JHARKHAND District: HAZARIBAGH Circle: BOKARO CIRCLE Division: RAMGARH DIVISION Range: MANDU RANGE Block: MANDU RANGE Beat: HONHEMODA BEAT Source: SNPP	Yes	Agriculture Land		Remarks

# Map showing MODIS Forest Fire detections by Forest Survey of India During 2019 Forest fire season

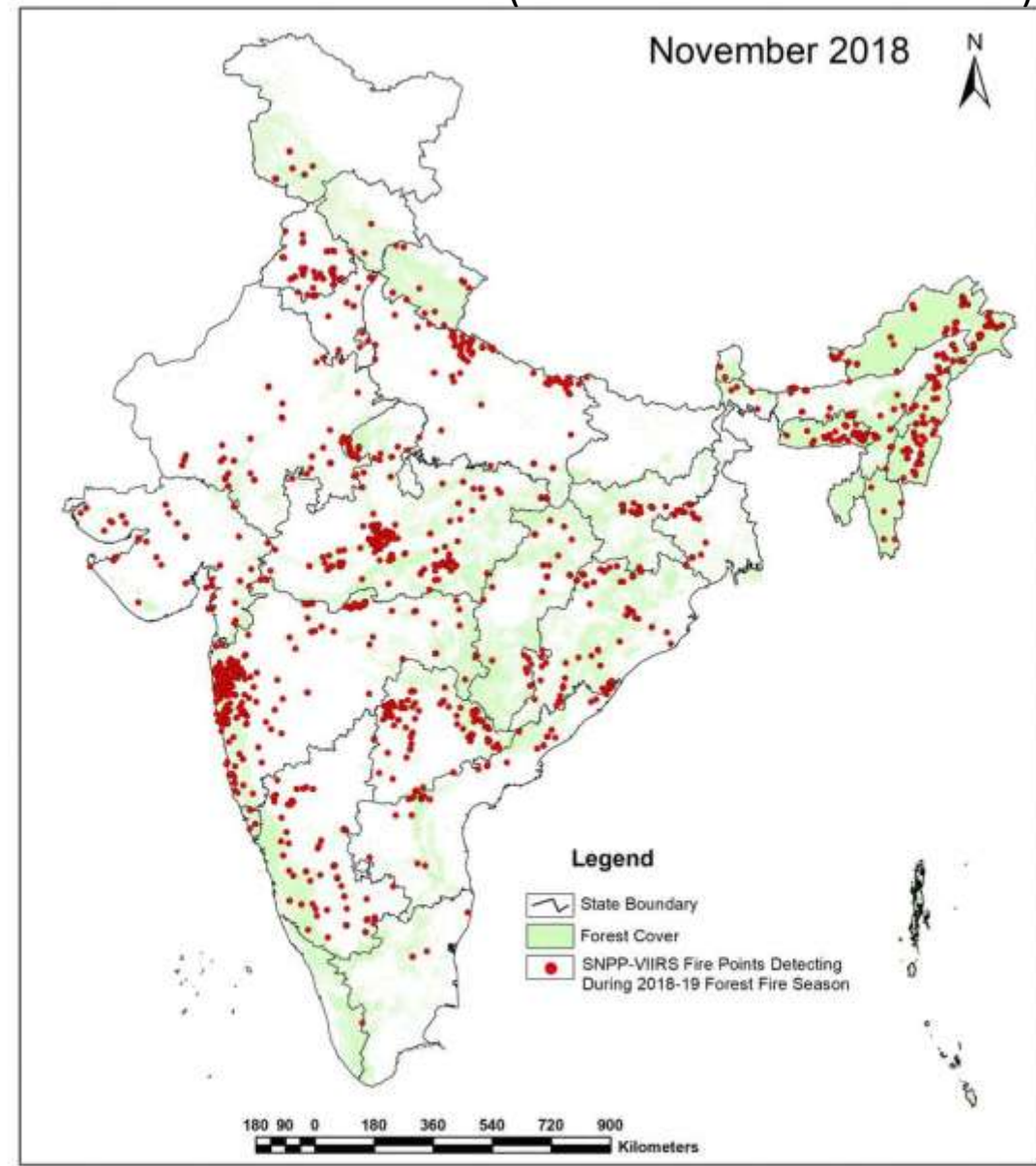




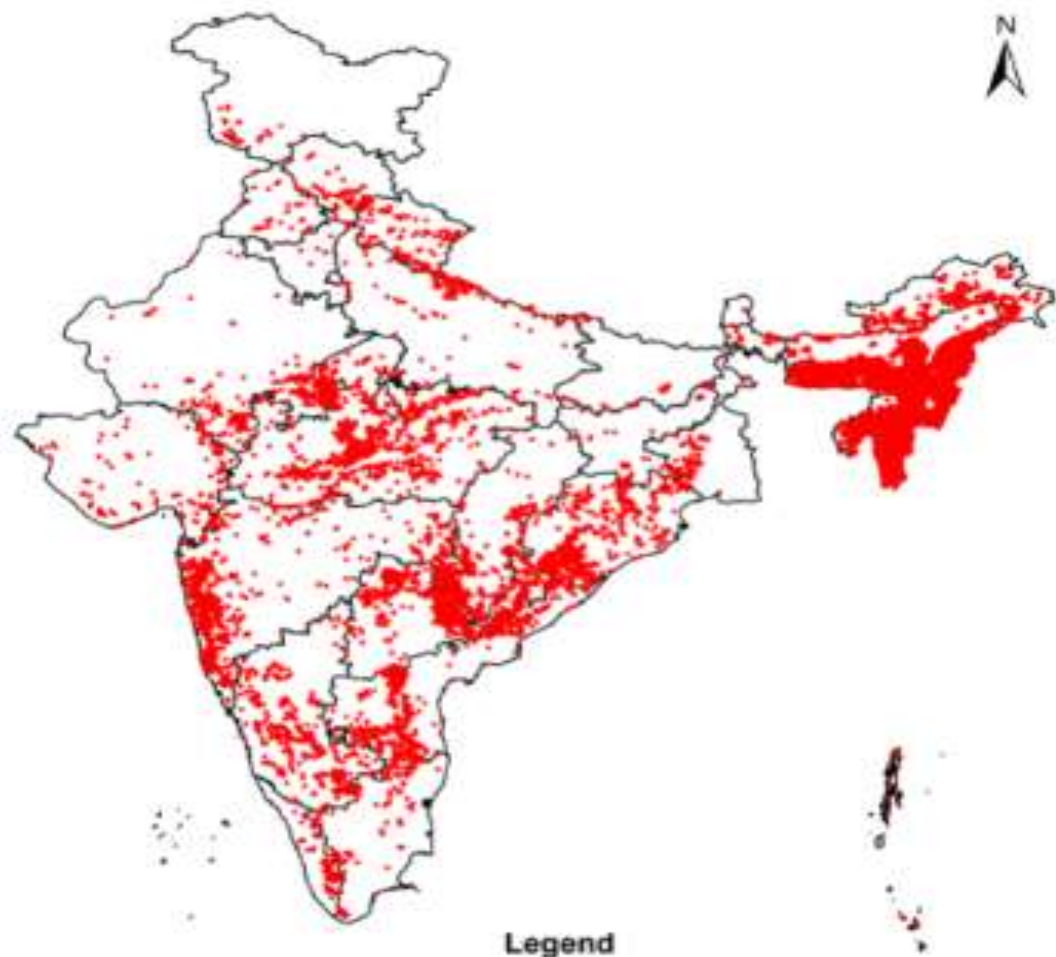
Month wise MODIS Points (from Nov 2018 to Jun2019)



Month wise SNPP-VIIRS Points (from Nov 2018 to Jun2019)



Map showing MODIS Forest Fire detections by Forest Survey of India During 2020 Forest fire season

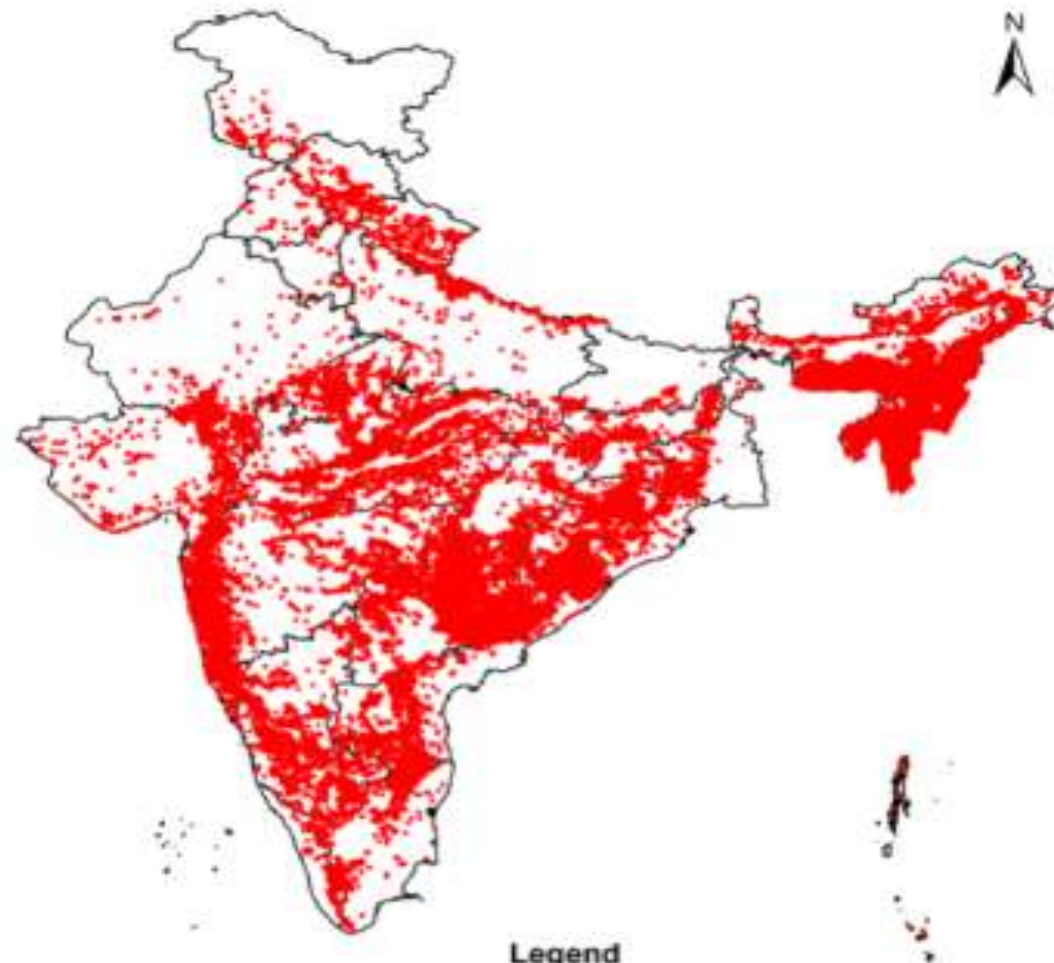


**Legend**

- MODIS Forest Fire Detections
- State Boundary

0 140 280 560 840 1,120  
Kilometers

Map showing SNPP-VIIRS Forest Fire detections by Forest Survey of India During 2020 Forest fire season

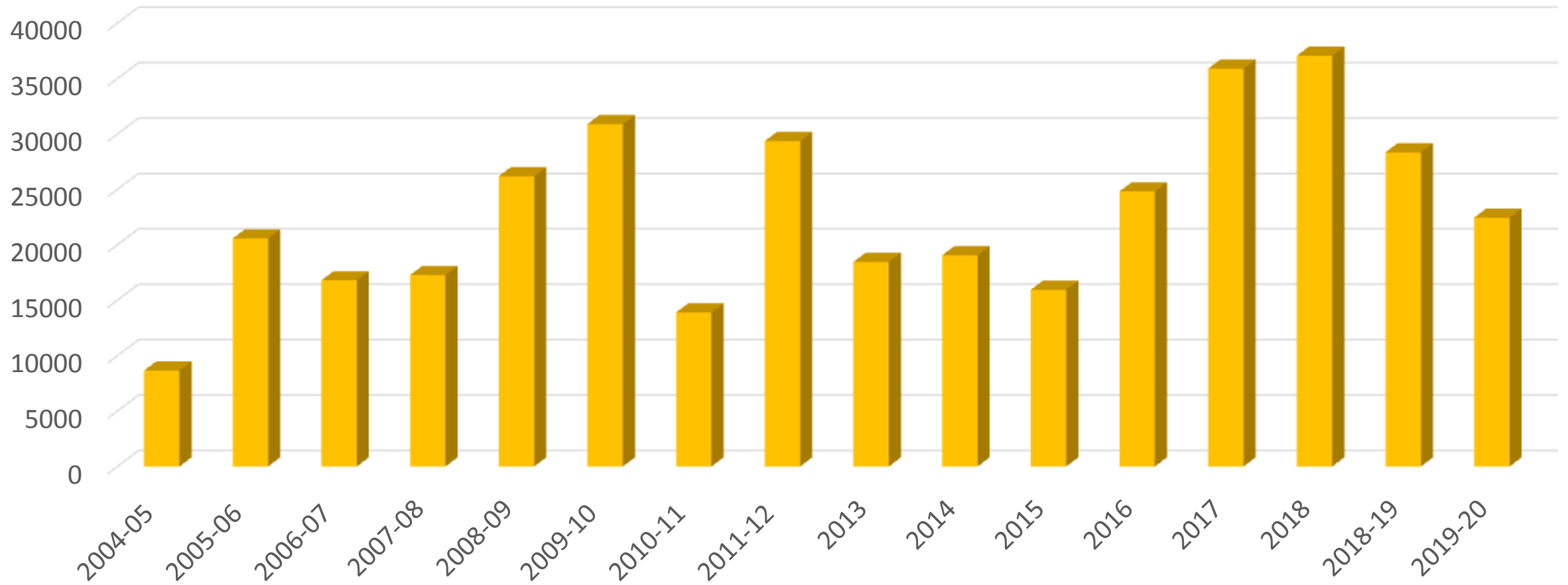


**Legend**

- SNPP-VIIRS Forest Fire Detections
- State Boundary

0 140 280 560 840 1,120  
Kilometers

# Forest Fire Incidences between 2004-2020





# Near Real time of Detection of Forest Fire Using MODIS Data: Since 2004

Year - 2004-2005



Forest Fire Spots - 8647

Year - 2005-2006



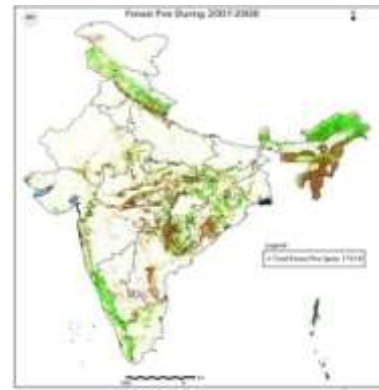
Forest Fire Spots - 20575

Year - 2006-2007



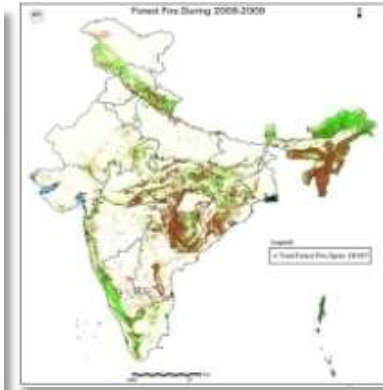
Forest Fire Spots - 16787

Year - 2007-2008



Forest Fire Spots - 17264

Year - 2008-2009



Forest Fire Spots - 26178

Year - 2009-2010



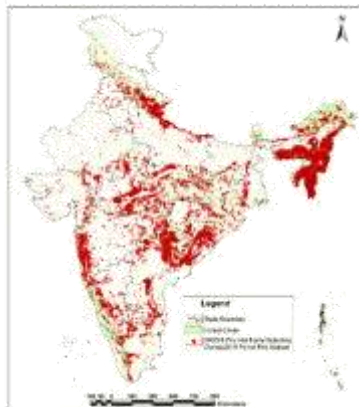
Forest Fire Spots - 30892

Year - 2010-2011



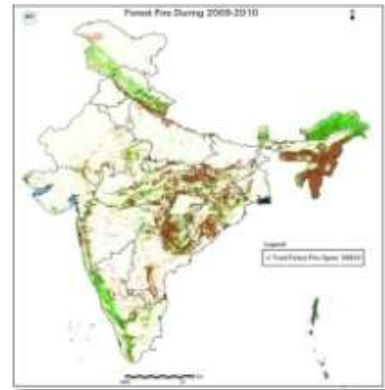
Forest Fire Spots - 13898

Year - 2012



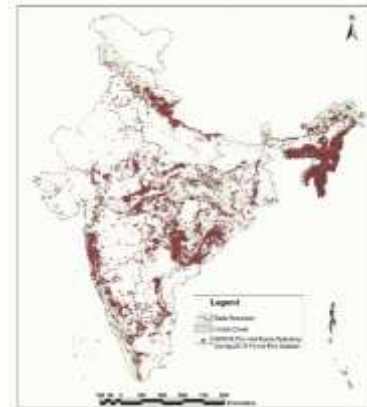
Forest Fire Spots - 29362

Year - 2013



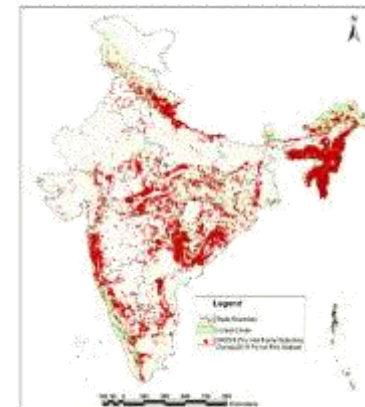
Forest Fire Spots - 18451

Year - 2014



Forest Fire Spots - 19054

Year - 2015



Forest Fire Spots - 15937

Year - 2016



Forest Fire Spots - 24817

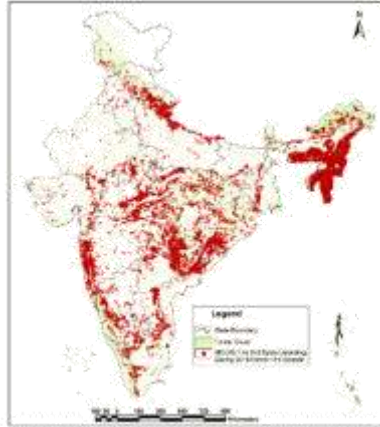
# Near Real time of Detection of Forest Fire Using MODIS Data: Since 2004 ...

Year - 2017



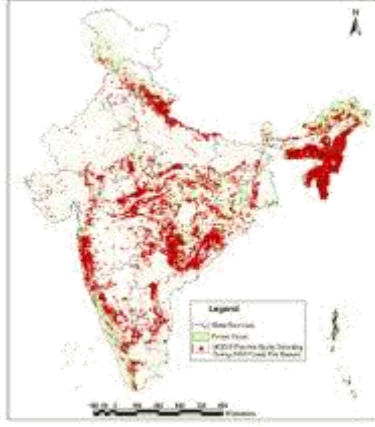
Forest Fire Spots - 35888

Year - 2018



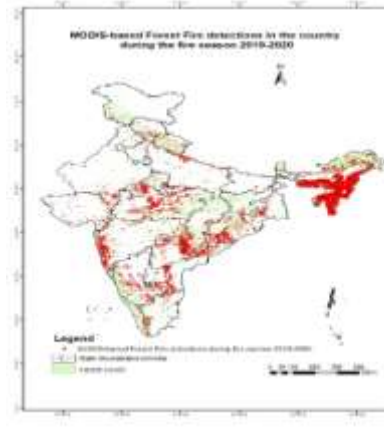
Forest Fire Spots - 37059

Year - 2018-19



Forest Fire Spots - 28346

Year - 2019-20



Forest Fire Spots - 22447

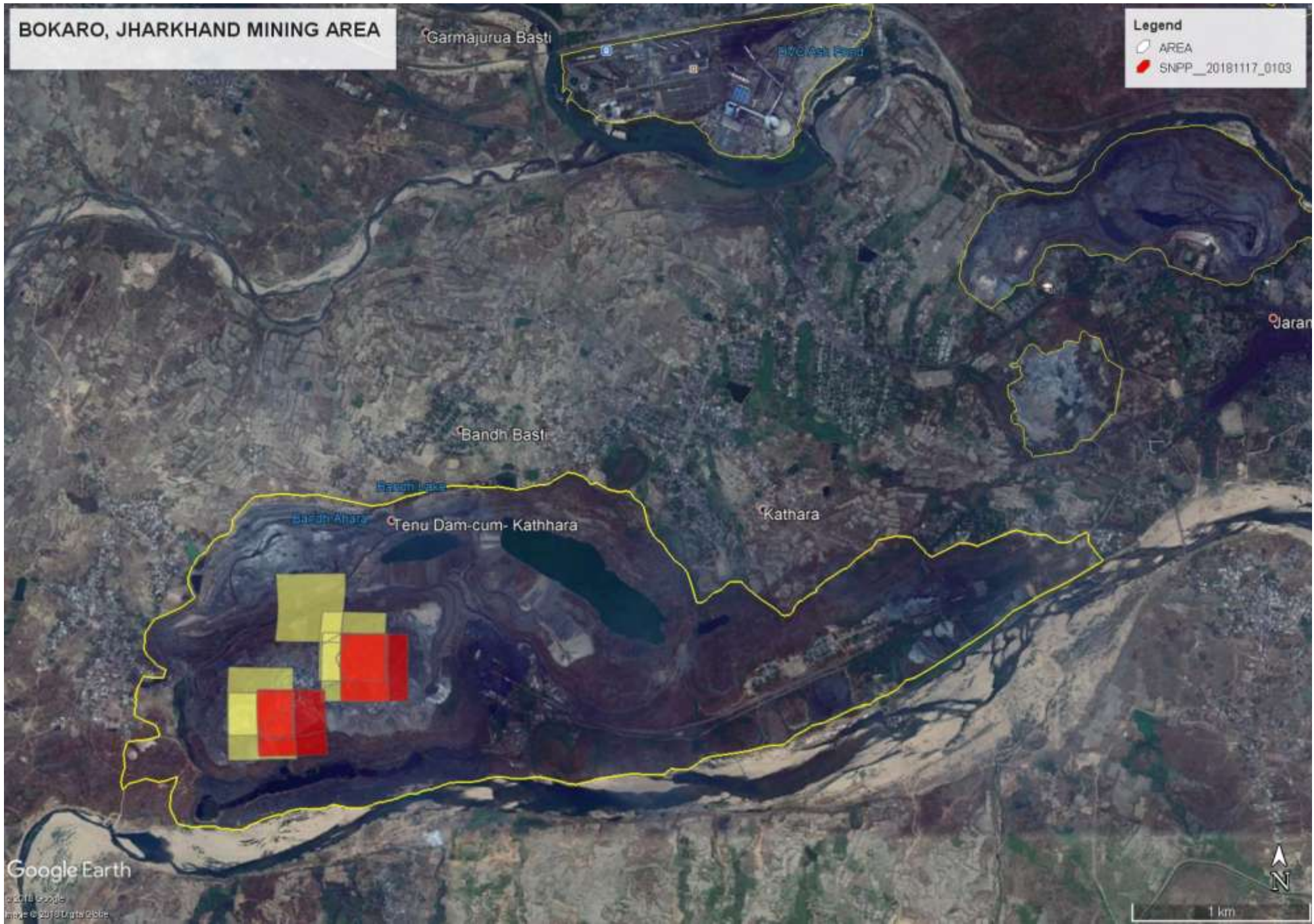
**INDUSTRIAL MASKING FOR  
IMPROVING ACCURACY OF FSI FIRE  
ALERT SYSTEM**



# BOKARO, JHARKHAND MINING AREA

**Legend**

- AREA
- SNPP\_20181117\_0103

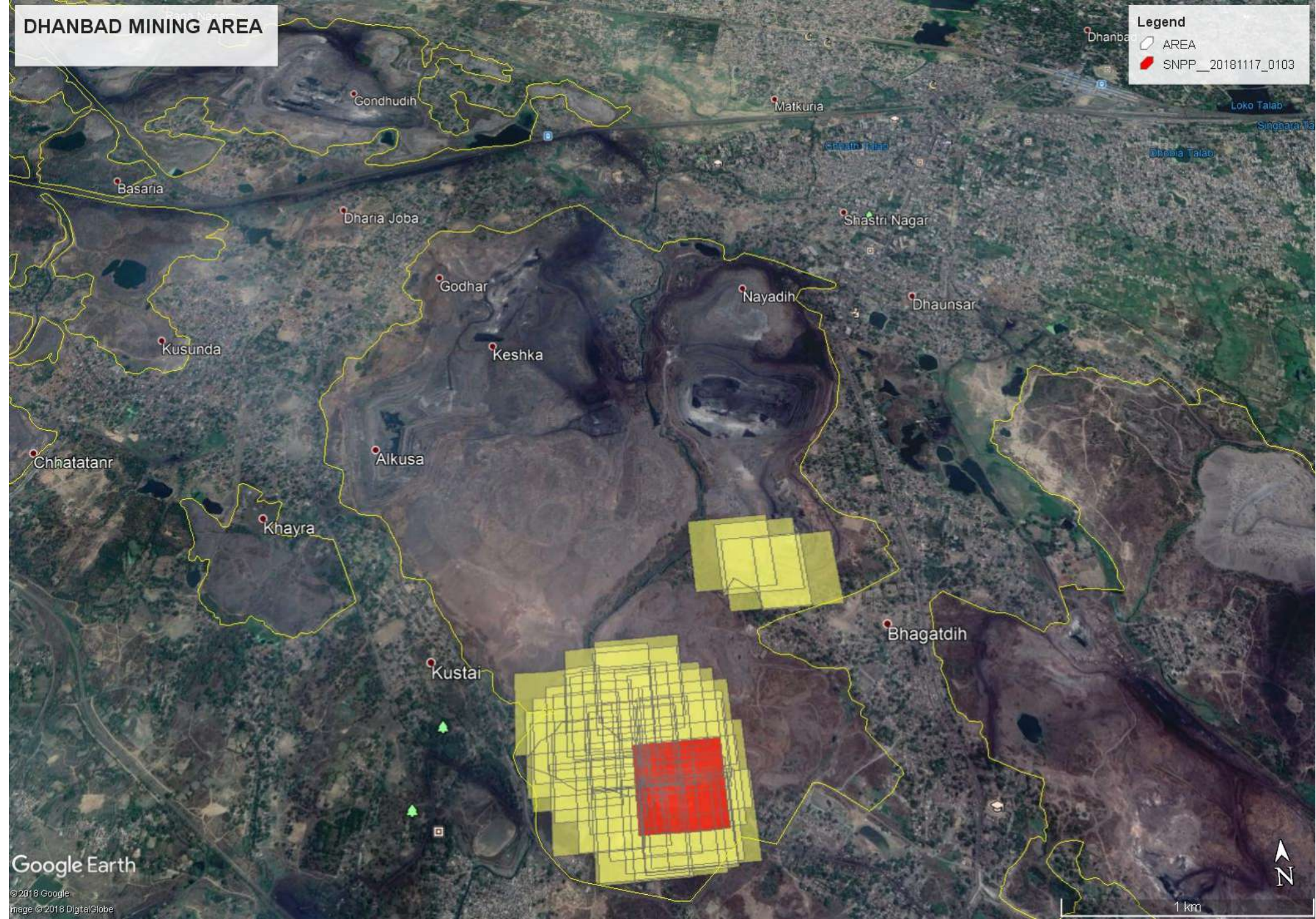




# DHANBAD MINING AREA

**Legend**

- AREA
- SNPP\_20181117\_0103



Google Earth

©2018 Google  
Image ©2018 DigitalGlobe

1 km



# DUMMAS, GUJARAT INDUSTRIAL AREA

**Legend**

- AREA
- SNPP\_20181117\_0103



Google Earth

© 2018 Google  
Image © 2018 TerraMetrics  
Image © 2018 DigitalGlobe

2 km

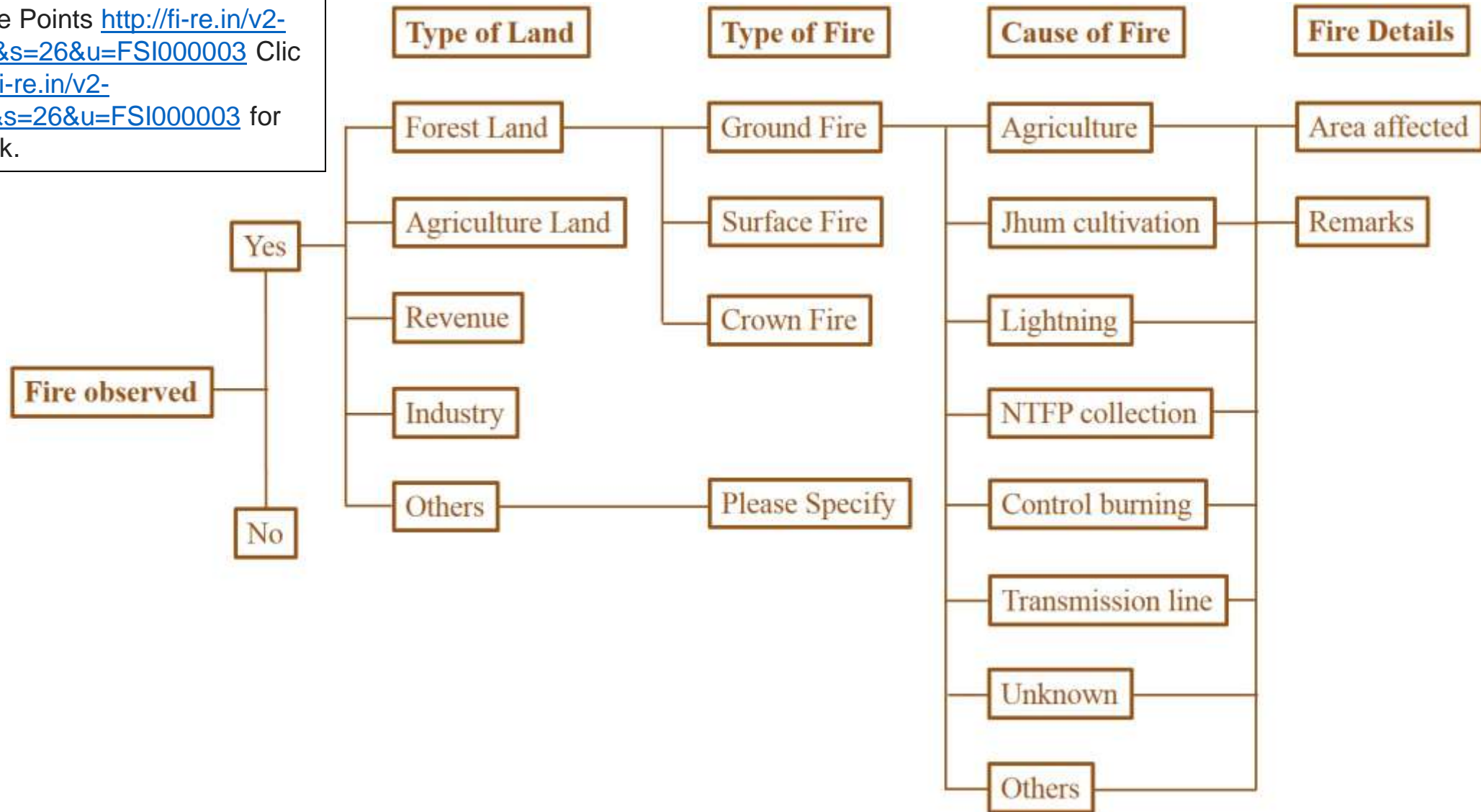
## STATE WISE MINING, INDUSTRIAL & VOLCANIC ACTIVITIES LOCATED BY SNPP-VIIRS 375m

STATE NAME	MINING AREA	INDUSTRIAL AREA	VOLCANIC ACTIVITY
JHARKHAND	42	4	
ODISHA	9	16	
MADHYA PRADESH	2	6	
CHHATTISGARH	2	12	
UTTAR PRADESH	3	5	
MAHARASHTRA	4	4	
TAMIL NADU	2	0	
TELANGANA	3	1	
GUJARAT	0	6	
KARNATAKA	0	1	
HIMACHAL PRADESH	0	1	
WEST BENGAL	2	10	
ANDHRA PRADESH	0	1	
ASSAM	0	5	
RAJASTHAN	0	1	
KERALA	0	2	
ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLAND (UT)	0	0	1

# Feedback System

9 Nos. of fires detected in ODISHA by SNPP(375mx375m) on 29-05-19 13:34:32 Click to view Fire Points <http://fi-re.in/v2-07d5dc&s=26&u=FSI000003> Click <http://fi-re.in/v2-b6f186&s=26&u=FSI000003> for feedback.

# Feedback System





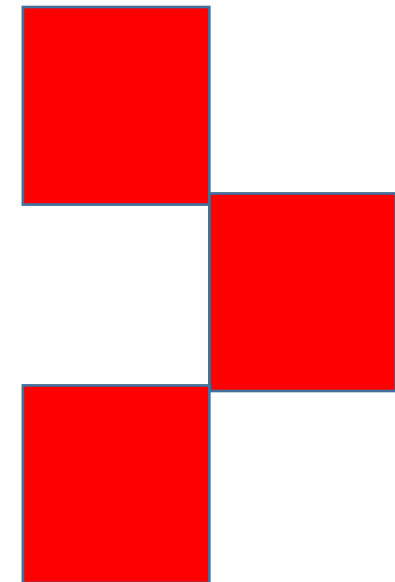
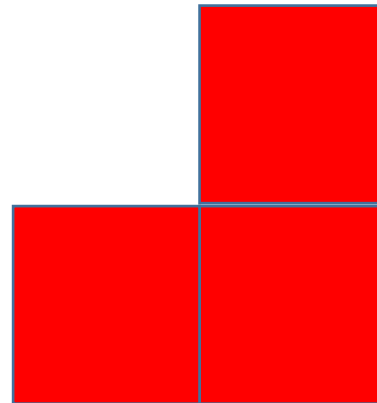
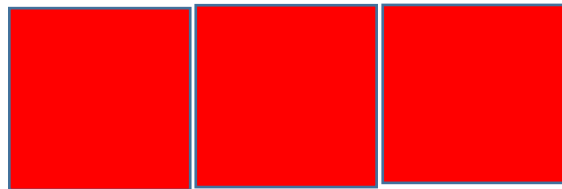
# **Large Forest Fire Monitoring System**

# Objectives

- To enable SFDs to monitor large forest fire events and provide special emphasis in fire control of these events
- To provide disaster escalation support in order to bring in timely additional support from other agencies such as District Administration, SDMA, NDMA, Armed forces etc
- National Large Forest Fire Database would help in future planning especially in development of State Crisis Management Plans, Working Plans
- To support rehabilitation of fire affected areas

# Definition & Objectives

- A fire event comprising of at least 3 proximate VIIRS pixels

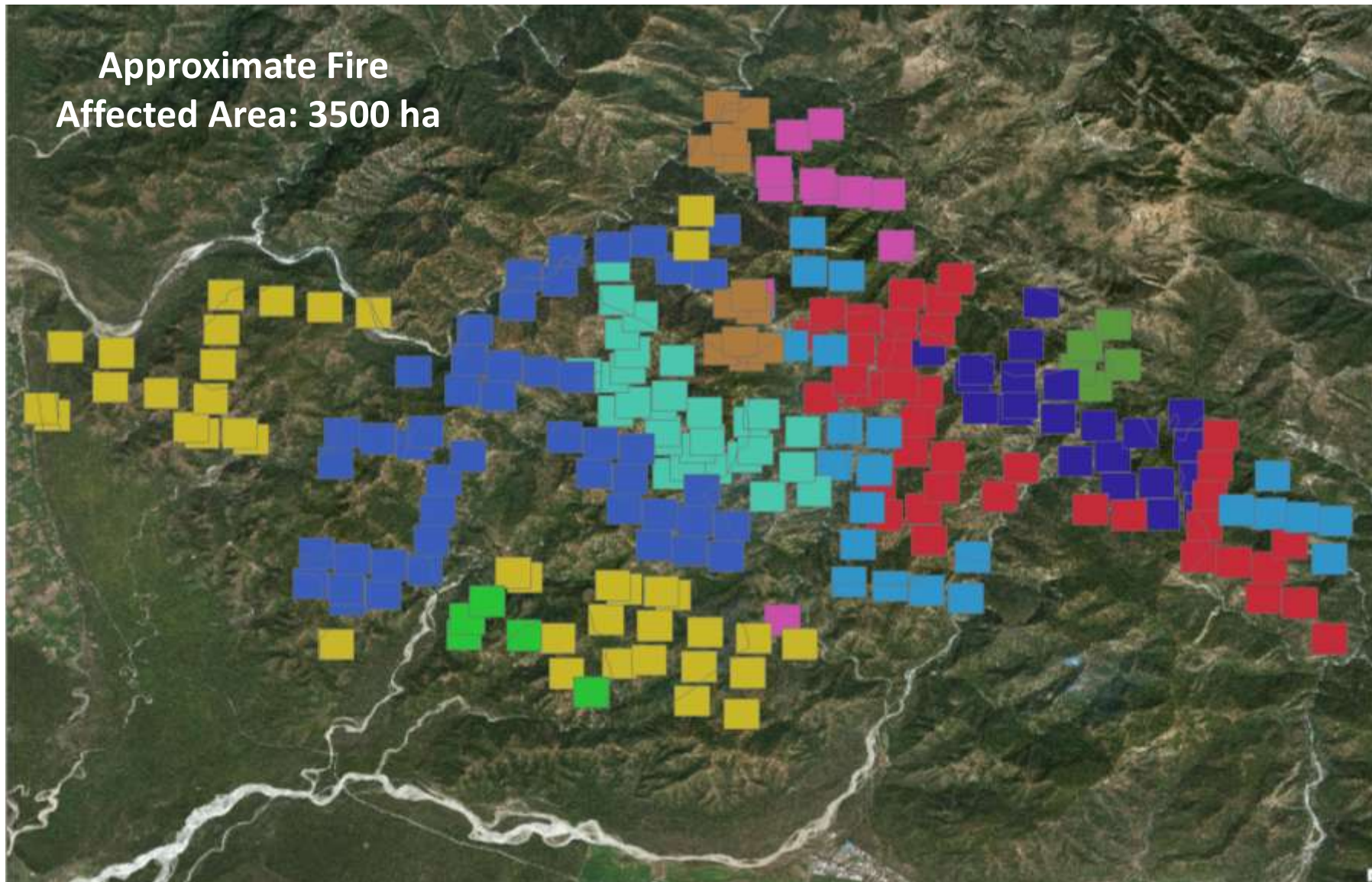


**CANDIDATE LARGE FIRES**



# **Example of Large Forest Fires 2018**

Fire Name	State	First Detection Time	Last Detection Time	No. of Days fire remained active	No. of Pixels
KOTDWAR -5	UTTARAKHAND	2018-05-20	2018-05-30	9	233



**Large Forest Fire 2018**  
**DATE**

- 2018-05-20
- 2018-05-21
- 2018-05-22
- 2018-05-23
- 2018-05-24
- 2018-05-25
- 2018-05-26
- 2018-05-27
- 2018-05-28
- 2018-05-29

STATE           UTTARAKHAND  
DISTRICT       PAURI GARHWAL  
CIRCLE          SHIVALIK CIRCLE  
DIVISION       LANSDOWNE FOREST  
                  DIVISION  
RANGE          KOTDWAR RANGE,  
                  LALDANG RANGE



# Satellite Image Validation By Google Earth Engine

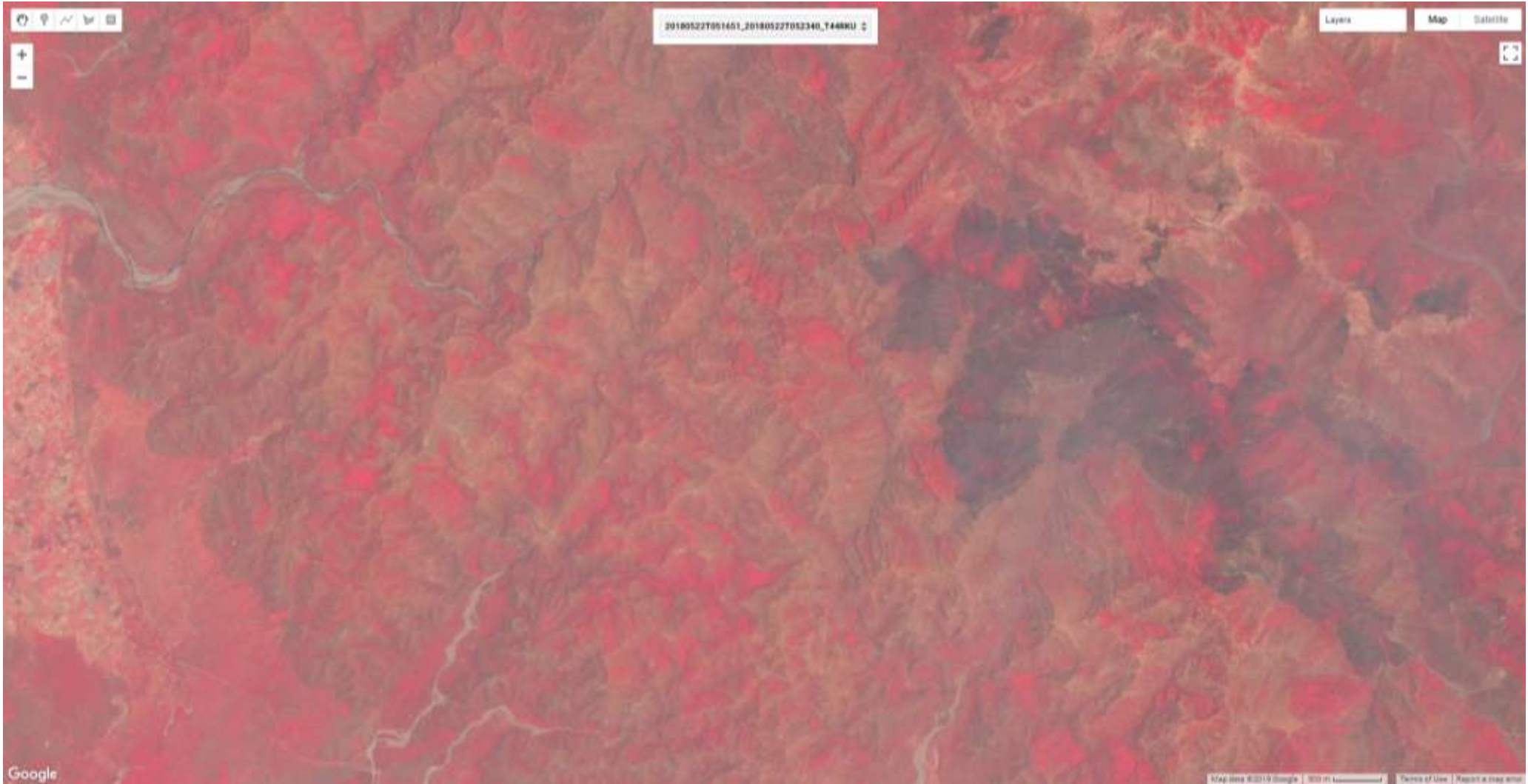
Fire Name	State	First Detection Time	Last Detection Time	No. of Days fire remained active	No. of Pixels
KOTDWAR -5	UTTARAKHAND	2018-05-20	2018-05-30	9	233



Pre Fire Date – 2018-05-17, Image - Sentinel 2

# Satellite Image Validation By Google Earth Engine

Fire Name	State	First Detection Time	Last Detection Time	No. of Days fire remained active	No. of Pixels
KOTDWAR -5	UTTARAKHAND	2018-05-20	2018-05-30	9	233



Fire Date – 2018-05-22, Image - Sentinel 2



# Satellite Image Validation By Google Earth Engine

Fire Name	State	First Detection Time	Last Detection Time	No. of Days fire remained active	No. of Pixels
KOTDWAR -5	UTTARAKHAND	2018-05-20	2018-05-30	9	233



Fire Date – 2018-05-25, Image - Sentinel 2

# Satellite Image Validation By Google Earth Engine

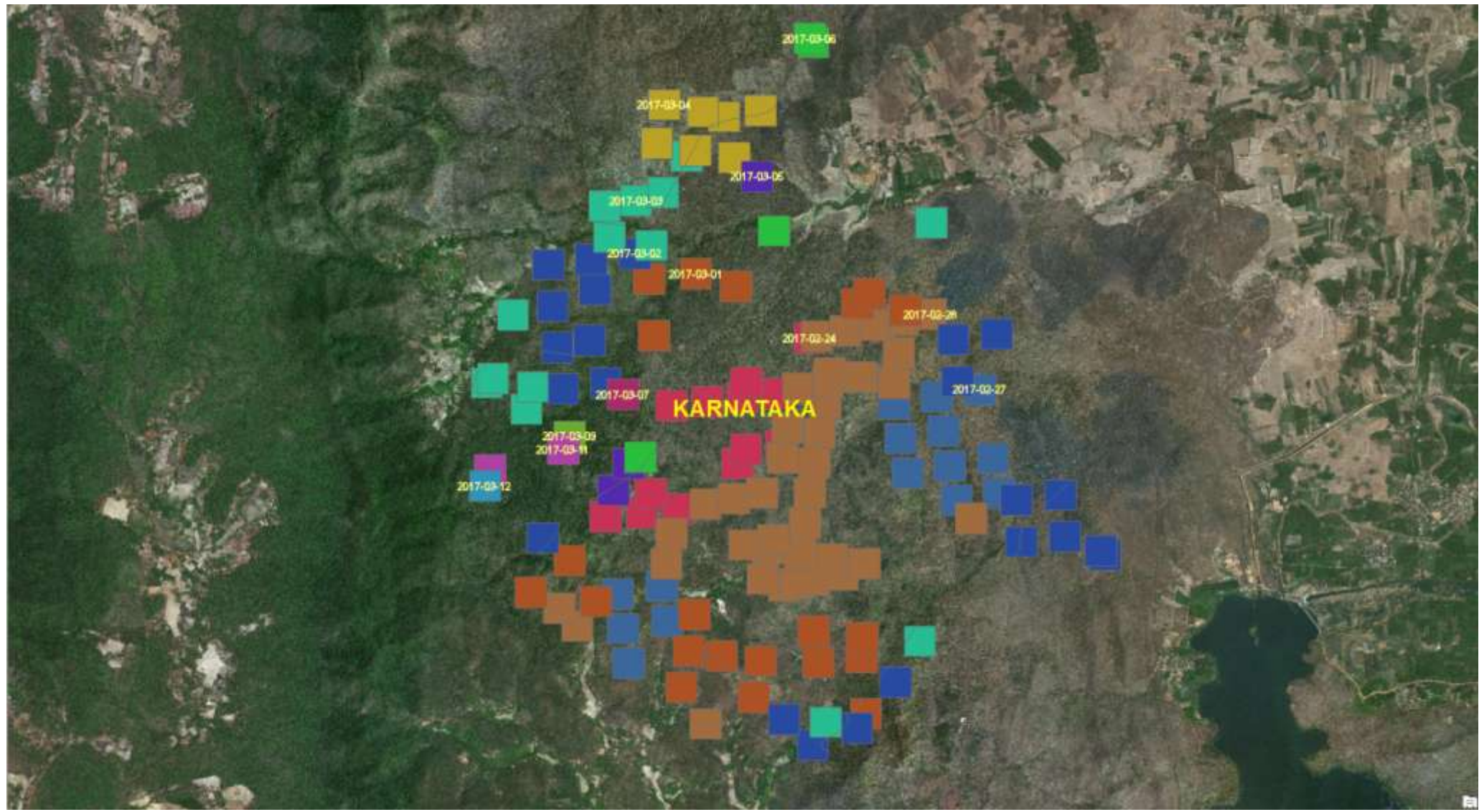
Fire Name	State	First Detection Time	Last Detection Time	No. of Days fire remained active	No. of Pixels
KOTDWAR -5	UTTARAKHAND	2018-05-20	2018-05-30	9	233



Fire Date – 2018-05-30, Image - Sentinel 2

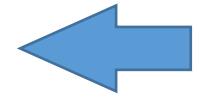


Fire Name	State	First Detection Time	Last Detection Time	No. of Days fire remained active
SACRE BYLE -3	KARNATAKA	20170224	20170312	16



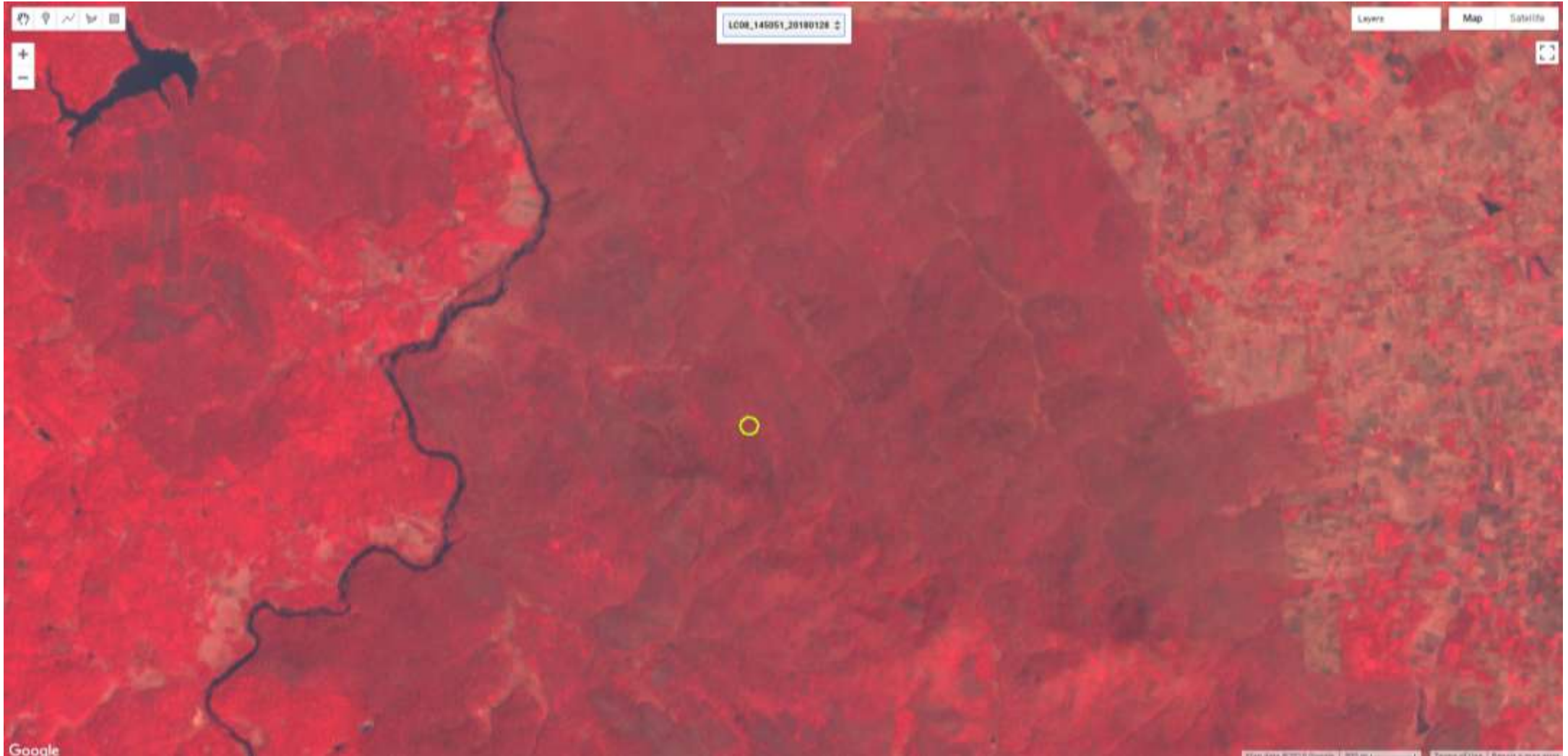
Large Forest Fire  
ACQDATE

- 2017-02-24
- 2017-02-27
- 2017-02-28
- 2017-03-01
- 2017-03-02
- 2017-03-03
- 2017-03-04
- 2017-03-05
- 2017-03-06
- 2017-03-07
- 2017-03-09
- 2017-03-11
- 2017-03-12



# Satellite Image Validation By Google Earth Engine

Fire Name	State	First Detection Time	Last Detection Time	No. of Days fire remained active
KUSHALNAGAR -2	KARNATAKA	2016-03-01	2016-03-10	9

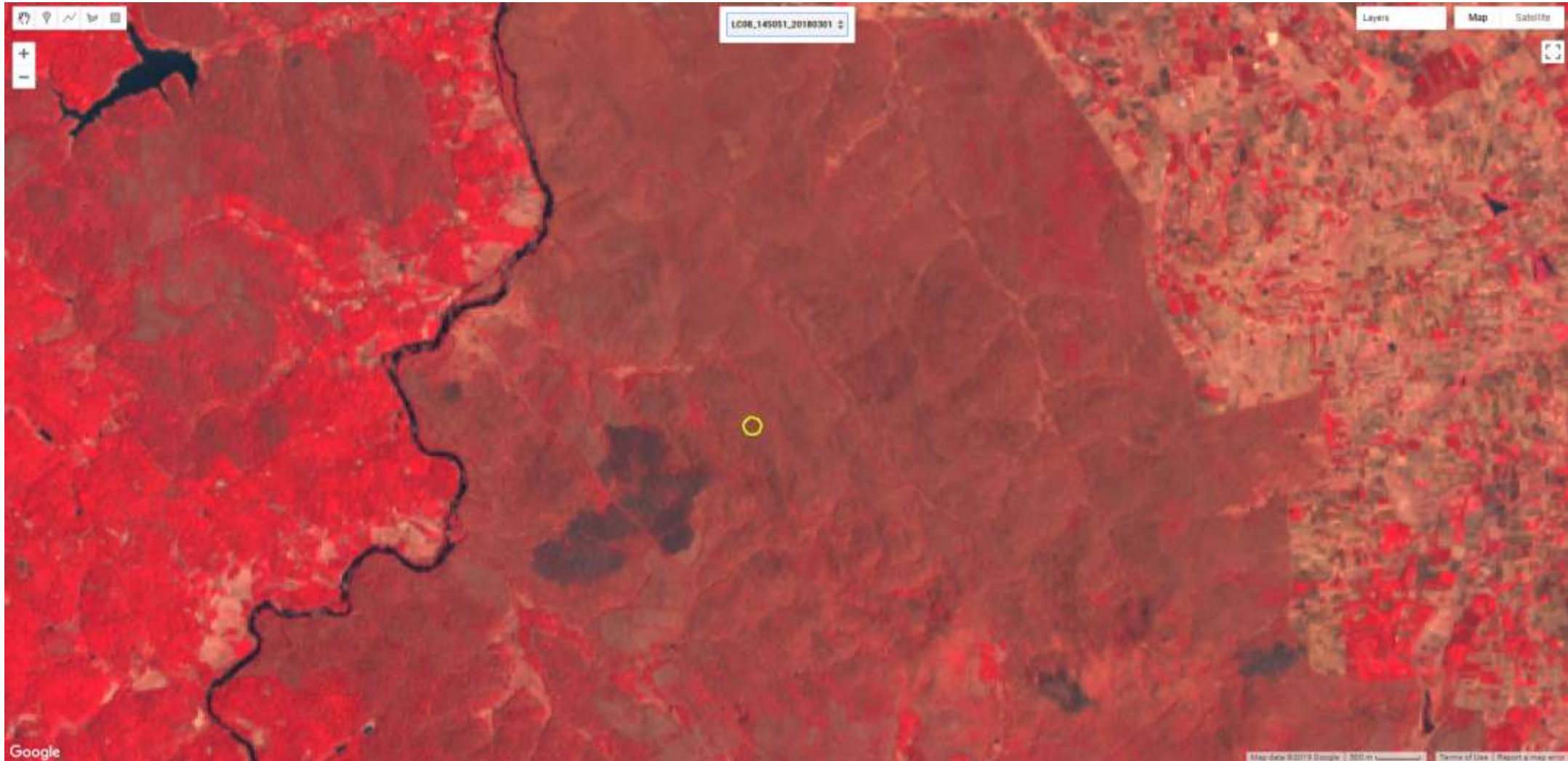


Pre Fire Date – 2018-01-28, Image -Landsat-8



# Satellite Image Validation By Google Earth Engine

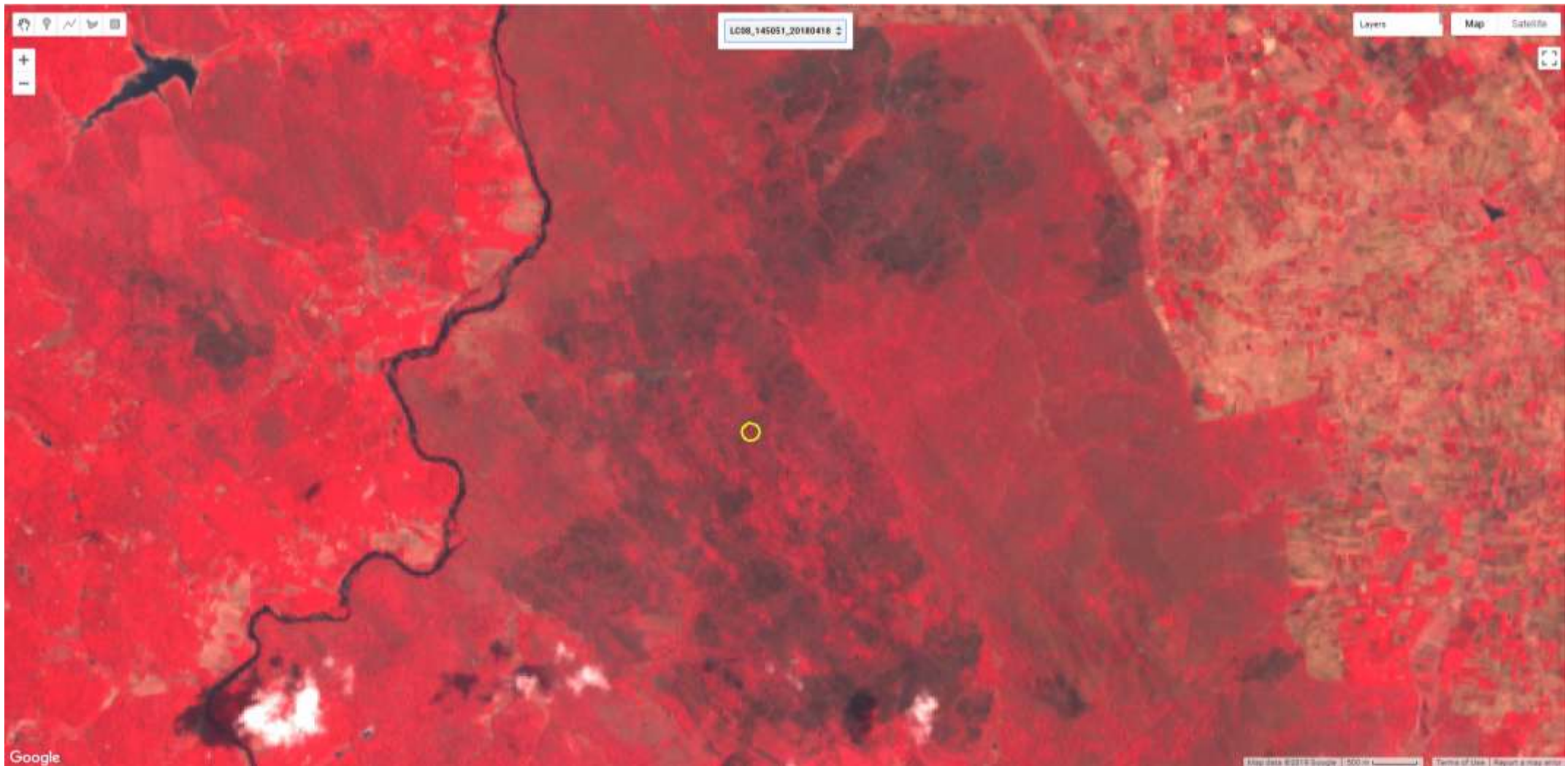
Fire Name	State	First Detection Time	Last Detection Time	No. of Days fire remained active
KUSHALNAGAR -2	KARNATAKA	2016-03-01	2016-03-10	9



Fire Date – 2018-03-01, Image -Landsat-8

# Satellite Image Validation By Google Earth Engine

Fire Name	State	First Detection Time	Last Detection Time	No. of Days fire remained active
KUSHALNAGAR -2	KARNATAKA	2016-03-01	2016-03-10	9



Post Fire Date – 2018-04-18, Image -Landsat-8



# EXAMPLE OF EMAIL ALERT OF LARGE FOREST FIRE

KMZ & CSV FILE OF 2 ACTIVE LARGE FOREST FIRES OF HIMACHAL PRADESH DETECTED IN SNPP\_20190528\_1353

Office/SI,CSV

fsilargeforestfire2018@gmail.com

to cctf@ic, apnagar, apnagar, biswastapas007, anupampa188, narshin118, ek7snatty7, me, ashisheti, choudhary23, evforester

Sir/Madam,

It is to bring to your attention that 2 of LARGE FOREST FIRES are currently active in HIMACHAL PRADESH as per the recent satellite data pertaining to SNPP\_20190528\_1353.

Forest Survey of India is currently testing the LARGE FOREST FIRE MONITORING PROGRAMME using near real time SNPP-VIIRS data.

Herein, FSI will disseminate Large Forest Fire alerts with the objective to identify, track and report serious forest fire incidents so as to help monitor such fires at senior level in the State Forest Department and also seek timely additional assistance that may be required to contain such fires.

Please find enclosed the Large Forest Fire polygons of HIMACHAL PRADESH as a KMZ file attachment.

- KMZ file is google earth compatible and would be uploaded automatically on google earth.

- Kindly click on the fire pixels for detailed administrative information as well as time-span of the fire.

- For a particular large-fire, Active fire pixels are depicted in color RED in contrast with Previous fire pixels in a single kmz file to track its spread, extents and time-span.

Please find enclosed CSV file for the Large Forest Fire polygons detailed of HIMACHAL PRADESH.

We would really appreciate if you could share your feedback on this new initiative which will help us to improve and provide useful information to the decision makers.

You may revert to us for queries or feedback.

With Regards,

Forest Fire Monitoring Team,

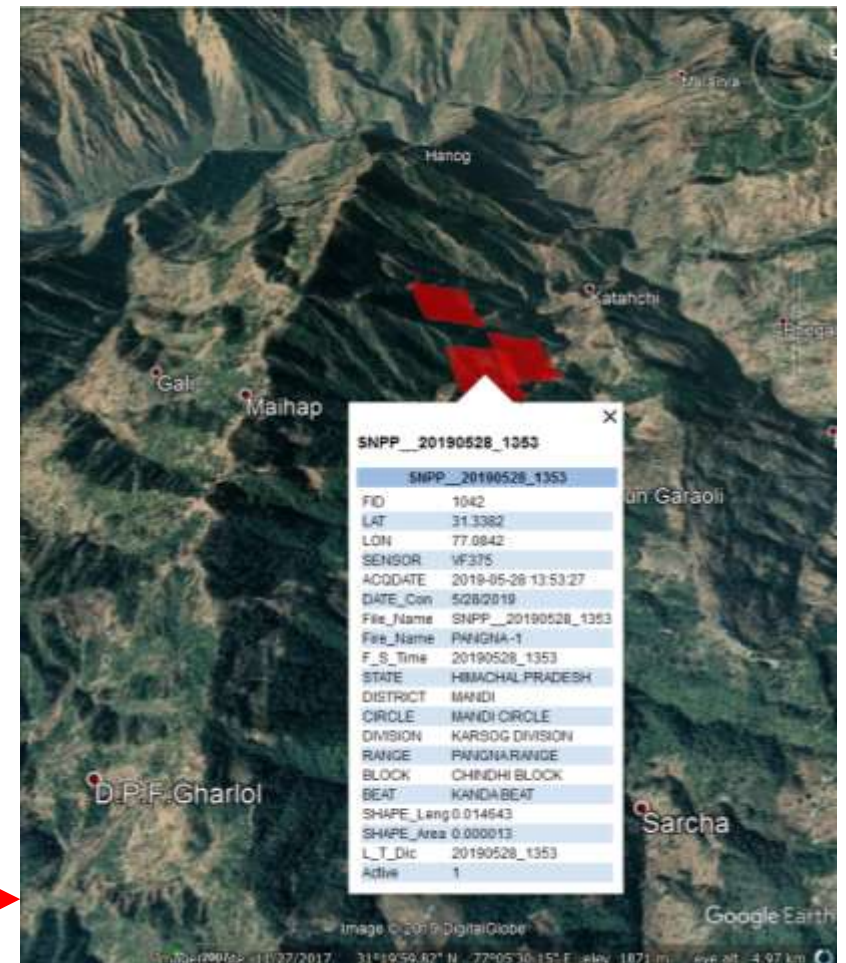
Forest Survey of India,

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change,

Kaulagarh Road, Dehradun- 246195,

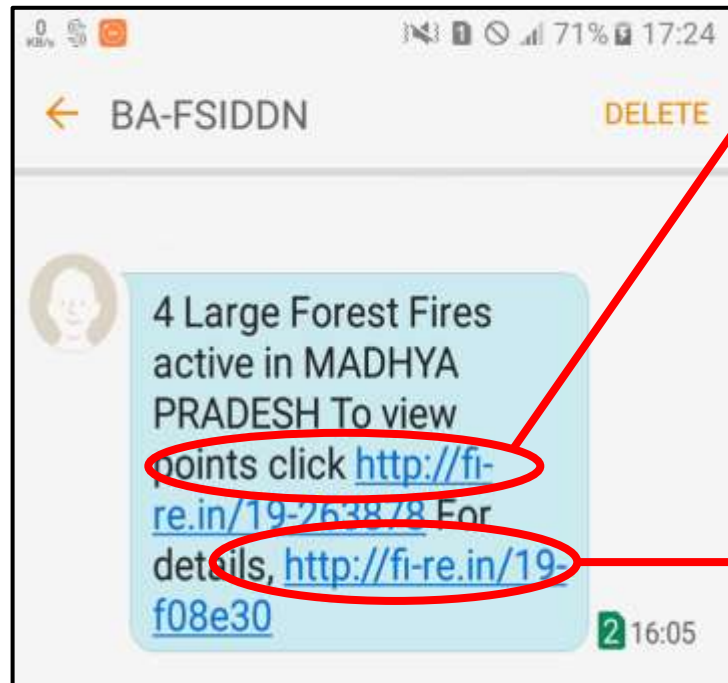
0135-2754191 Ex-272.

2 Attachments

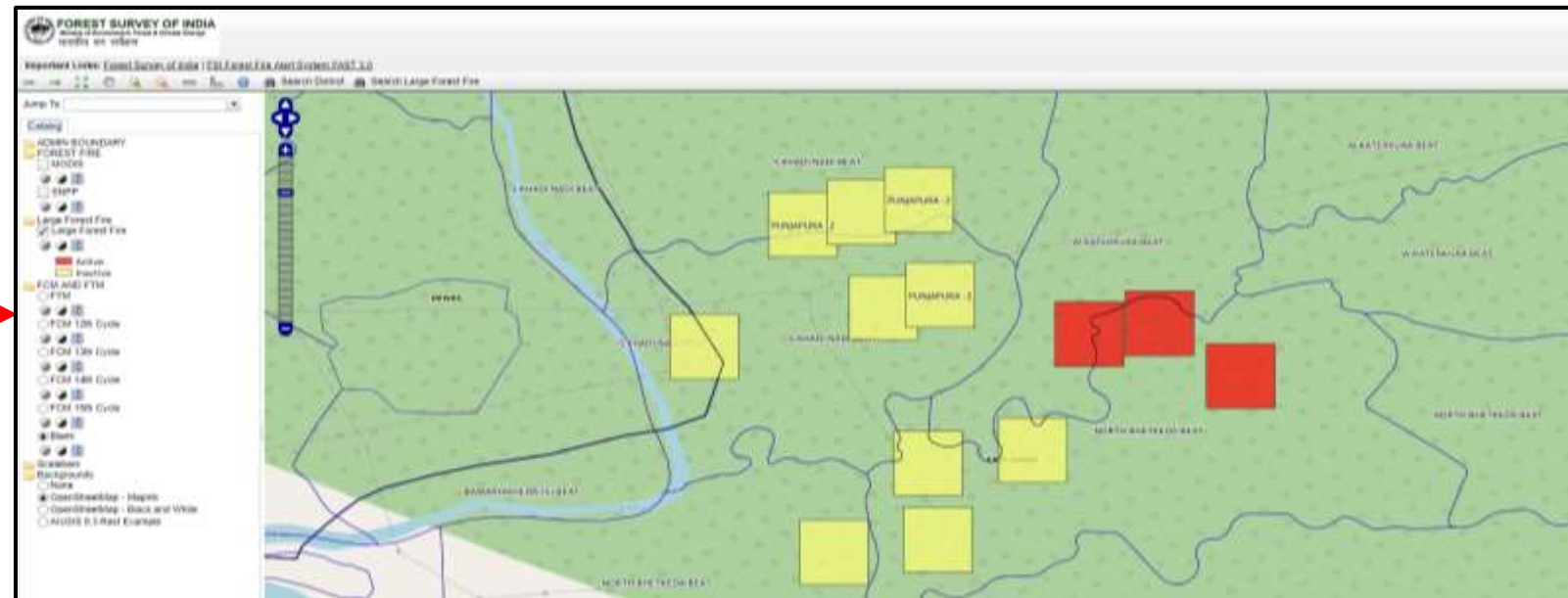


LAT	LOX	SENSOR	ACQDATE	FIRE NAME	FIRST DETECTED	STATE	DISTRICT	CIRCLE	DIVISION	RANGE	BLOCK	BEAT	LATEST DETECTED	STATUS*
31.0184	76.8745	VF375	28-05-2019 13:53	KUTHAR -1	20190528_1353	HIMACHAL PRADESH	SOLAN	BILASPUR CIRCLE	KUNI HAR DIVISION	KUTHAR RANGE	PATTA BLOCK	AWAD BEAT	20190528_1353	1
31.0185	76.8719	VF375	28-05-2019 13:53	KUTHAR -1	20190528_1353	HIMACHAL PRADESH	SOLAN	BILASPUR CIRCLE	KUNI HAR DIVISION	KUTHAR RANGE	PATTA BLOCK	AWAD BEAT	20190528_1353	1
31.0191	76.8775	VF375	28-05-2019 13:53	KUTHAR -1	20190528_1353	HIMACHAL PRADESH	SOLAN	BILASPUR CIRCLE	KUNI HAR DIVISION	KUTHAR RANGE	CHANDI BLOCK	GOELA BEAT	20190528_1353	1
31.0191	76.8775	VF375	28-05-2019 13:53	KUTHAR -1	20190528_1353	HIMACHAL PRADESH	SOLAN	BILASPUR CIRCLE	KUNI HAR DIVISION	KUTHAR RANGE	PATTA BLOCK	AWAD BEAT	20190528_1353	1
31.3377	77.0782	VF375	28-05-2019 13:53	PANGNA -1	20190528_1353	HIMACHAL PRADESH	MANDI	MANDI CIRCLE	KARSOG DIVISION	PANGNA RANGE	CHINDHI BLOCK	KANDA BEAT	20190528_1353	1
31.3382	77.0842	VF375	28-05-2019 13:53	PANGNA -1	20190528_1353	HIMACHAL PRADESH	MANDI	MANDI CIRCLE	KARSOG DIVISION	PANGNA RANGE	CHINDHI BLOCK	KANDA BEAT	20190528_1353	1
31.341	77.0825	VF375	28-05-2019 13:53	PANGNA -1	20190528_1353	HIMACHAL PRADESH	MANDI	MANDI CIRCLE	KARSOG DIVISION	PANGNA RANGE	CHINDHI BLOCK	KANDA BEAT	20190528_1353	1

# EXAMPLE OF LARGE FIRE SMS ALERT



#	Fire Name	Division / District	Active Pixels	Total Pixels	KMZ Link	MAP Link	Portal Link	Fire Status
1.	CHANDGARH -3 <b>First Detection:</b> 21-02-2019 13:53	State: MADHYA PRADESH District: EAST NIMAR Circle: KHANDWA CIRCLE Division: KHANDWA DIVISION Range: CHANDGARH RANGE Block: CHANDGARH RANGE BLOCK Beat: NORTH BHETKEDA BEAT	3	7	Download KMZ	View	View	Active
2.	CHURNA (BHAURA) -1 <b>First Detection:</b> 21-02-2019 13:53	State: MADHYA PRADESH District: HOSHANGABAD Circle: SATPUDA TIGER RESERVE CIRCLE Division: SATPUDA TIGER RESERVE DIVISION Range: CHURNA (BHAURA) RANGE Block: CHURNA (BHAURA) RANGE BLOCK Beat: BANGLAPURA JAL BEAT	7	7	Download KMZ	View	View	Active
3.	GARHI -1 <b>First Detection:</b> 21-02-2019 13:53	State: MADHYA PRADESH District: RAISEN Circle: BHOPAL CIRCLE Division: RAISEN DIVISION Range: GARHI RANGE Block: GARHI RANGE BLOCK Beat: MAHALPURPATHA BEAT	3	3	Download KMZ	View	View	Active





# **FSI Forest Fire Geo-Portal**

## **Van Agni**

# Features in Geoportal

- **Created using Opensource Software (MapServer 7.0.7 & GeoMOOSE 2.9)**
- **Latest Web GIS Technology**
- **Compatible with [OGC](#) standards**
- **Automated integration of Near Real Time Forest Fire Data & Large Forest Fire Data**
- **Easy to use simple tools**
- **Integration of Forest Cover and Forest Type Data in background**
- **Integration of Open Source Open Street Map Data**
- **Advance Searching capability**

# FSI GEOPORTAL

The screenshot displays the FSI GeoPortal interface. At the top, the browser address bar shows the URL `117.239.115.44:90/fsi_fire/fire.html`. The page header includes the logo of the Forest Survey of India and navigation links such as "Our Stack: Forest Survey of India | FSI Forest Alert System 2.0 | GeoMOOSE.org | MapServer | OpenLayers | Dojo".

The main content area features a map of India with various fire alerts overlaid. A sidebar on the left contains a "Catalog" section with the following options:

- ADMIN BOUNDARY
- FOREST FIRE
  - MODIS
    - 2019-01-15
    - 2019-01-14
    - 2019-01-13
  - SNPP
    - 2019-01-15
    - 2019-01-14
    - 2019-01-13
- Large Forest Fire
  - Large Forest Fire
    - Active
    - Inactive
- FCM AND FTM
  - FTM
    - FCM 12th Cycle
    - FCM 13th Cycle
    - FCM 14th Cycle
    - FCM 15th Cycle
    - Blank
- Scalebars
- Backgrounds
  - None
  - OpenStreetMap - Mapnik
  - OpenStreetMap - Black and White
  - ArcGIS 9.3 Rest Example

At the bottom of the page, a text box contains the GeoPortal Link: `http://117.239.115.44:90/fsi_fire/fire.htm`. The footer includes the text "Forest Survey of India, Dehradun" and the coordinates "X,Y: 7353916, 3557279 Lat, Lon: 30.417, 66.061". A scale bar at the bottom right indicates a distance of 800 km.



# FSI GEOPORTAL

The screenshot displays the FSI Geoportal interface. At the top, the browser address bar shows the URL `117.239.115.44:90/fsi_fire/fire.html`. The page header includes the logo of the Forest Survey of India and the text "FOREST SURVEY OF INDIA" and "भारतीय वन सर्वेक्षण". Below the header, a navigation bar contains several icons and two search buttons: "Search District" and "Search Large Forest Fire". A red box highlights these search buttons, with a red arrow pointing to the text "Geo-Portal Tools" overlaid on the map. The main area is a map of India showing forest fire data. The left sidebar contains a "Catalog" with various layers and options, including "ADMIN BOUNDARY", "FOREST FIRE" (with sub-layers for 2019-01-15, 2019-01-14, and 2019-01-13), "SNPP", "Large Forest Fire" (with sub-layers for Active and Inactive), "FCM AND FTM", "Scalebars", and "Backgrounds". The bottom of the page shows the text "FSI Forest Alert System 2.0" and coordinates "X,Y: 7353916, 3557279 Lat, Lon: 30.417, 66.061".

# FSI GEOPORTAL

The screenshot displays the FSI Geoportal interface. At the top, the browser address bar shows the URL `117.239.115.44:90/fsi_fire/fire.html`. The page header includes the logo of the Forest Survey of India and the text "FOREST SURVEY OF INDIA" and "Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change". Below the header, there are navigation links for "Our Stack: Forest Survey of India | FSI Forest Alert System 2.0 | GeoMOOSE.org | MapServer | OpenLayers | Dojo".

The main map area shows a geographical view of India with various layers overlaid. A red box highlights the "Catalog" panel on the left side of the map. This panel contains several sections of layer controls:

- ADMIN BOUNDARY**: Includes "STATE BOUNDARY" (checked) and "DISTRICT BOUNDARY".
- FOREST FIRE**: Includes "MODIS" (checked) with color-coded options for 2019-01-15 (blue), 2019-01-14 (green), and 2019-01-13 (red). It also includes "SNPP" (checked) with similar color-coded options.
- Large Forest Fire**: Includes "Large Forest Fire" (checked) with "Active" (red) and "Inactive" (yellow) options.
- FCM AND FTM**: Includes "FTM" (checked) and "FCM 12th Cycle" through "FCM 15th Cycle".
- Scalebars**: Includes "Backgrounds" (None, OpenStreetMap - Mapnik, OpenStreetMap - Black and White, ArcGIS 9.3 Rest Example).

A red arrow points from the text "Catalog Panel" to the highlighted catalog panel. The map itself shows a view of India with various states and districts labeled. The bottom of the page displays the text "FSI Forest Alert System 2.0" and "X,Y: 7353916, 3557279 Lat, Lon: 30.417, 66.061".



# FSI GEOPORTAL

The screenshot displays the FSI Geoportal interface. At the top, the browser address bar shows the URL `117.239.115.44:90/fsi_fire/fire.html`. The page header includes the logo of the Forest Survey of India and navigation links such as "Our Stack: Forest Survey of India | FSI Forest Alert System 2.0 | GeoMOOSE.org | MapServer | OpenLayers | Dojo".

The main content area features a map of India with various layers overlaid. A sidebar on the left contains a "Catalog" section with the following options:

- ADMIN BOUNDARY
- FOREST FIRE
  - MODIS
    - 2019-01-15
    - 2019-01-14
    - 2019-01-13
  - SNPP
    - 2019-01-15
    - 2019-01-14
    - 2019-01-13
- Large Forest Fire
  - Large Forest Fire
    - Active
    - Inactive
- FCM AND FTM
  - FTM
  - FCM 12th Cycle
  - FCM 13th Cycle
  - FCM 14th Cycle
  - FCM 15th Cycle
  - Blank
- Scalebars
- Backgrounds
  - None
  - OpenStreetMap - Mapnik
  - OpenStreetMap - Black and White
  - ArcGIS 9.3 Rest Example

At the bottom of the page, a "Status Bar" displays the coordinates: `X,Y: 7353916, 3557279 Lat, Lon: 30.417, 66.061`. A "Scale Bar" is located in the bottom right corner, showing a scale from 0 to 800 km.



Jump To:

Catalog Identify

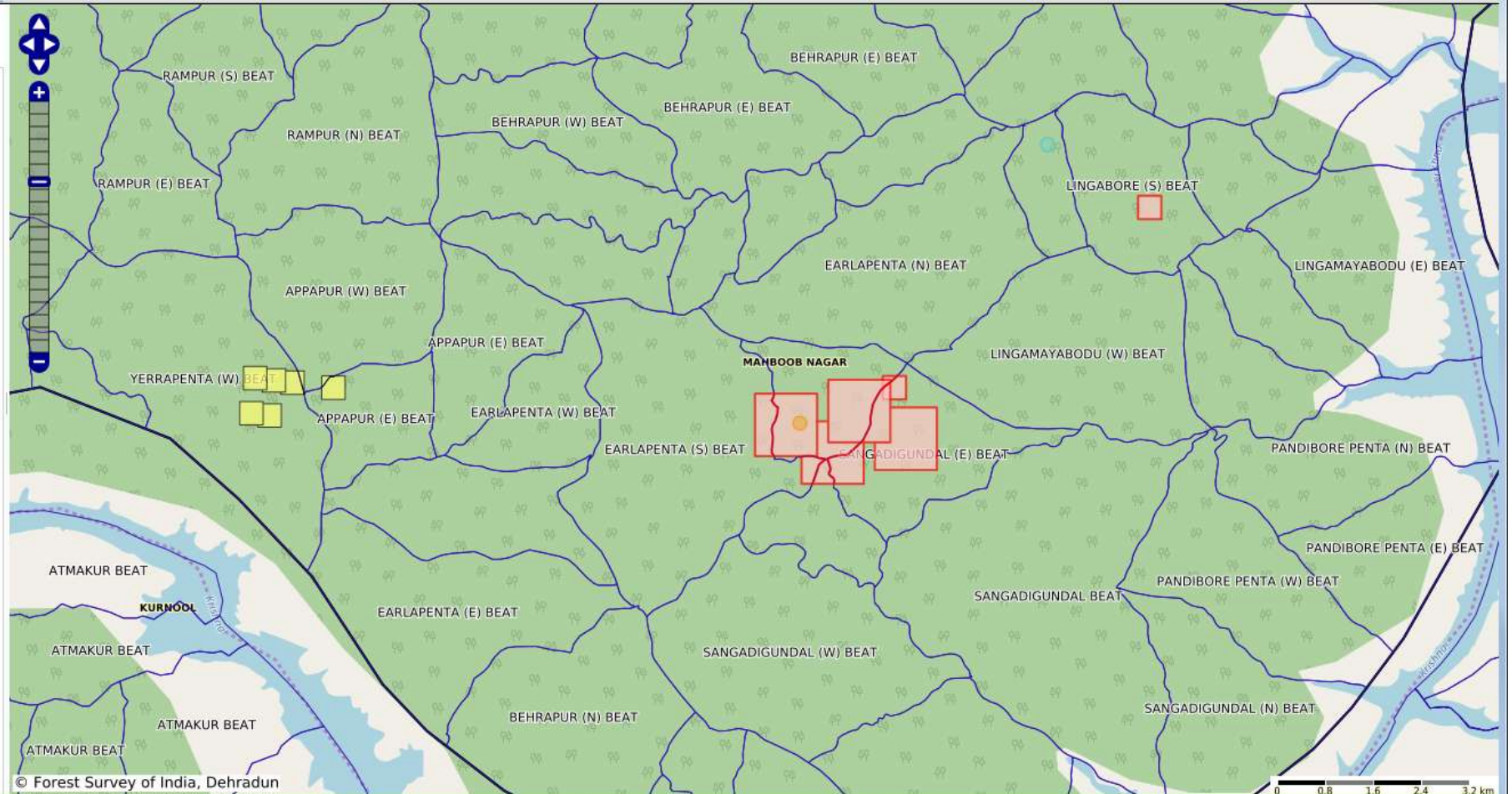
Back to Settings

Detailed information for the area you clicked on the map...

Ground Coordinates  
X: 1523956.7084429  
Y: -133068.75968273

**MODIS FIRE 2018-2019**

ACQ DATE: 20190113  
ACQ TIME: 13:32:14.5  
SENSOR NAME: MODIS  
STATE NAME: TELANGANA  
DIST NAME: NAGARKURNOOL  
CIRCLE NAME: AMRABAD TR CIRCLE  
DIVISION NAME: AMRABAD DIVISION  
RANGE NAME: MANNANUR RANGE  
BLOCK NAME: BEHRAPUR BLOCK  
BEAT NAME: EARLAPENTA (S) BEAT  
COMPARTMENT NO: 350  
FOREST BLOCK NAME: AMRABAD



# **Real Time WMS & WFS Service to State**



# Real Time WMS Service in Maharashtra Forest Geo-Portal

The screenshot displays the Maharashtra Forest GeoPortal interface. The browser address bar shows the URL [117.239.200.171/mfd\\_portal/](http://117.239.200.171/mfd_portal/). The page header includes the text "Maharashtra Forest GeoPortal" and "महाराष्ट्र शासन" (Government of Maharashtra), along with the Hexagon Geospatial logo. The main interface features a sidebar on the left with a "Layers" panel containing the following items:

- Near Real Time Forest Fires
- SNPP\_Maharashtra
- MODIS\_Maharashtra
- Previous Fire Incidents
- Check Post (CheckNaka)
- Tiger and Leopard Deaths
- Plantation Sites
- Nursery Data
- Forest Admin Boundaries
- Political Admin Boundaries
- Fire Prone Area Classification
- Forest Type
- Forest Cover Map 2017
- Google Maps
- Open Street Map

The main map area shows a geographical view of Maharashtra with various colored overlays representing forest data. A toolbar at the top of the map includes navigation and search tools. The bottom right corner of the map area contains a scale bar and the text "Map data ©2019 Google Terms of Use 8 km". A URL [http://117.239.200.171/mfd\\_portal/](http://117.239.200.171/mfd_portal/) is overlaid in the bottom right corner of the screenshot.



# **Early-Warning Alert System for Forest Fire**

# Primary Objectives of Early-Warning Alert System

**Identify vulnerable areas on the ground for-**

- Alerting State Forest Department and other agencies**
- Resource allocation and mobilisation**
- Risk reduction and mitigation**
- Develop a scientific approach for identification of highly fire prone areas**
- Inputs for future planning**

# **Forest Fire Pre-Warning Alert System**

**An important component of the study would be to issue alerts in respect of regions where there are enhanced conditions of forest fire outbreaks in terms of the following:**

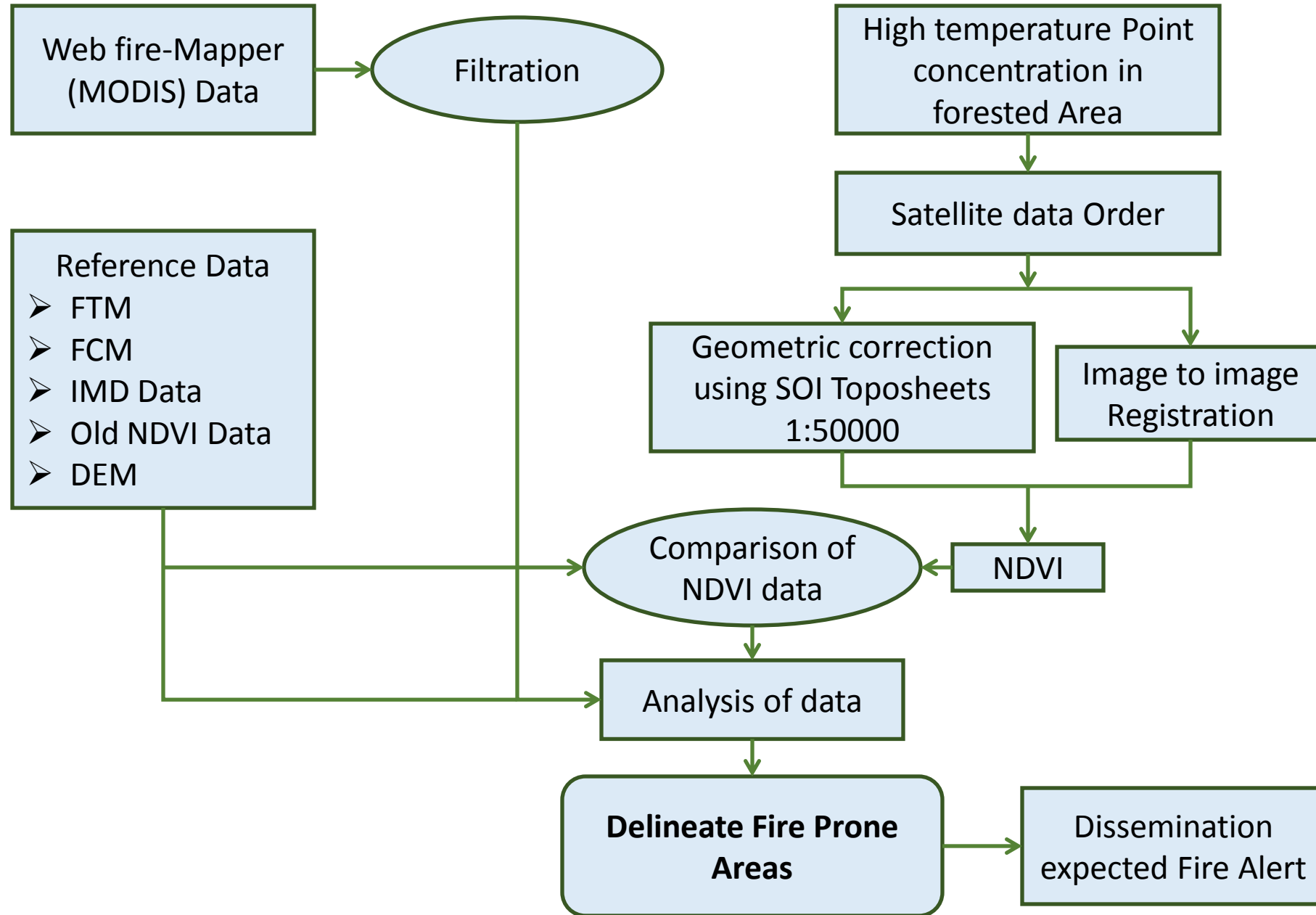
- ❖ Increase in atmospheric temperature leading to leaf stress, yellowing of leaves and leaf shedding ultimately resulting in increased dry biomass/fuel load for burning**
- ❖ Dry spells with no rains causing early yellowing of leaves and leaf fall**
- ❖ Loss in soil moisture leading to fast spread of ground fires during the outbreaks**



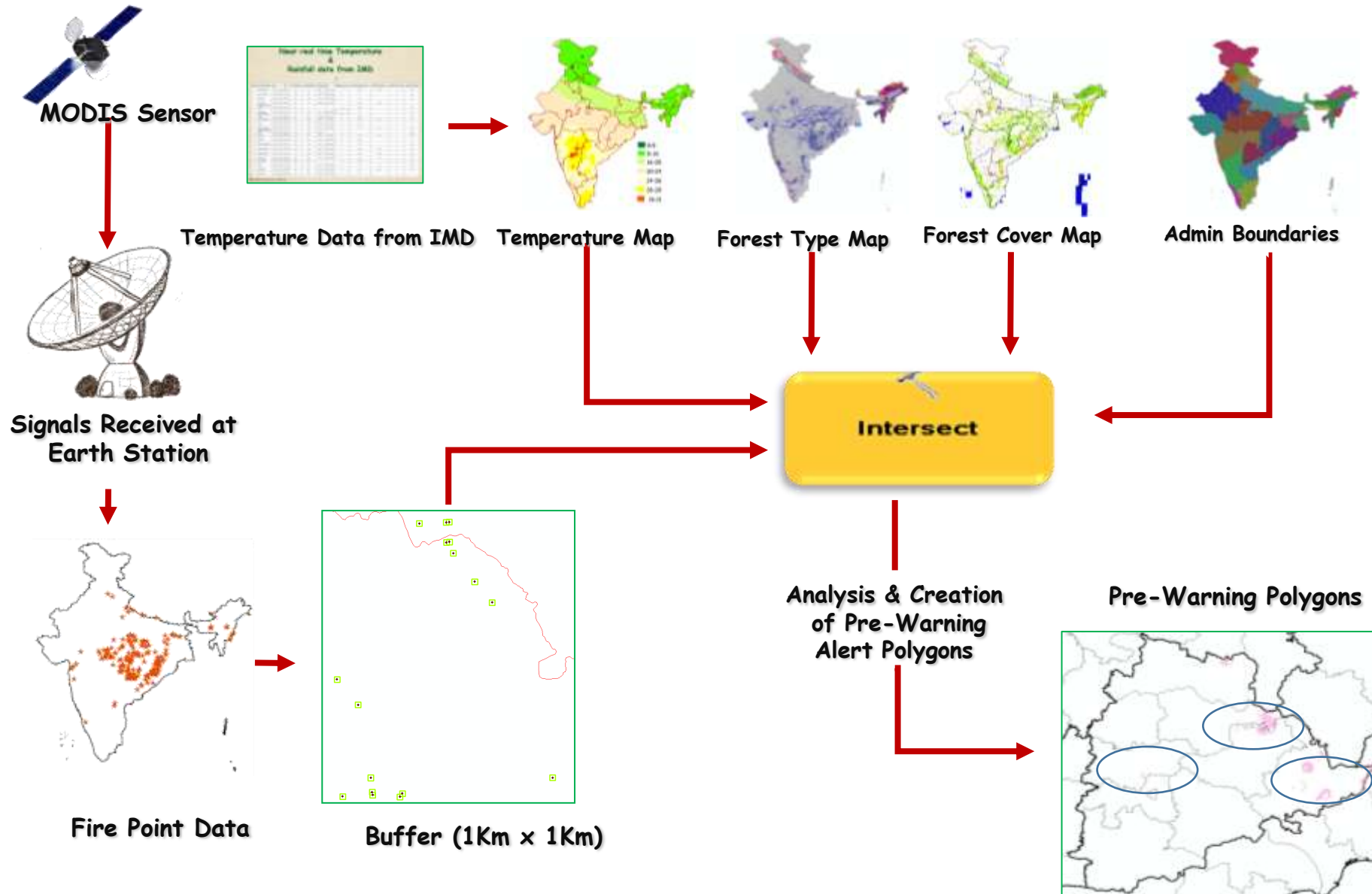
# Data used

- **Fire Data (from NRSC/ Web Fire Mapper)**
- **Forest Type Map (FTM)**
- **Temperature Data (From IMD)**

# Methodology for Pre-warning Alert system

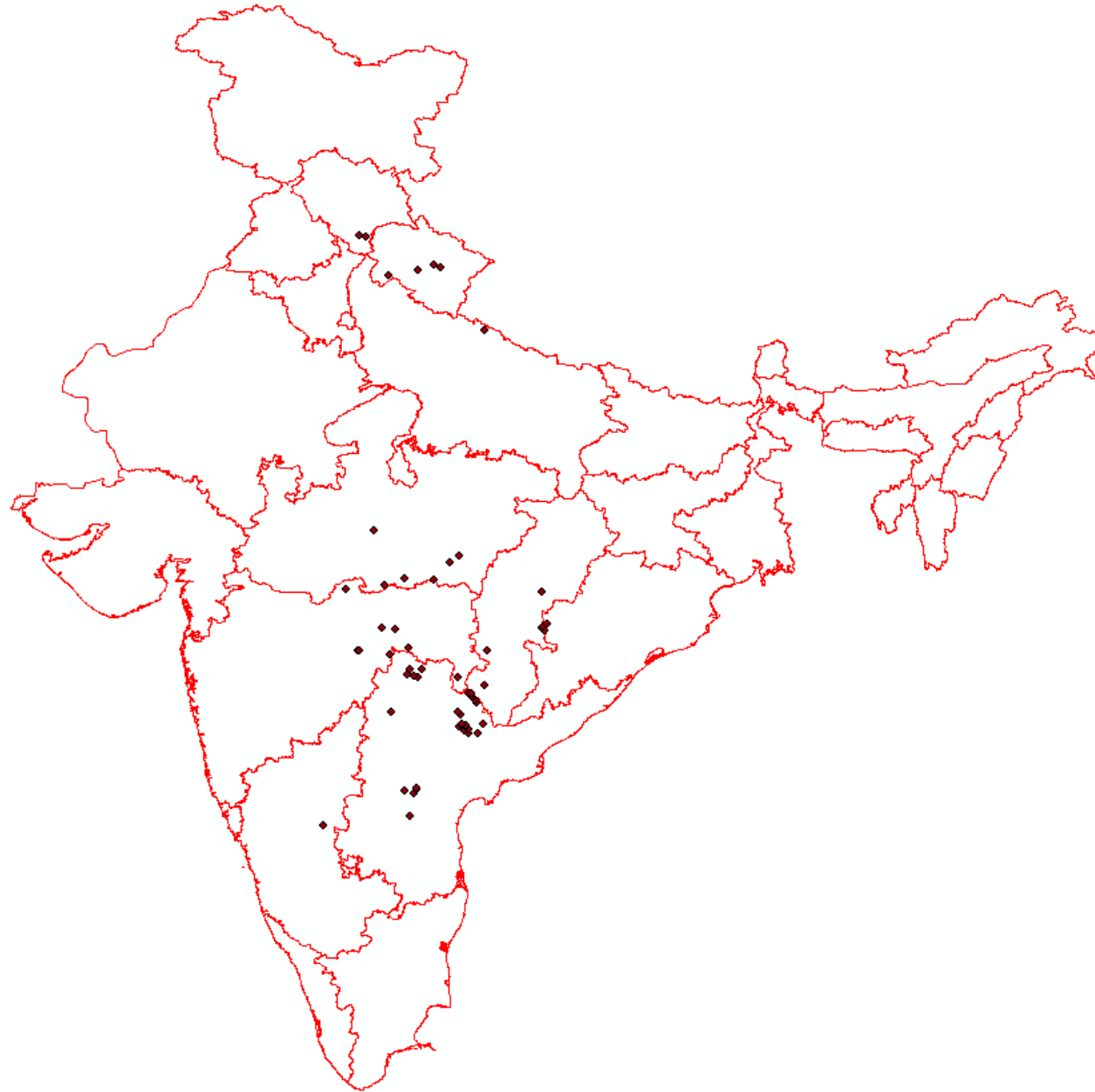


# Work Flow for Pre-Warning Alert System for Forest Fire

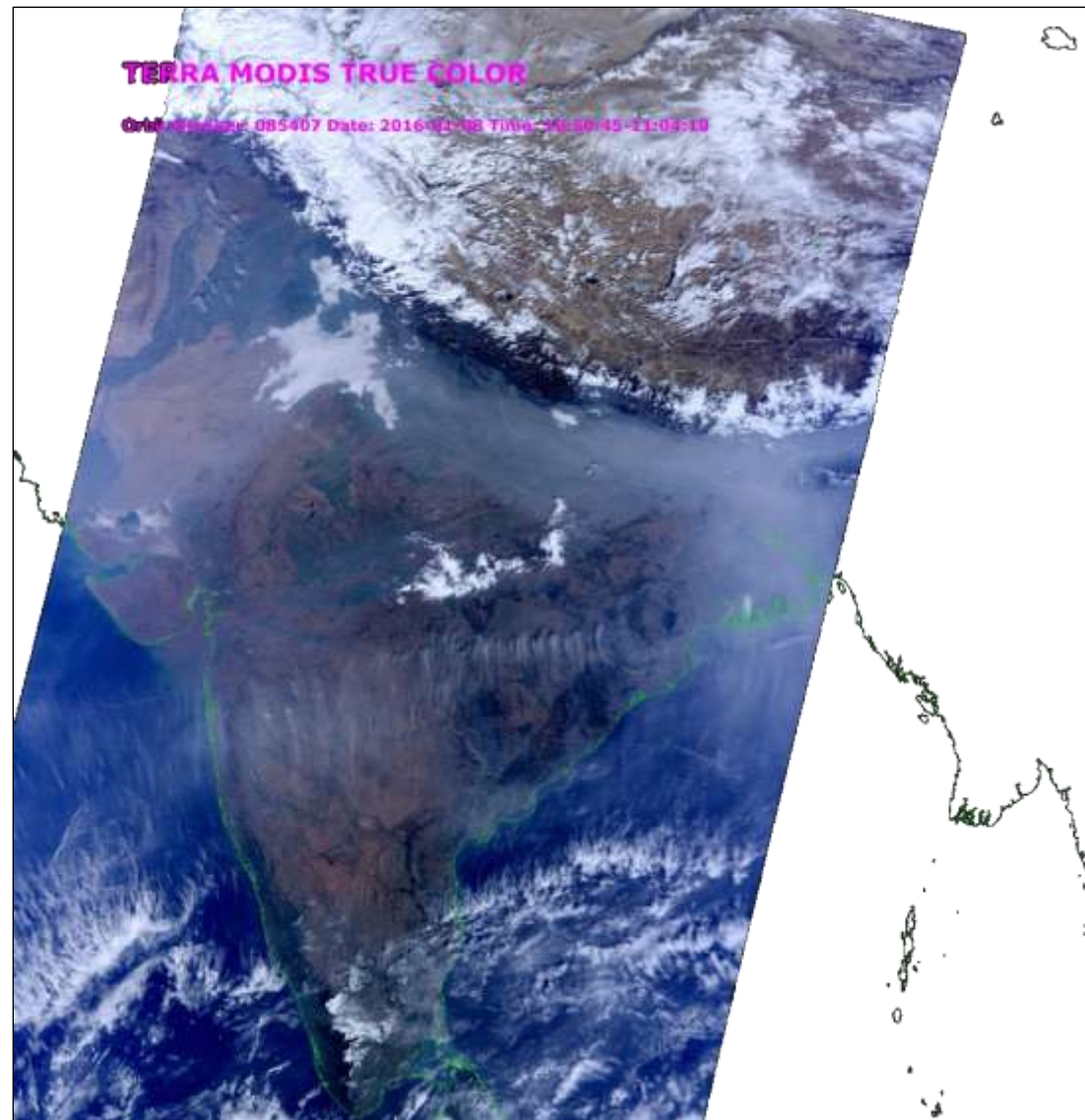




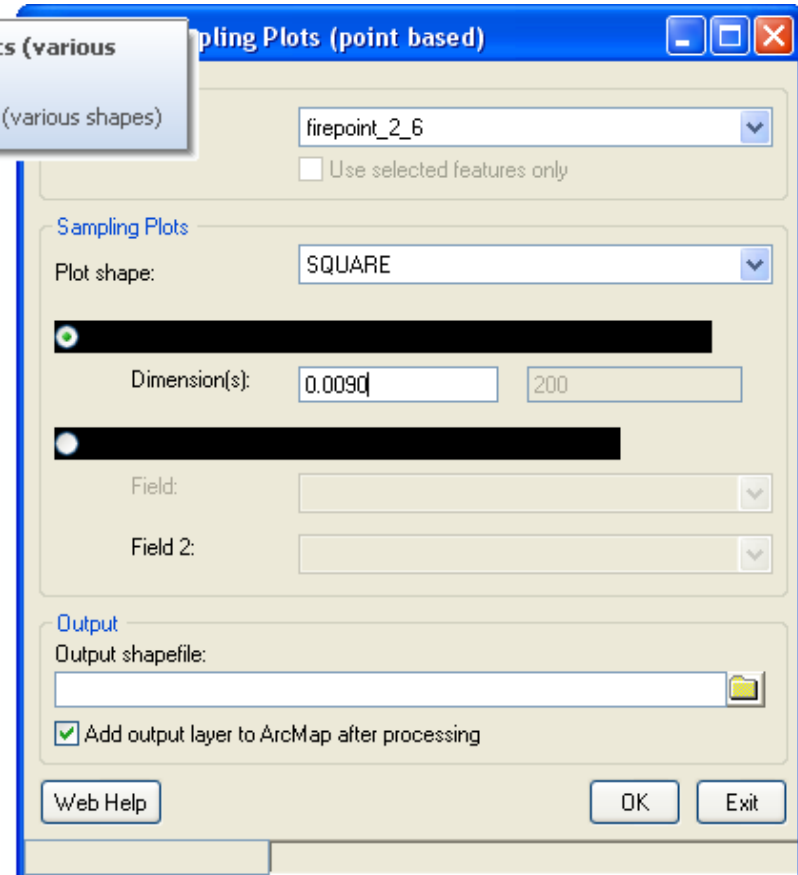
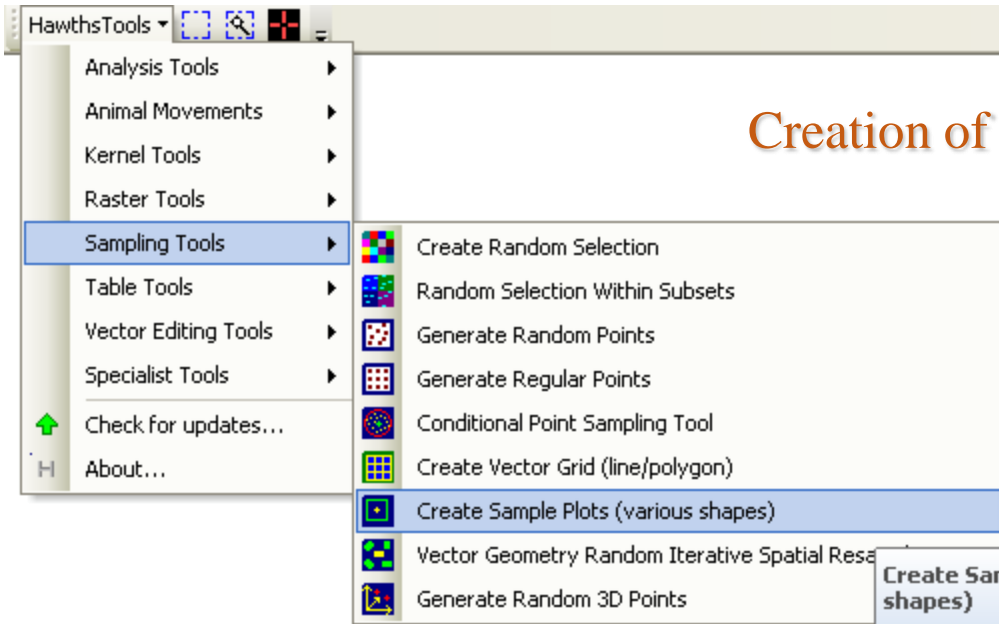
## Fire point of 06 Feb. 2016 overlaid on India state boundary



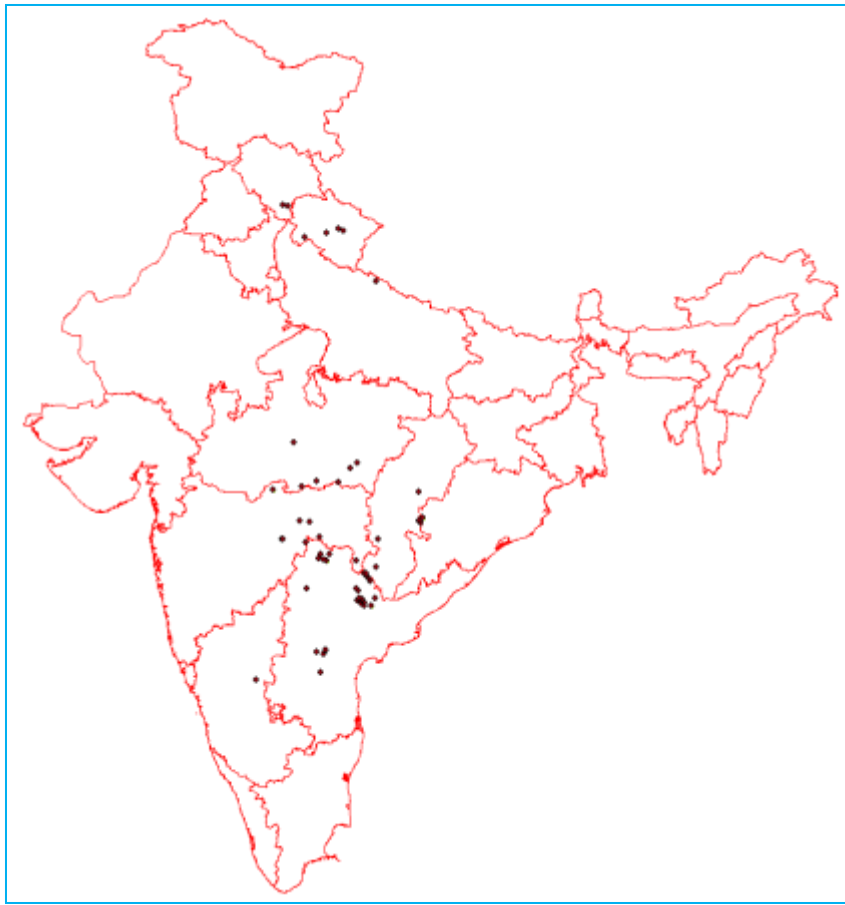
# Terra MODIS true color Image



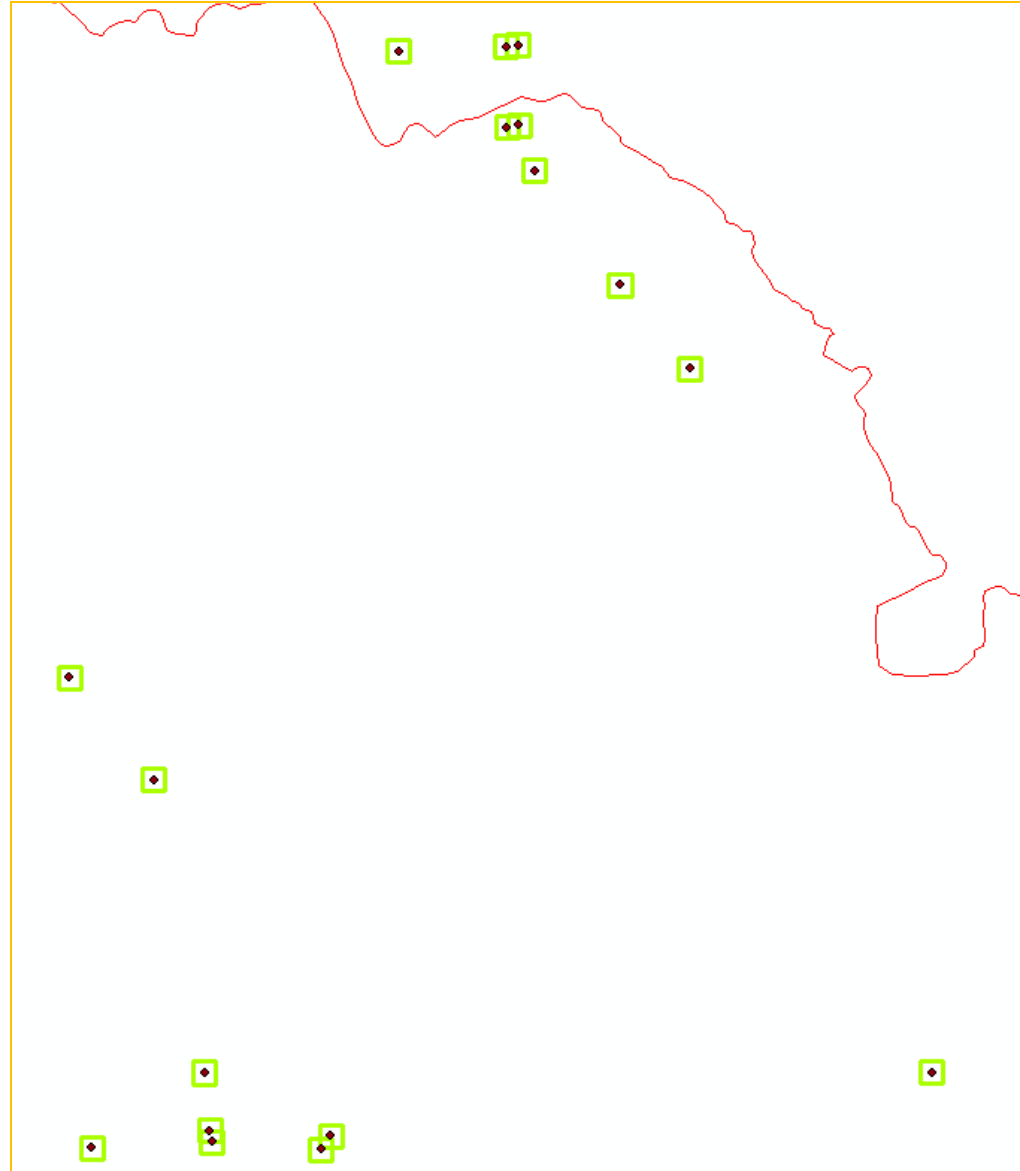
## Creation of buffer (1km x 1km)





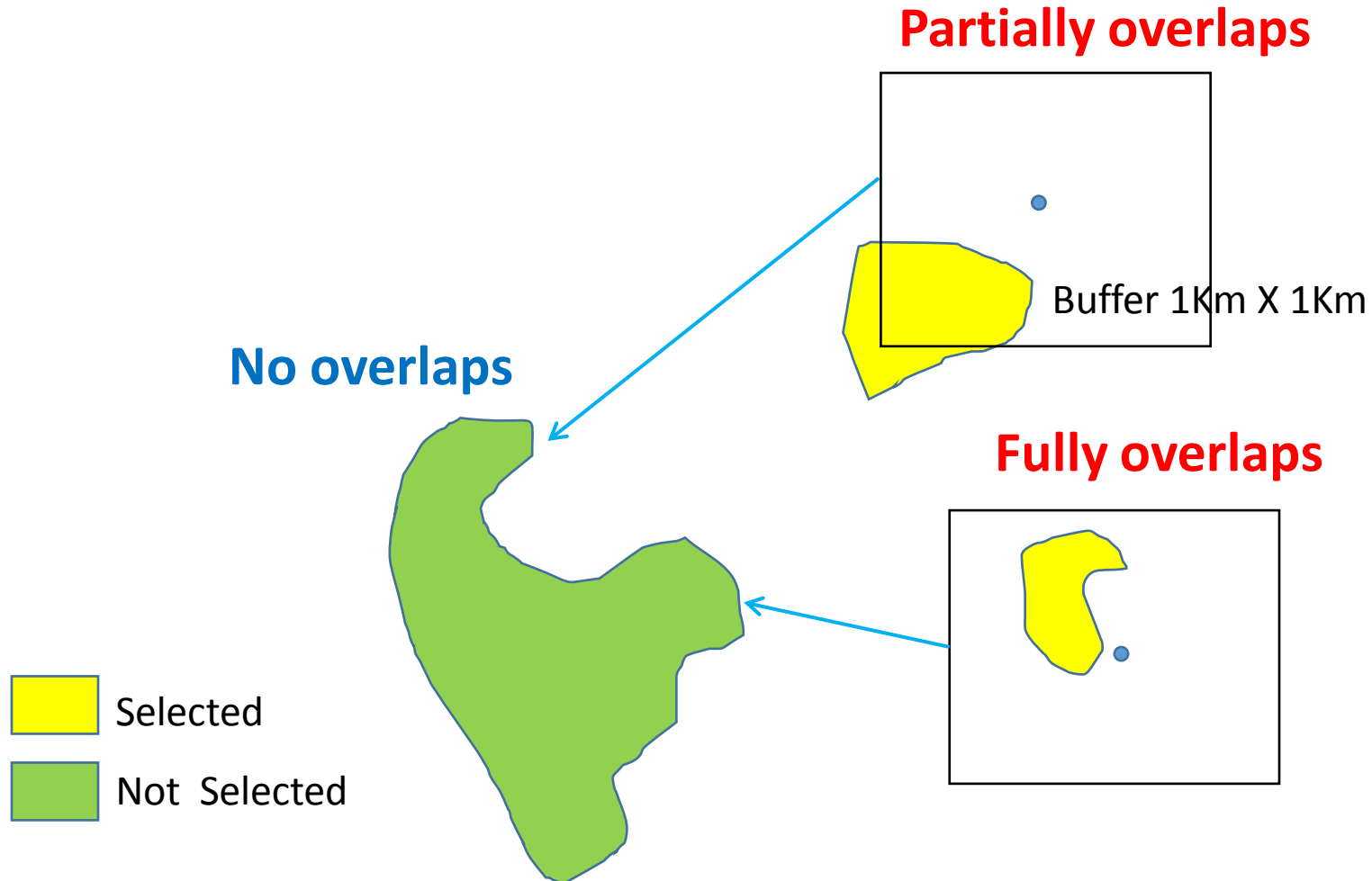


### Buffer (1Km x 1Km)

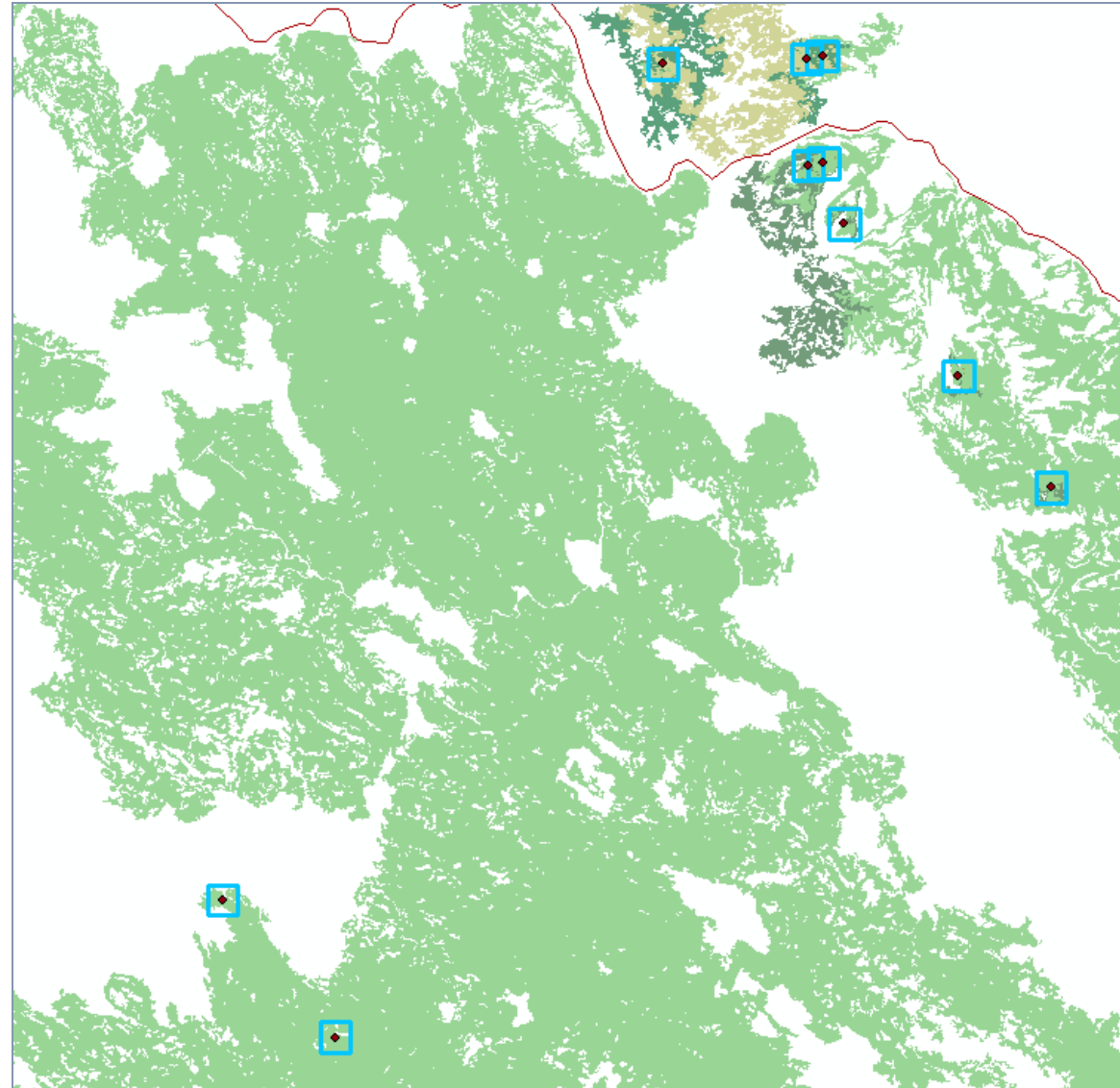


# Selection of Forest Types

- ✓ Selection of Forest types based on intersect
- ✓ Intersect returns any feature that either full or partially overlaps the source features



# FTM intersected with 1kmx1km buffer polygon



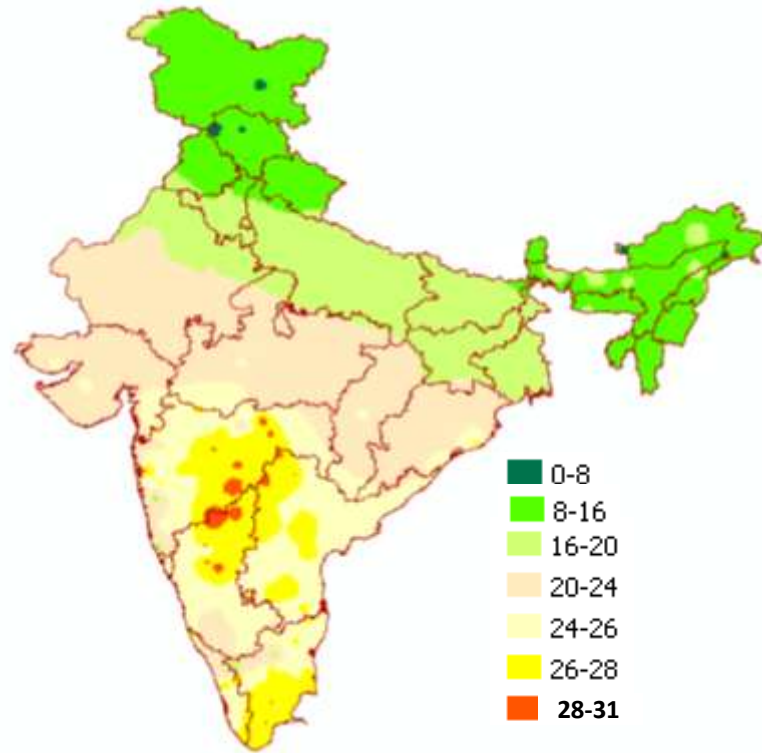


# Near real time Temperature & Rainfall data from Indian Meteorological Department

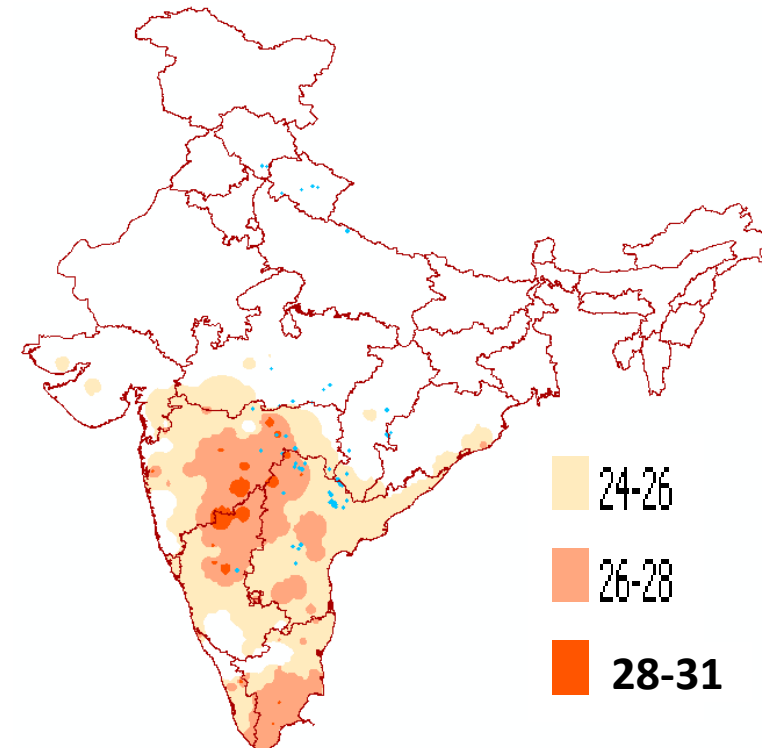
SR.NO.	STATION NAME	DATE	TIME	LATITUDE[N]	LONGITUDE[E]	SLP[hPa]	MSLP	RAINFALL[mm]	TEMPERATURE [Deg C]	POINT DEW [Deg C]	WIND SPEED [Kt]	WIND DIR [Deg]
1	VEDASANDUR	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	10.5	78	986.5	1010.3 hpa	0	26.8	26.8	2	100
2	UTTAR_KASHI	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	30.4	79.4	885.6	1545.3 gpm	0	13		0	60
3	TAWANG	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	27.6	91.9	716.5	3192.6 gpm	0	0.2		1	60
4	TAVANUR	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	10.8	75	1008.8	1011.4 hpa	2	27.9	26.8	1	0
5	THIRUVANANTHAPURAM	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	8.5	77		----	0	28.8		6	320
6	TIRUMALLA	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	13.7	79.4	970.1	1926.9 gpm	0	9.2		1	80
7	THOOTHUKUDI PORT	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	8.8	78.2	1009.8	1010.2 hpa	0	28.6		5	350
8	TIRUCHENDUR	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	8.5	78.1	1009.5	1010 hpa	3	29.3	29.3	6	20
9	SHAR	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	13.7	80.2	1011.5	1012.2 hpa	0	27.4		2	70
10	SAGAR_ISLAND	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	21.8	88	1013.3	1013.6 hpa	0	21.1	21.1	1	350
11	MUMBAI_SANTA_CRUZ	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	19.1	72.8	1007.3	----	0			2	340
12	RASPUR	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	21.2	81.7	982.5	1016 hpa	0	24.1	8.9		200
13	RAHURJ	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	19.4	74.6	951.3	1008.1 hpa	0	29.9		1	0
14	RAJOURNAGAR	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	18.5	73.8	943.4	1007.4 hpa	0	33.4		5	310
15	PUNE(CAGMO)	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	18.5	73.8	949.6	1010.5 hpa	0	29.6	18.8	2	340
16	PEDDAPURAM	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	17.1	82.2	1007.1	1012.4 hpa	0	25.8	25.8	2	140
17	NEYYOOR	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	8.2	77.3	1005	1010.9 hpa	2	27.3	27.3	1	70
18	NAWAPARA	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	20.8	82.6		----	0	24.6		1	90
19	NASIK	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	20	73.7	944.5	1012.1 hpa	0	26	17.9	2	310
20	NIMAPARA	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	20	86.1	1012.3	1013.9 hpa	0	26.4	26.4	2	80
21	MATHURA	15-Dec-15	12:00:00	27.5	77.7	995.3	1015.6 hpa	0	19		0	

Data Source: IMD Pune, AWS Lab.

## Temperature Map interpolated from IMD Data of 06th February 2016

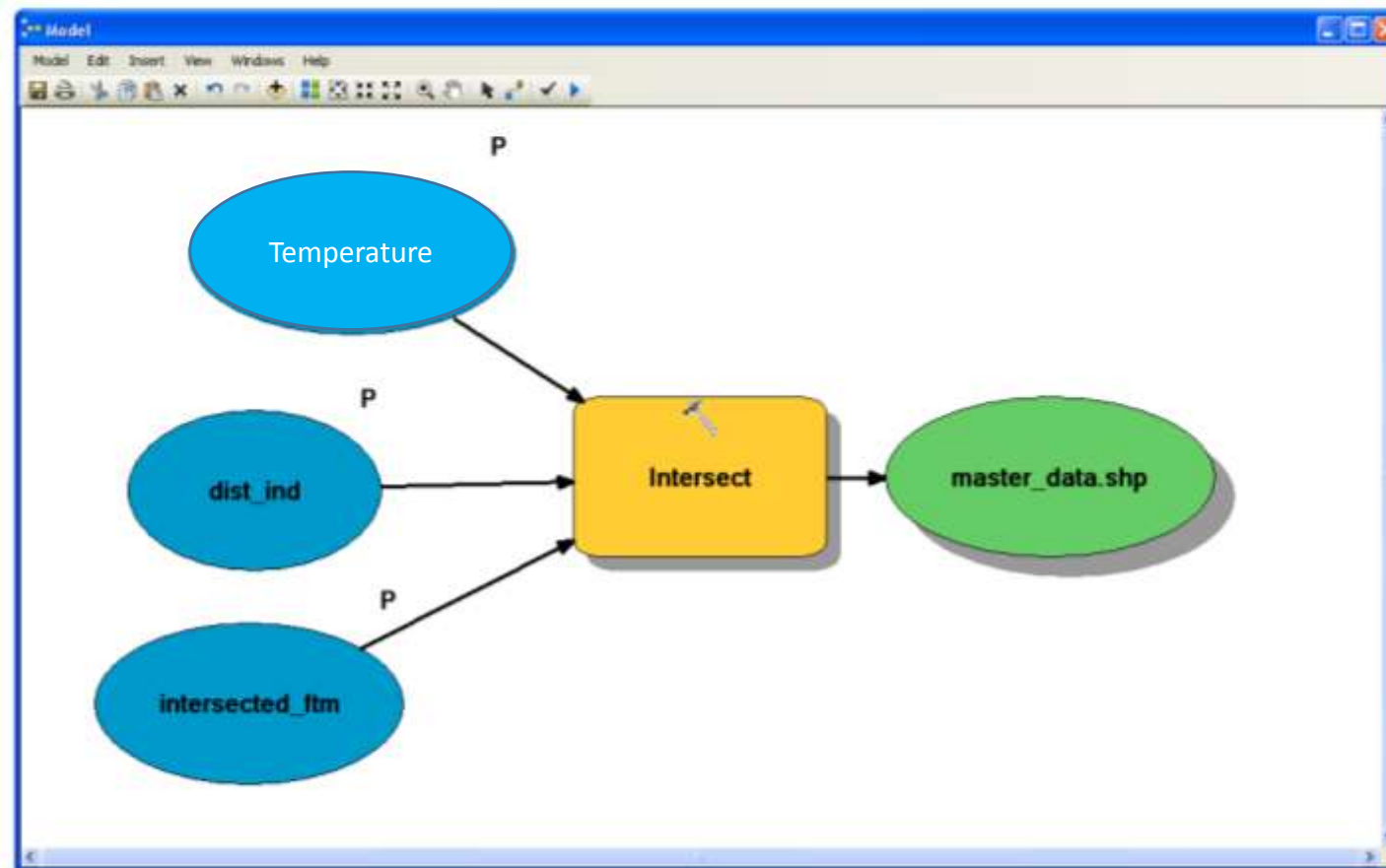


## Selected Temperature range for Pre-warning



# Intersect

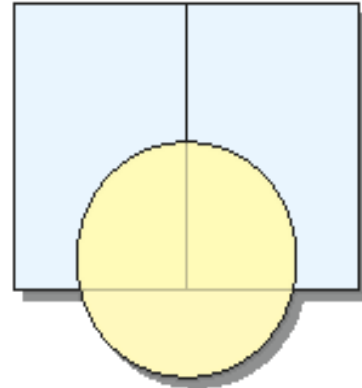
- Computes a geometric intersection of the input features(Temperature, District Boundary , and Forest Types )
- Feature or portion of feature which overlap in all layers and /or feature classes will be written to the output feature





# Continued...

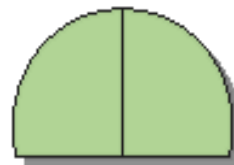
INPUT



INTERSECT  
FEATURE

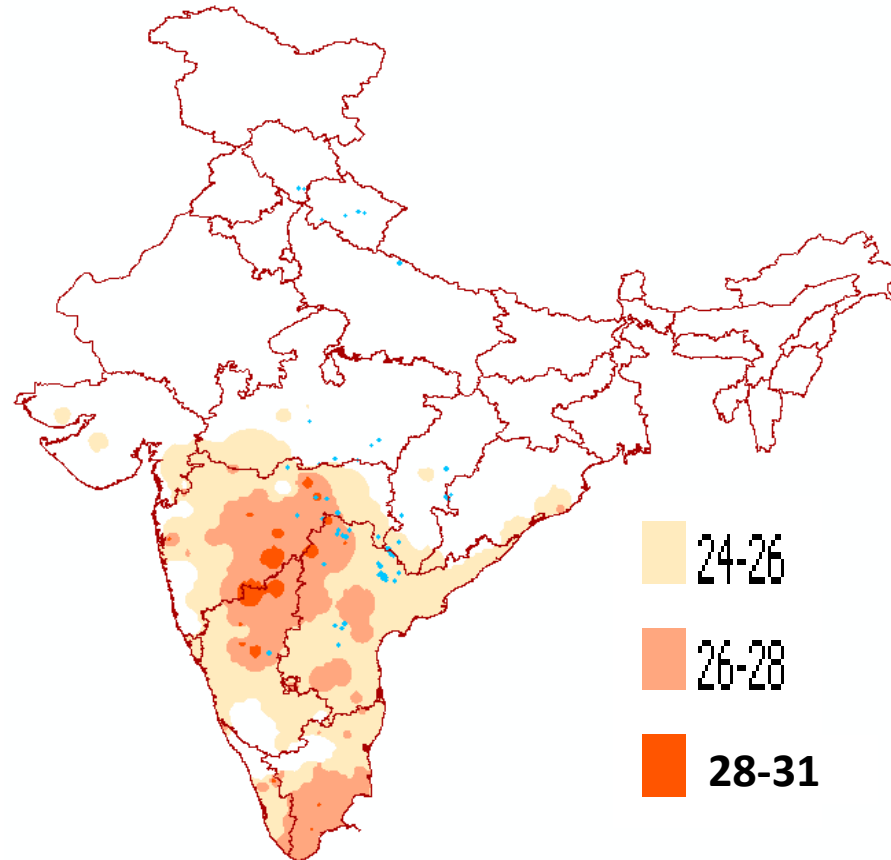


OUTPUT



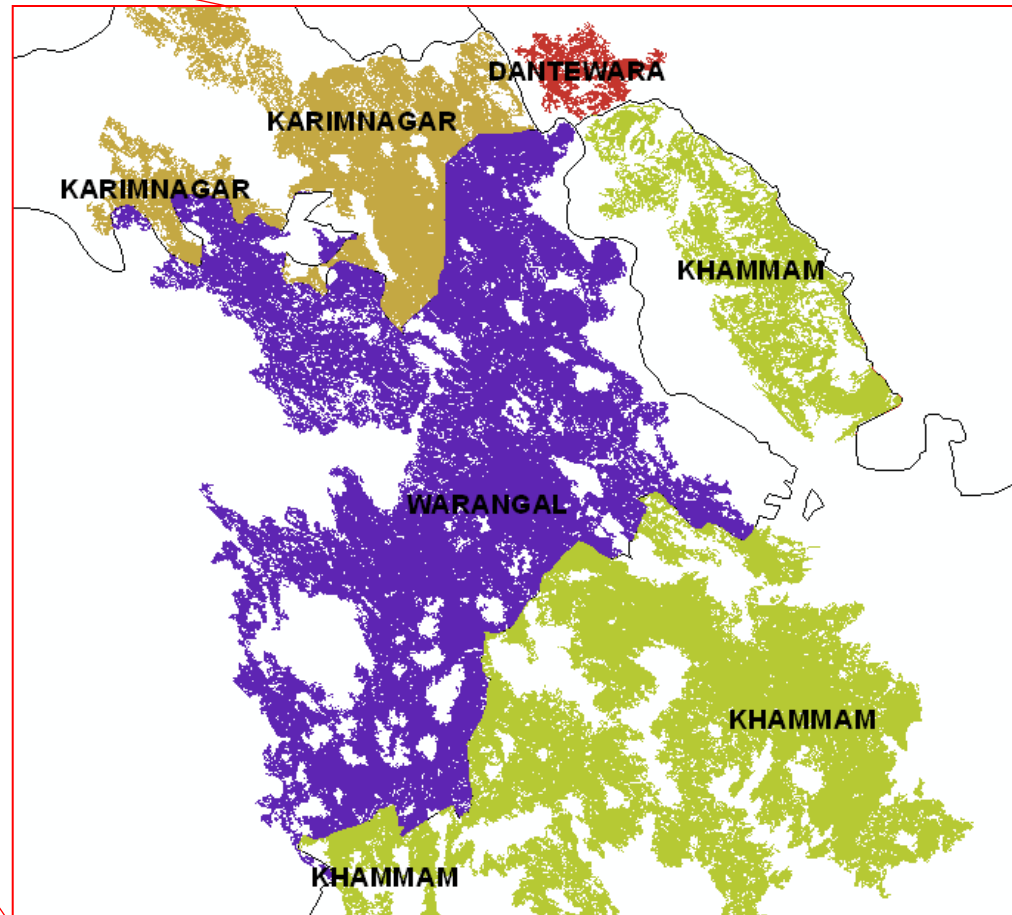
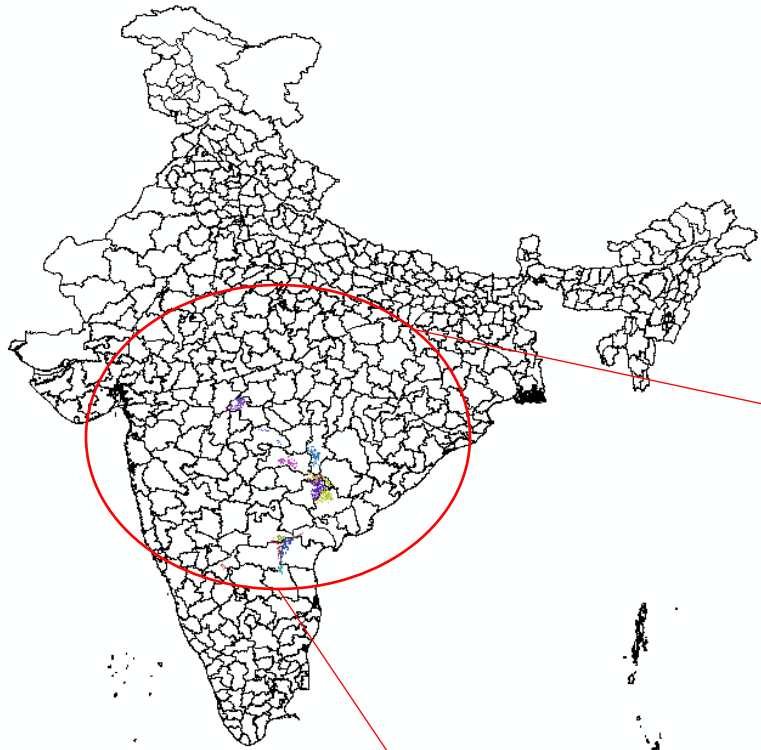


# Selected Temperature range for Pre-warning



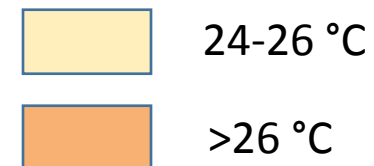
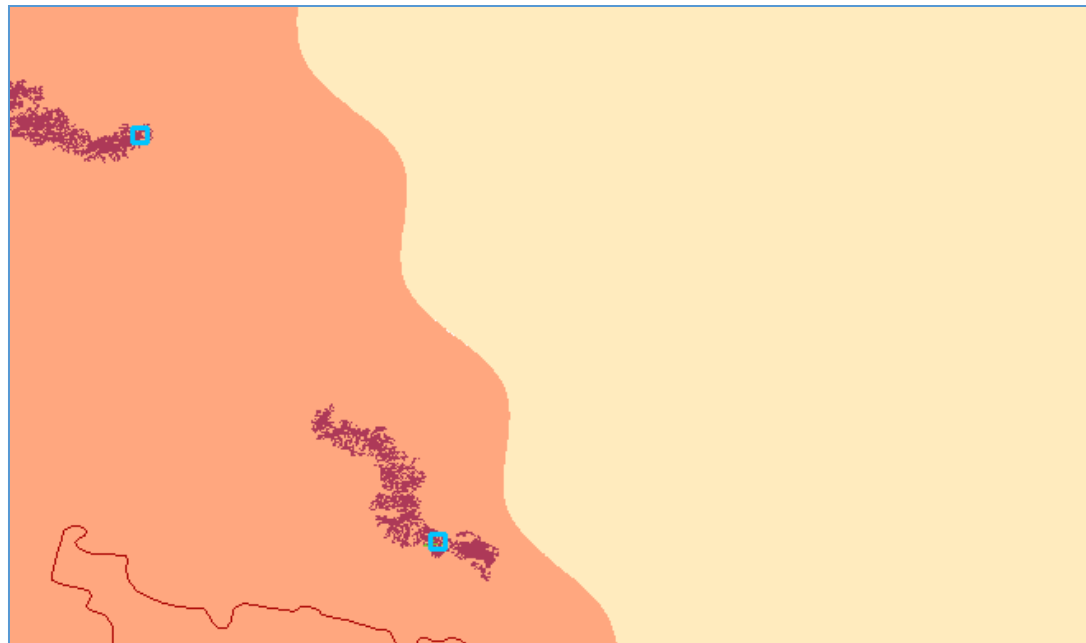


# Pre-warning polygons District wise



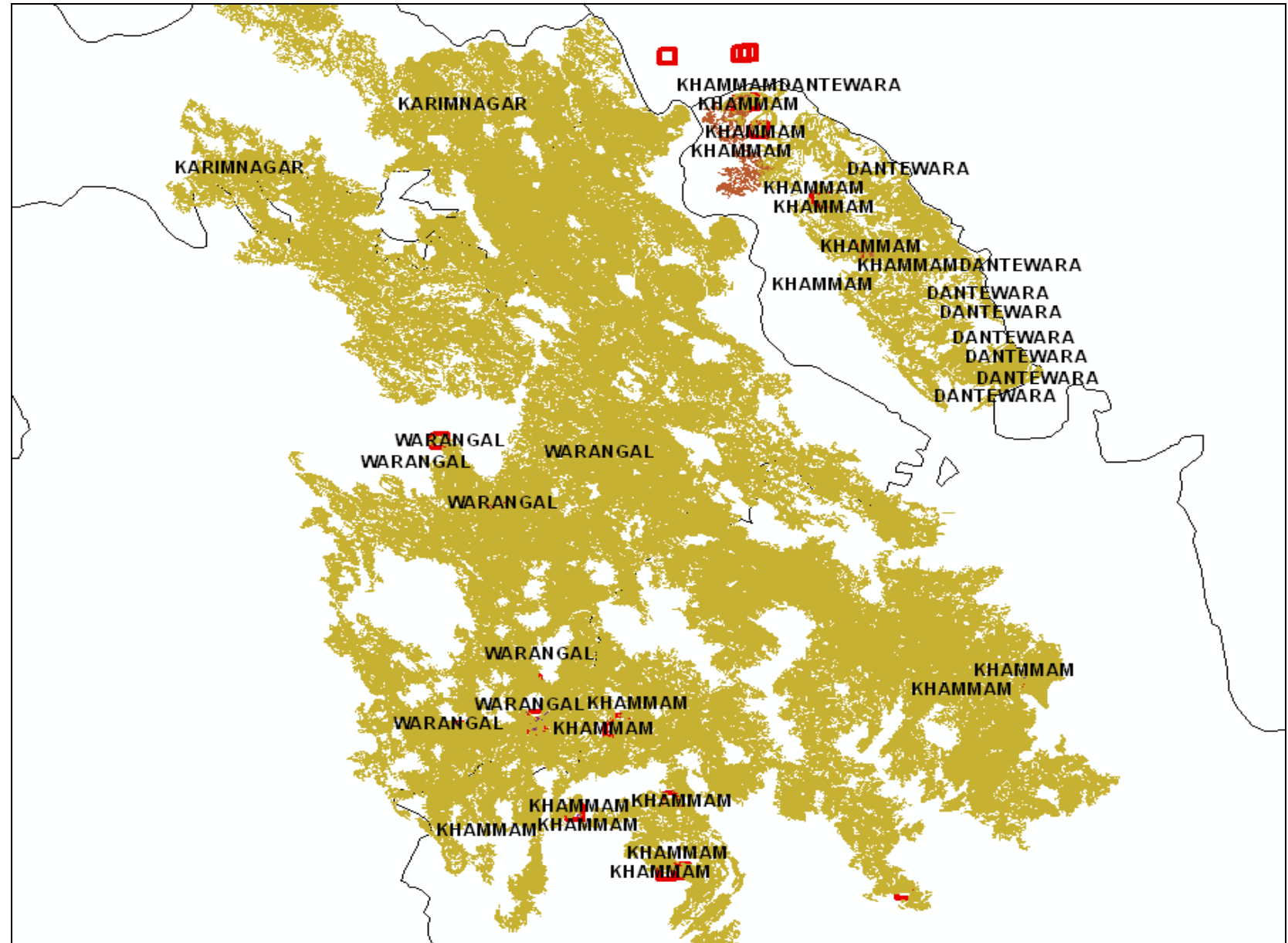
## Intersected forest types

- 3B/C1 b Moist Teak Forest
- 3B/C1 c Slightly Moist Teak Forest
- 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest
- 3C/2e (ii) Moist Peninsular Low Level Sal Forests
- 5/2S1 Secondary Dry Deciduous Forest
- 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub
- 5/E9 Dry Bamboo Brake
- 5A/C1 a Very Dry Teak Forest
- 5A/C1 b Dry Teak Forest
- 5A/C3 Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest
- 6A/C1 Southern Thorn Forest



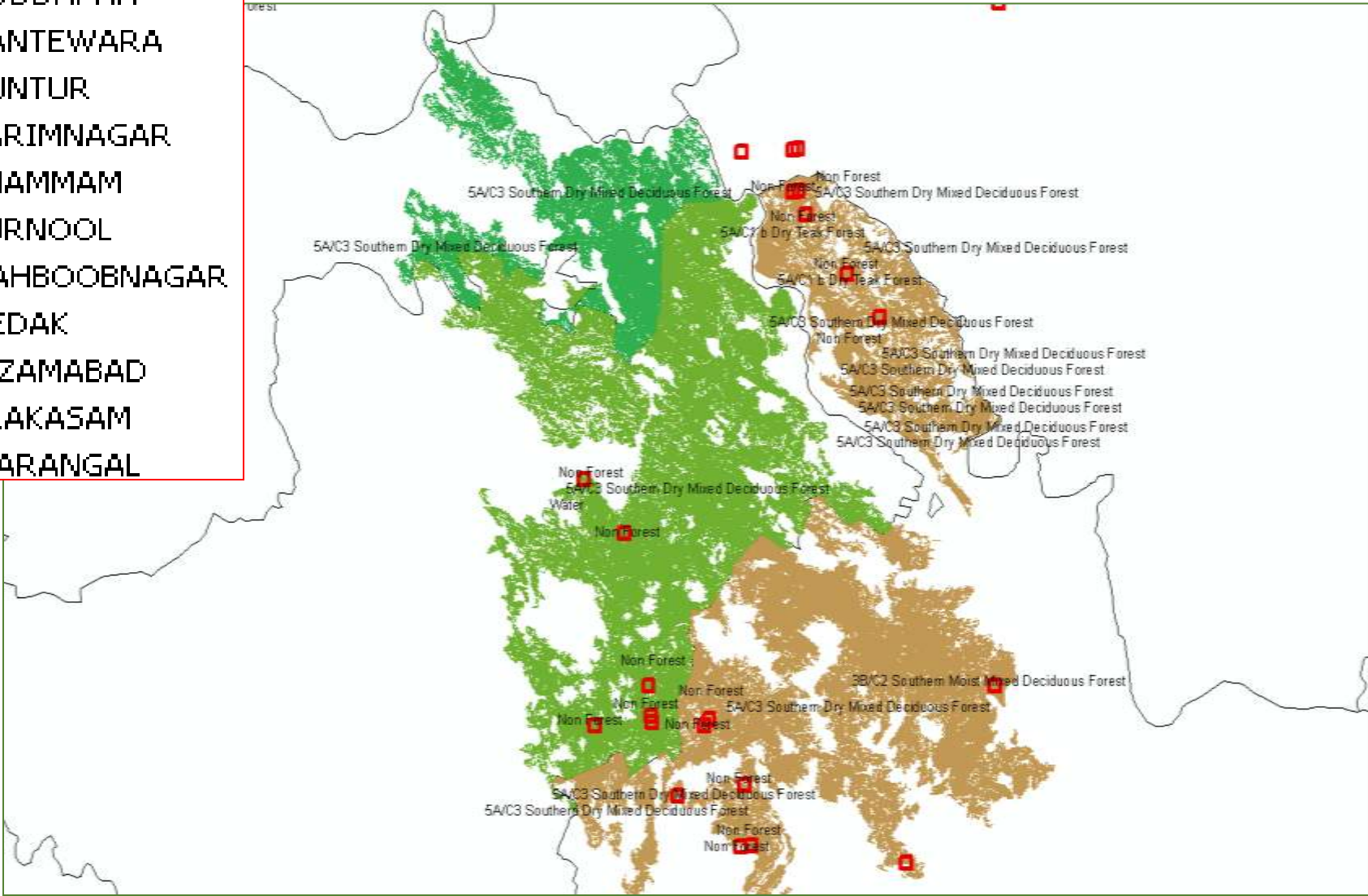
# Forest type wise Distribution

- 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest
- 5/2S1 Secondary Dry Deciduous Forest
- 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub
- 5/E9 Dry Bamboo Brake
- 5A/C1 b Dry Teak Forest
- 5A/C3 Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest
- 6A/C1 Southern Thorn Forest



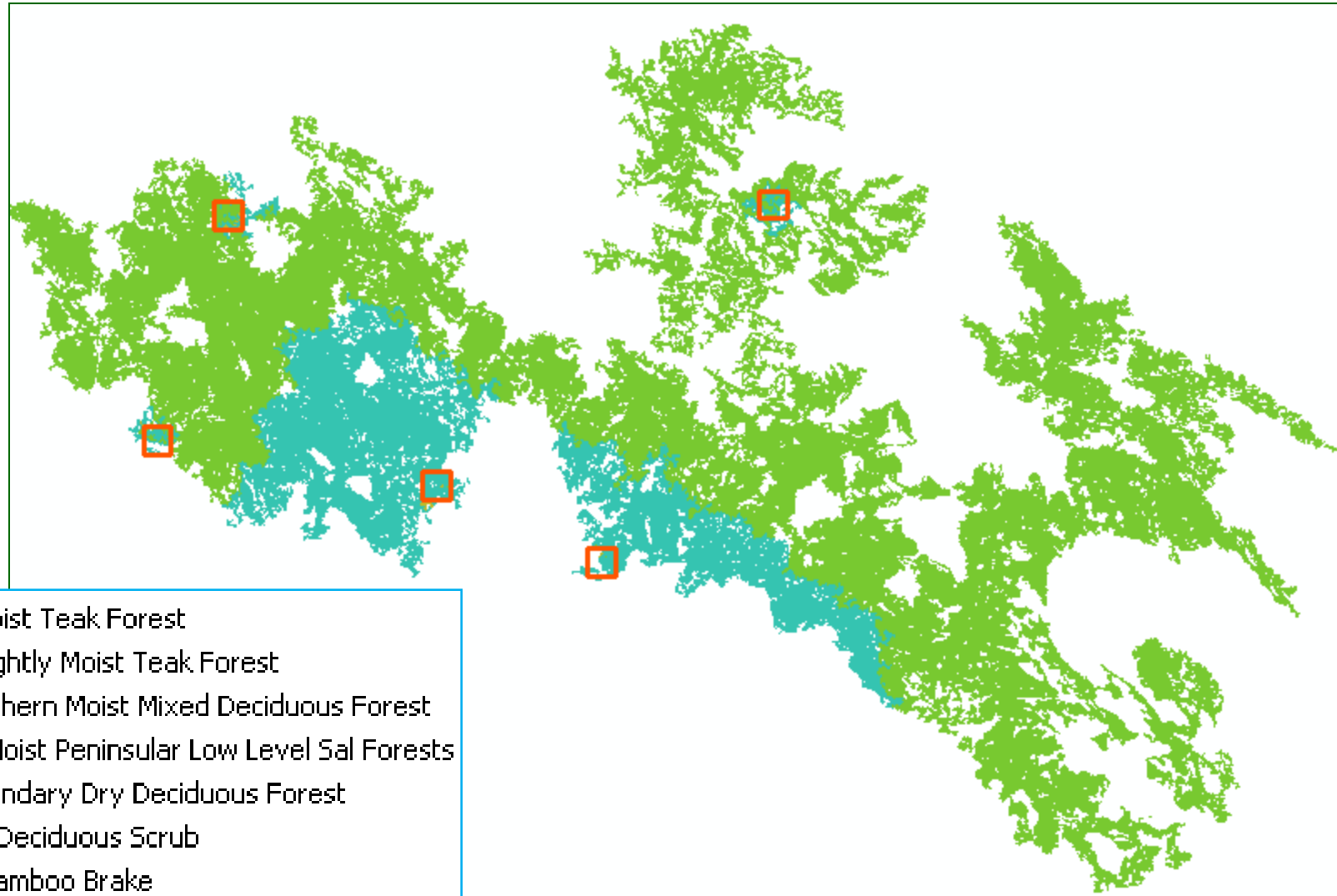
# District wise distribution

- ADILABAD
- BELLARY
- CHITRADURG
- CODDAPAH
- DANTEWARA
- GUNTUR
- KARIMNAGAR
- KHAMMAM
- KURNOOL
- MAHBOOBNAGAR
- MEDAK
- NIZAMABAD
- PRAKASAM
- WARANGAL



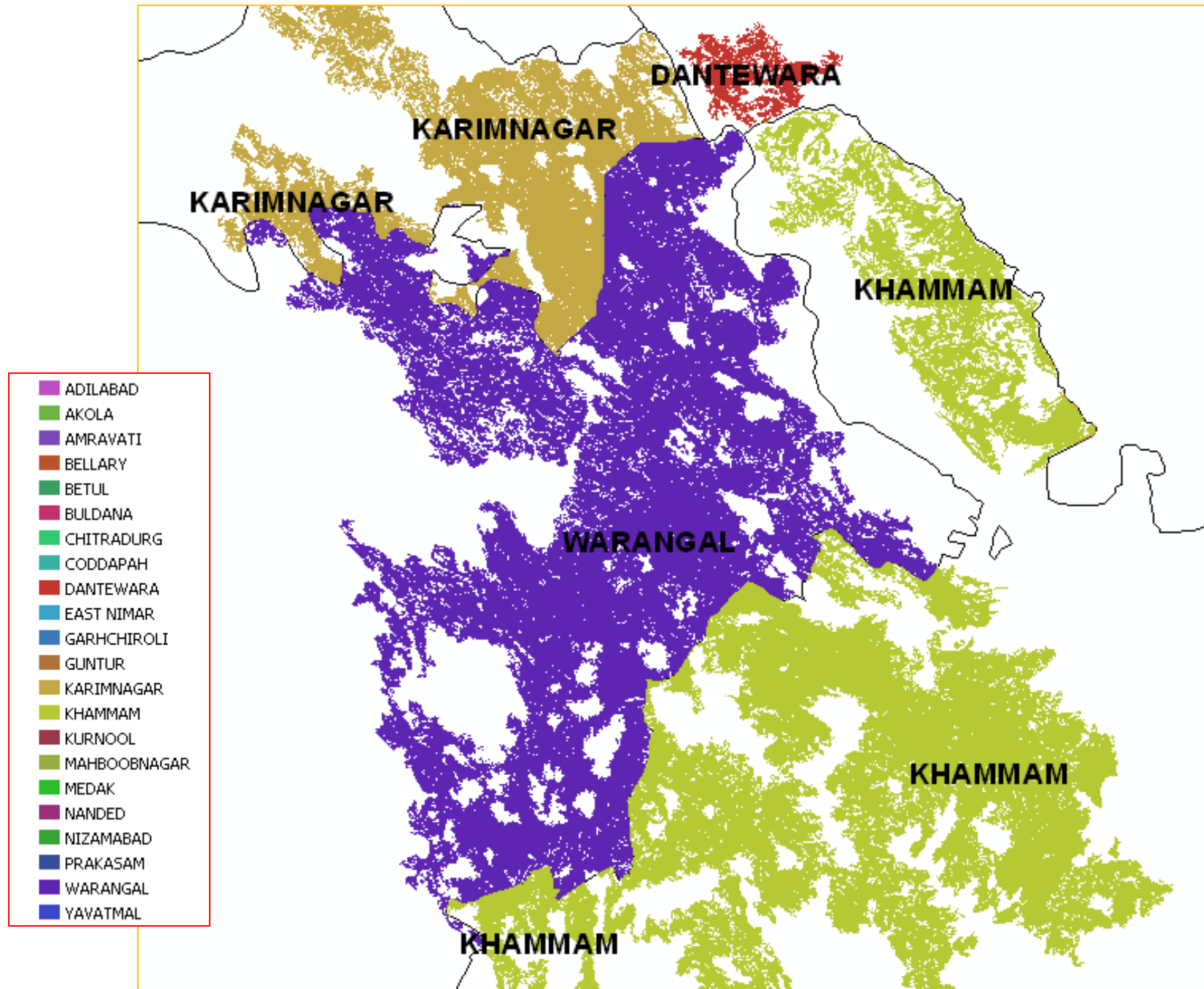


Continued..

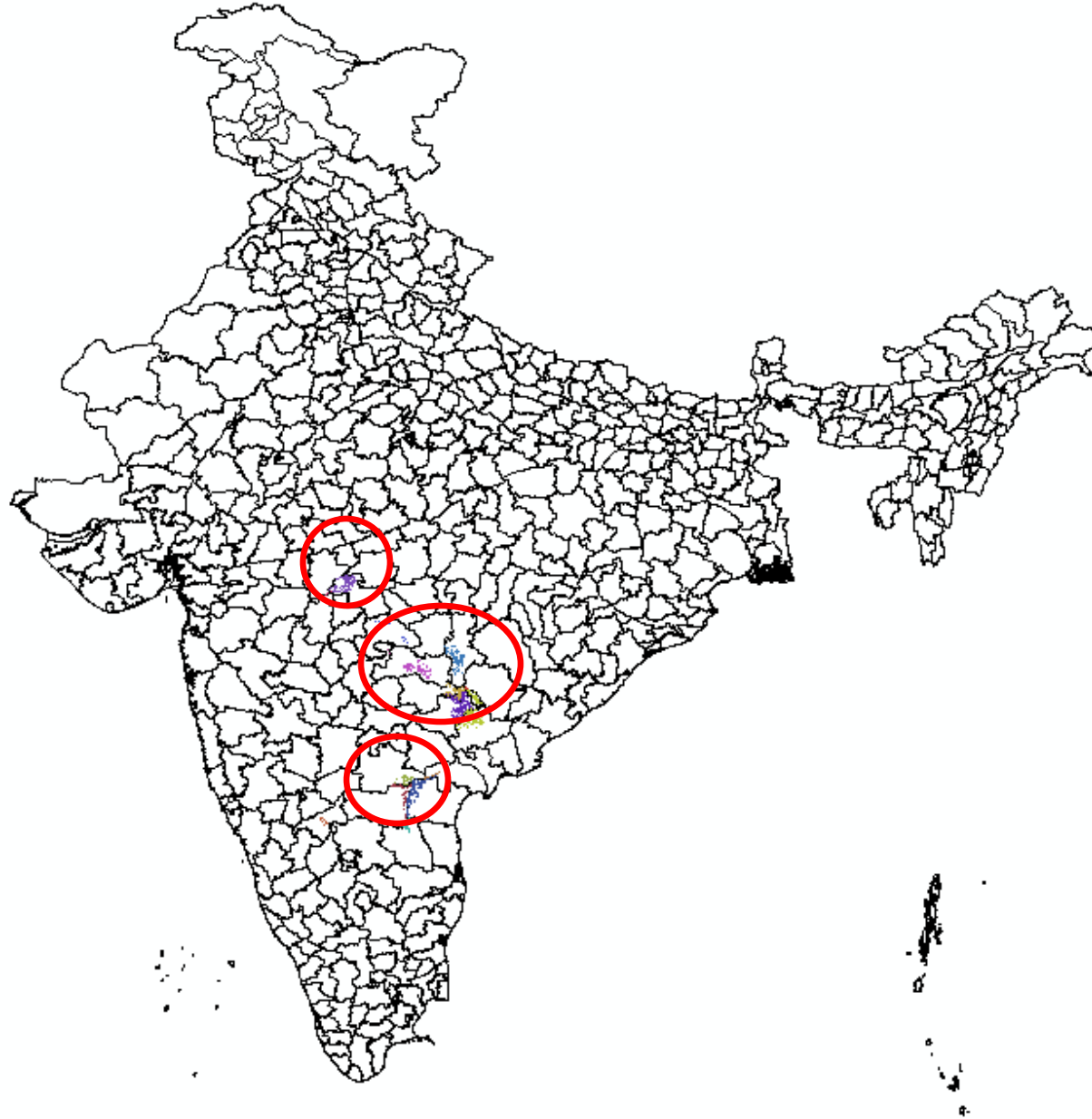


- 3B/C1 b Moist Teak Forest
- 3B/C1 c Slightly Moist Teak Forest
- 3B/C2 Southern Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest
- 3C/2e (ii) Moist Peninsular Low Level Sal Forests
- 5/251 Secondary Dry Deciduous Forest
- 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub
- 5/E9 Dry Bamboo Brake
- 5A/C1 a Very Dry Teak Forest
- 5A/C1 b Dry Teak Forest
- 5A/C3 Southern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest
- 6A/C1 Southern Thorn Forest

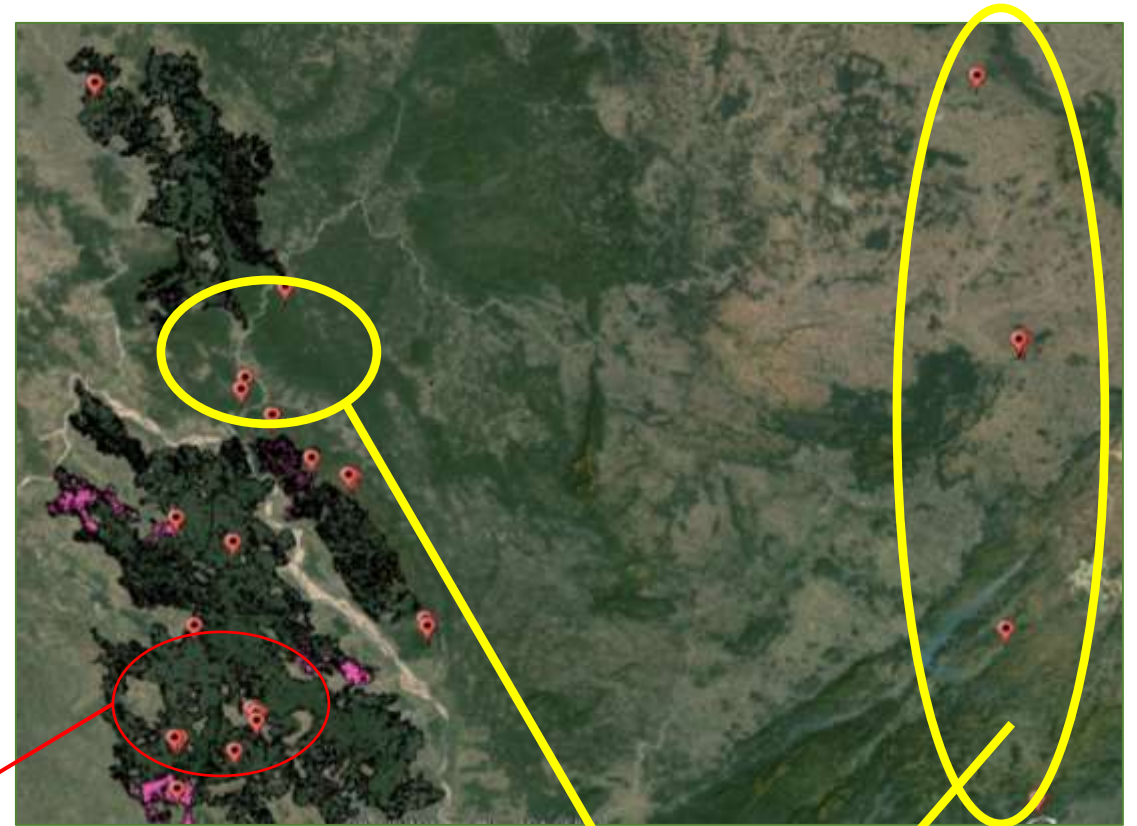
Continued ...



## Regions selected for Pre-Warning Alerts



# Fire Points overlaid on previous day Pre-Warning Alert layer (Visualised on Google Earth)



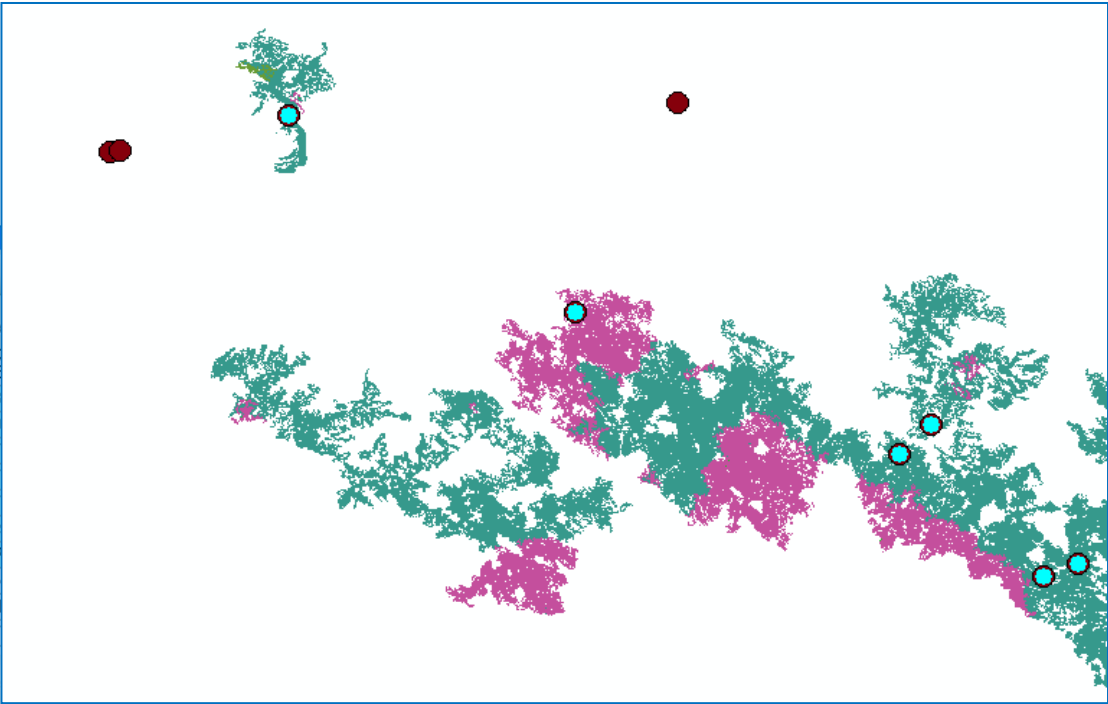
Inside

Out side



56 points out of 173 fall within the pre-warning alert region

FID	Shape *	FID_D_2016	LINE	SAMPLE	LAT	L
0	Point	4	2393	1197	13.473406	78
1	Point	10	2603	1035	15.75572	78
2	Point	12	2608	1019	15.839305	79
3	Point	14	2623	1043	15.916315	78
4	Point	13	2623	1042	15.918491	78
5	Point	15	2628	1039	15.97685	78
6	Point	19	2640	1050	16.047295	78
7	Point	18	2639	1051	16.051426	7
8	Point	33	2723	769	17.265272	81
9	Point	36	2727	794	17.265989	81
10	Point	44	2737	834	17.297426	80

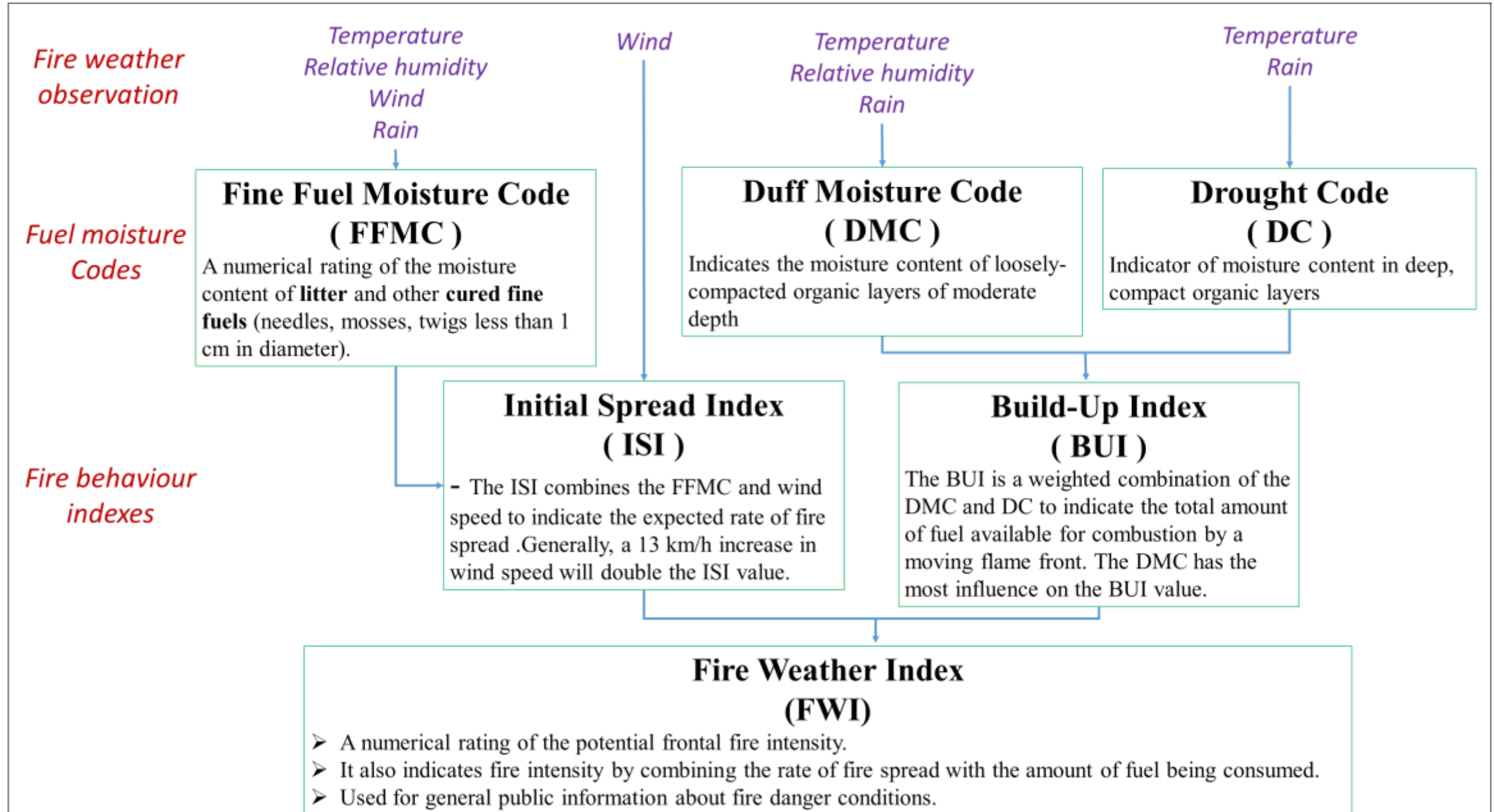


- Forest fire points falling within pre-warning alert region for forest fire layer disseminated on 15<sup>th</sup> February
- Forest fire points falling outside pre-warning alert region for forest fire layer disseminated on 15<sup>th</sup> February

# Results of Pre-warning Alert

- ✓ **Based on the analysis, around 33% of the forest fire points fall over the Pre-Warning alert layer**
- ✓ **Warning for 49 districts falling in 9 states and comprising 17,837 sq km area have been alerted for pre-warning of forest fires**
- ✓ **Most of the fires have been observed within the RFA boundaries provided by the states**

# Over view of fire weather index



# FWI calculation model an example

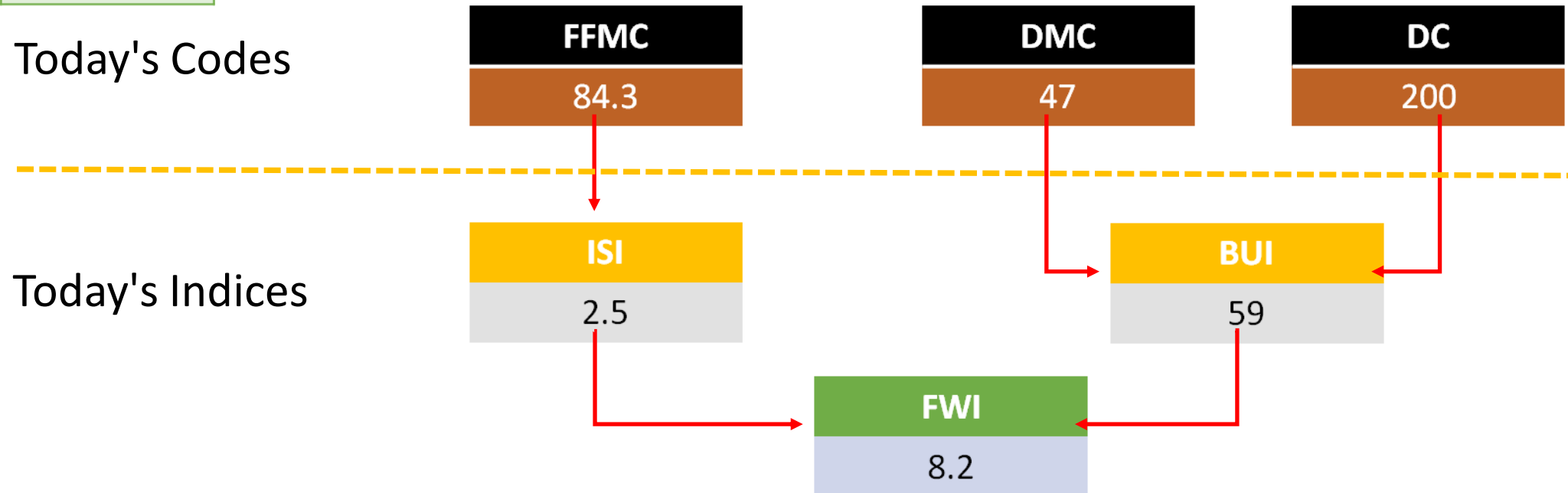
<b>LATITUDE</b>	<b>23</b>
MONTH	01

## Today's 12:00 Weather

TEMP	30.0
WIND	5.0
RH	60.0
24 hr RAIN	1.0

## Yesterday's Moisture Codes

<b>FFMC</b>	<b>85</b>
DMC	45
DC	195





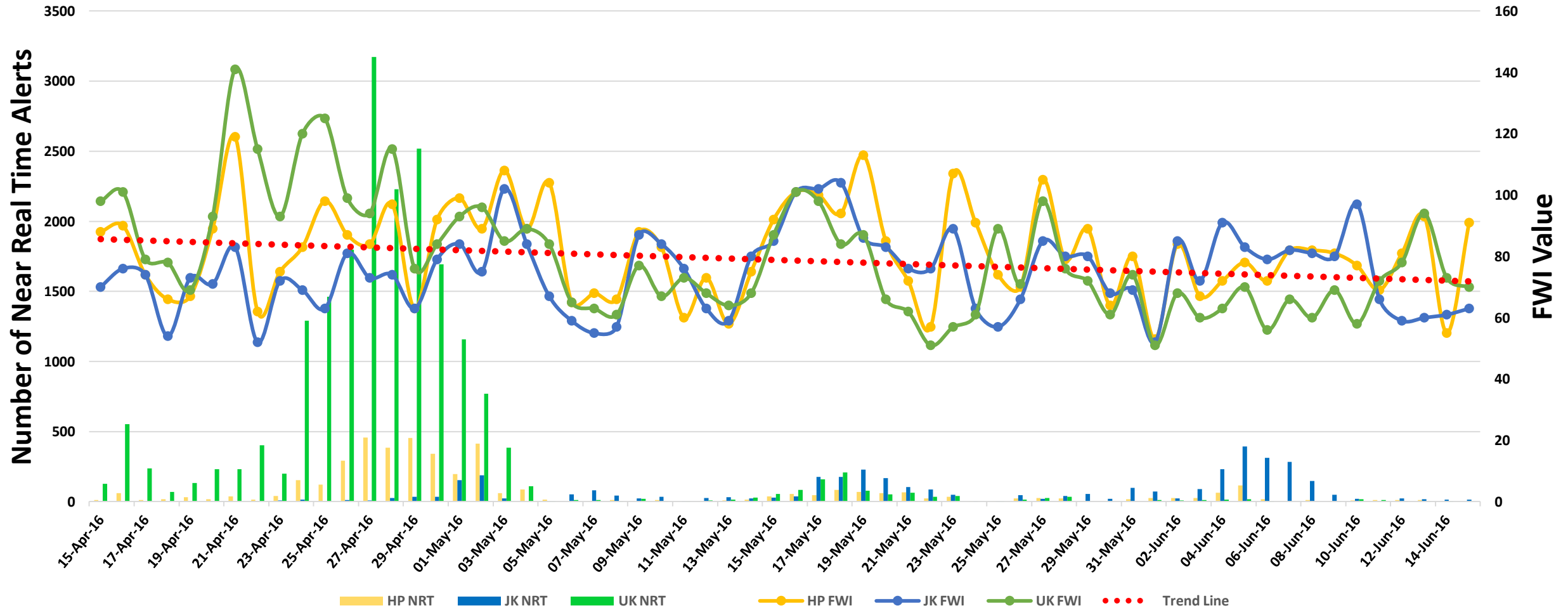
# Customised Fire Danger Rating System (FDRS) based on Fire Weather Index (FWI) for Pilot States of India

## Western Himalayan States

1 Himachal Pradesh(HP)

2 Jammu and Kashmir(JK)

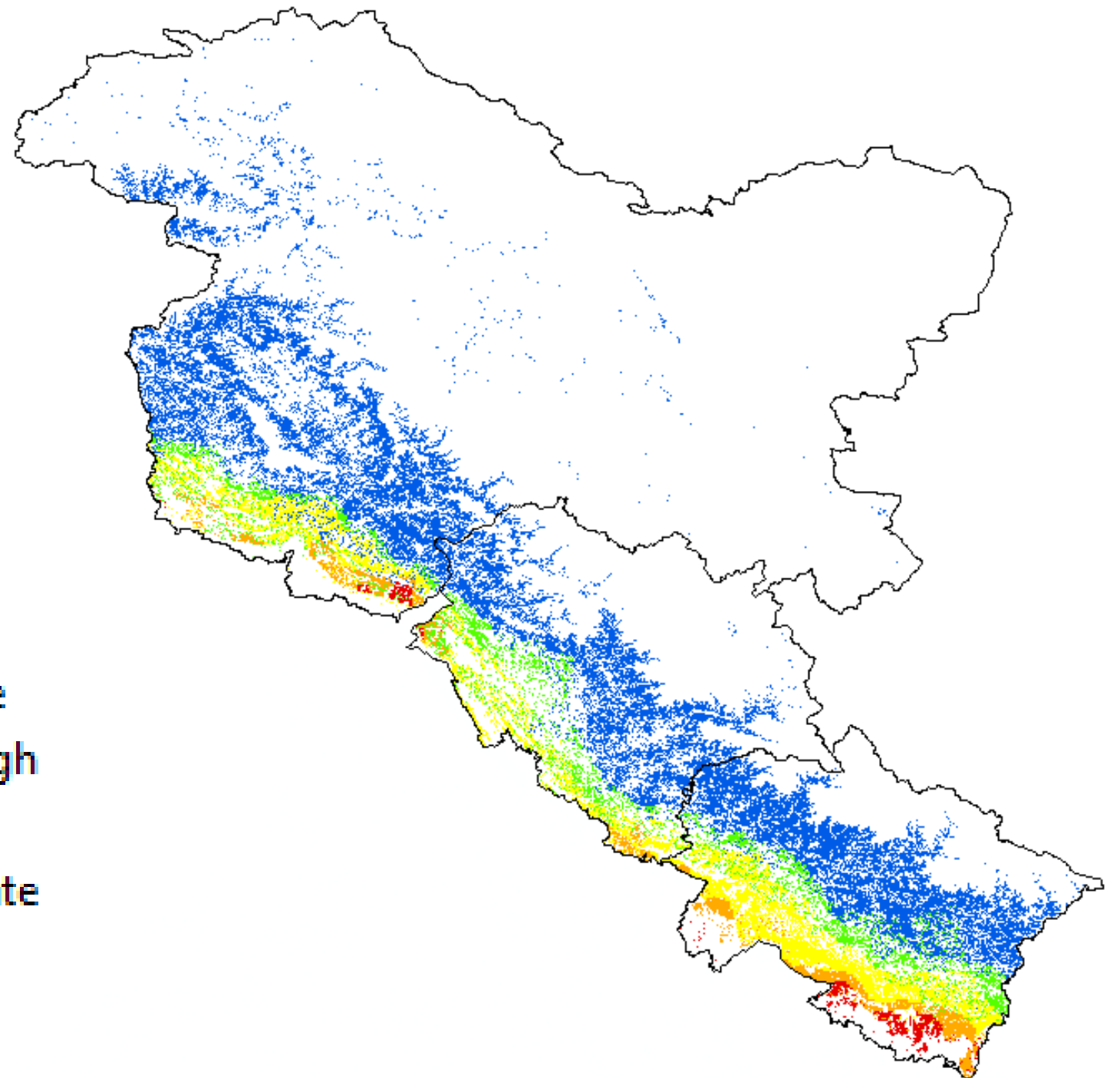
3 Uttarakhand(UK)



# Western Himalaya

FDRS

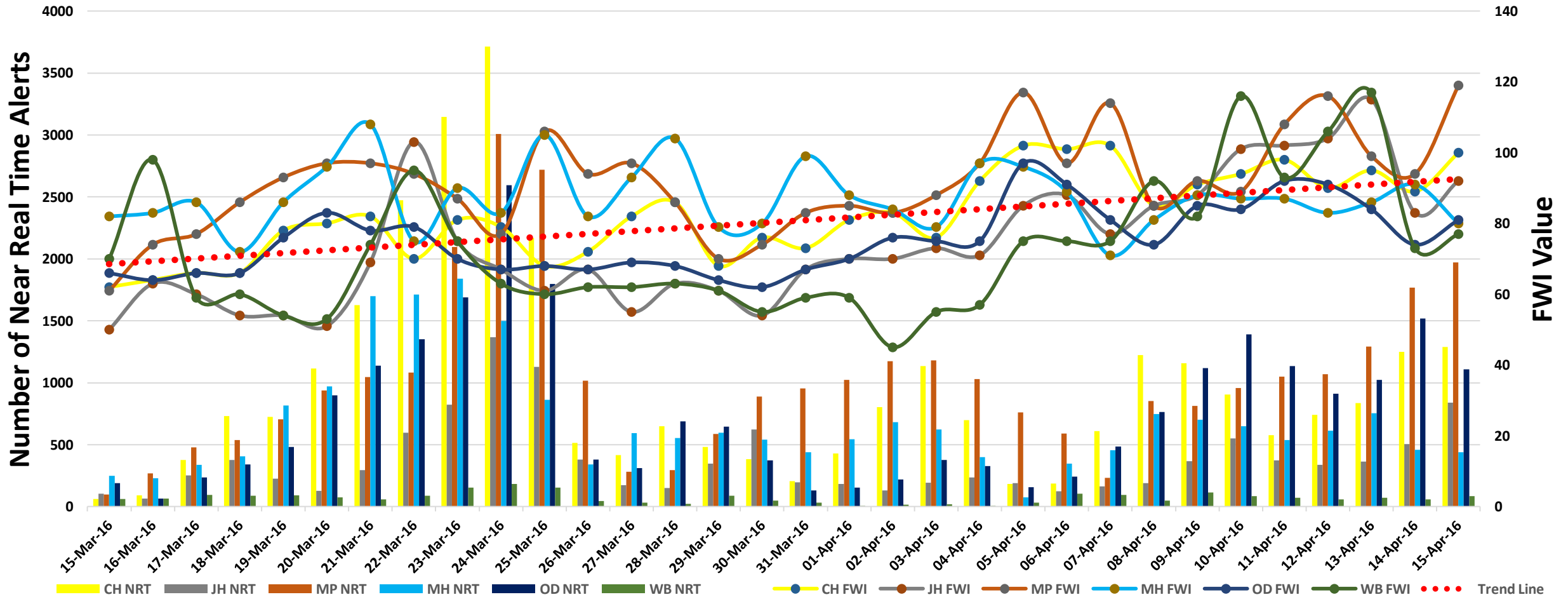
02 May 2019 -10 May 2019



# Central Indian States

1 Chhattisgarh 2 Jharkhand 3 Madhya Pradesh 4 Maharashtra

5 Odisha 6 West Bengal

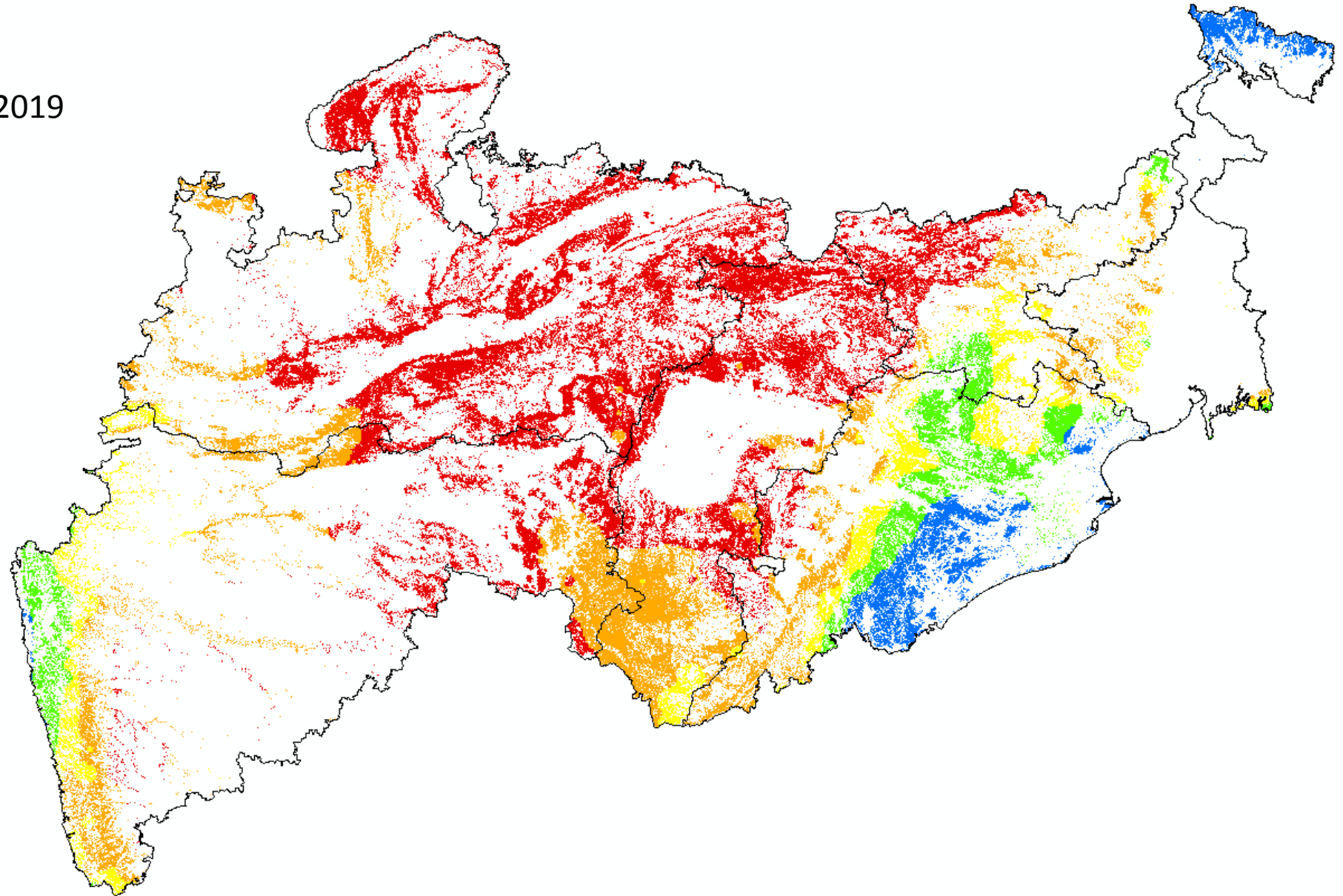


# Central India

FDRS

02 May 2019 -10 May 2019

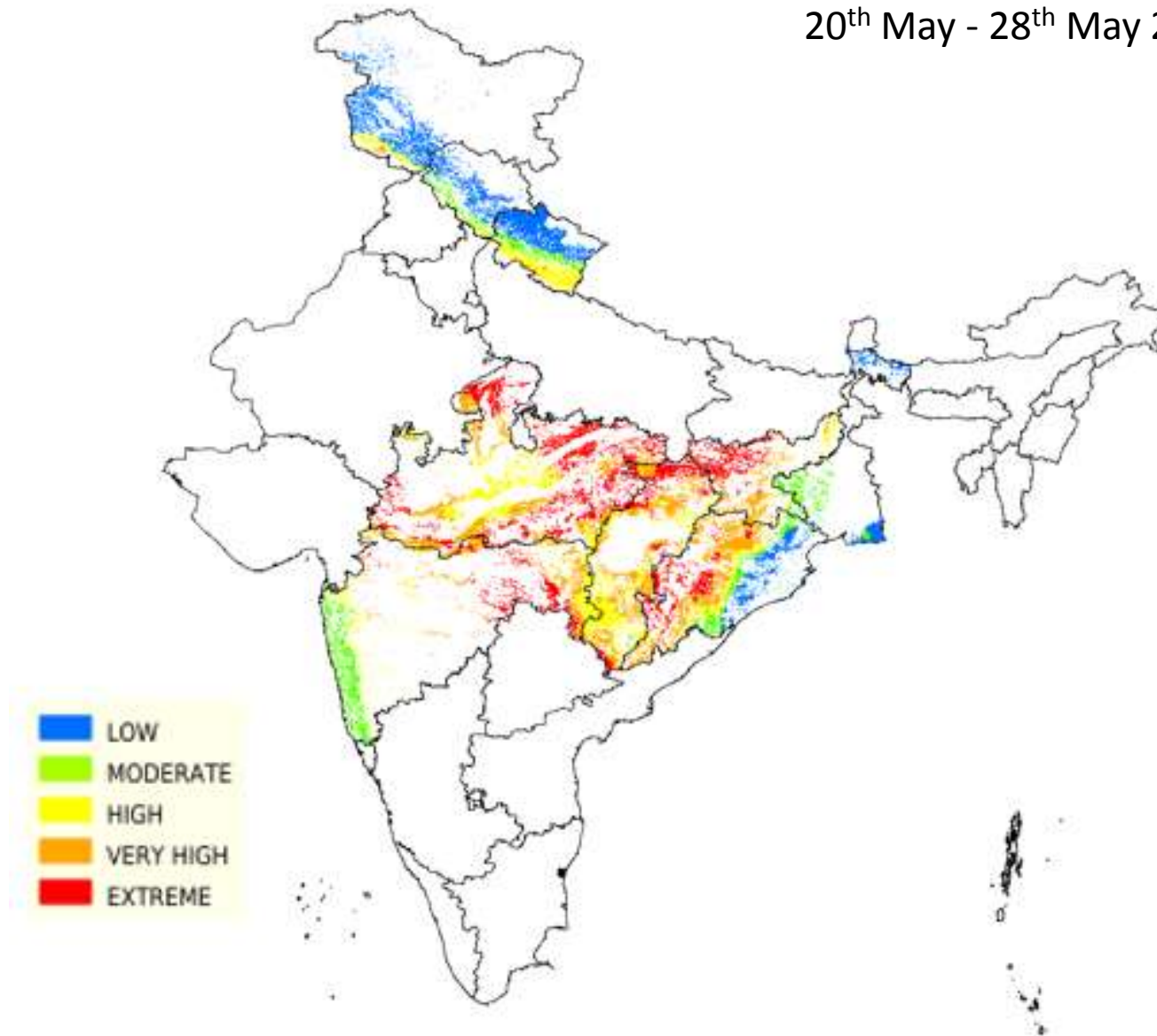
- Extreme
- Very High
- High
- Moderate
- Low



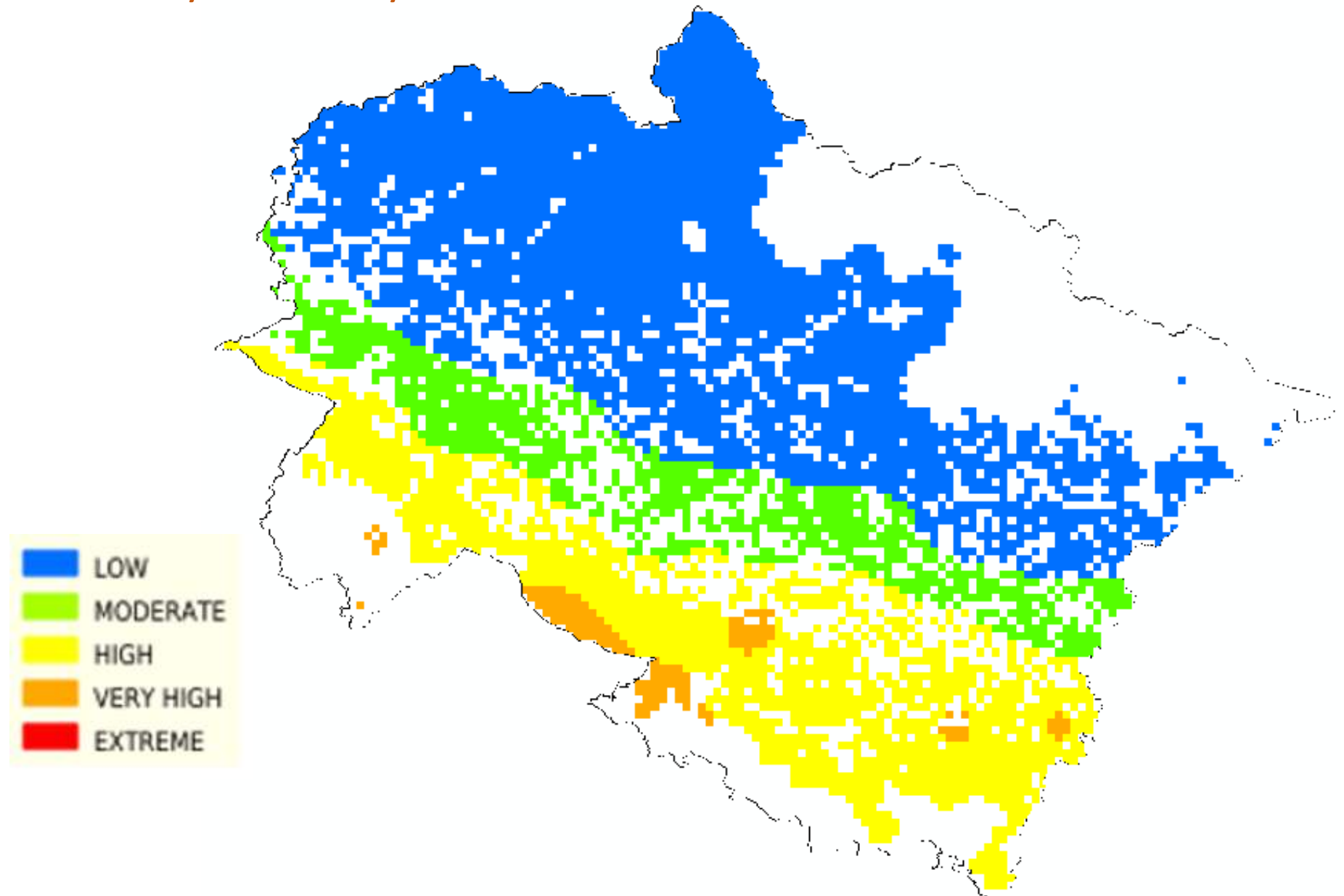


# FWI based Basic FDRS of India

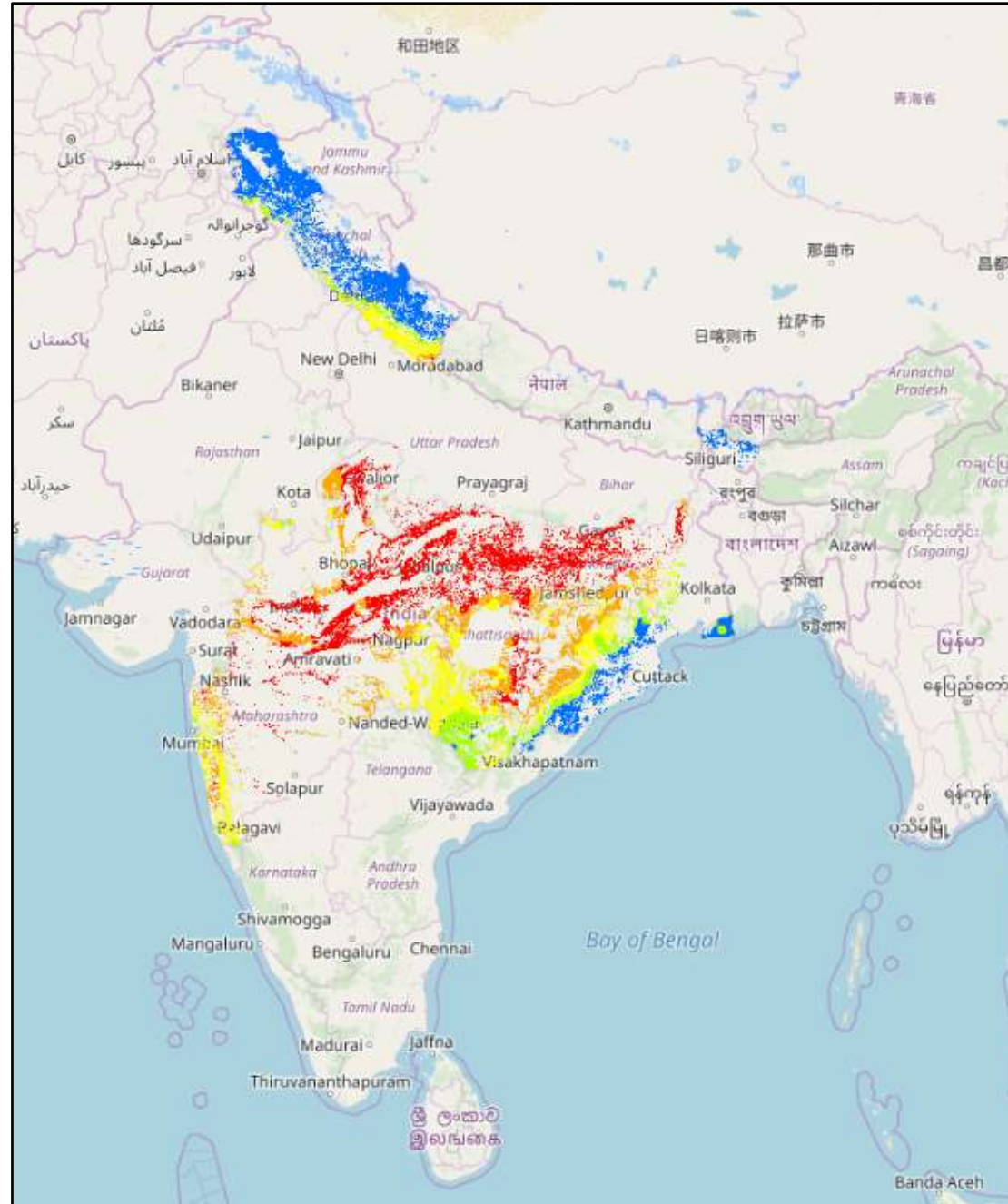
20<sup>th</sup> May - 28<sup>th</sup> May 2019



20<sup>th</sup> May - 28<sup>th</sup> May 2019



# Van-Agni Geo portal of FSI



Uploaded on FSI Van Agni-geo Portal two times in a week

# Forest Fire Vulnerability Assessment

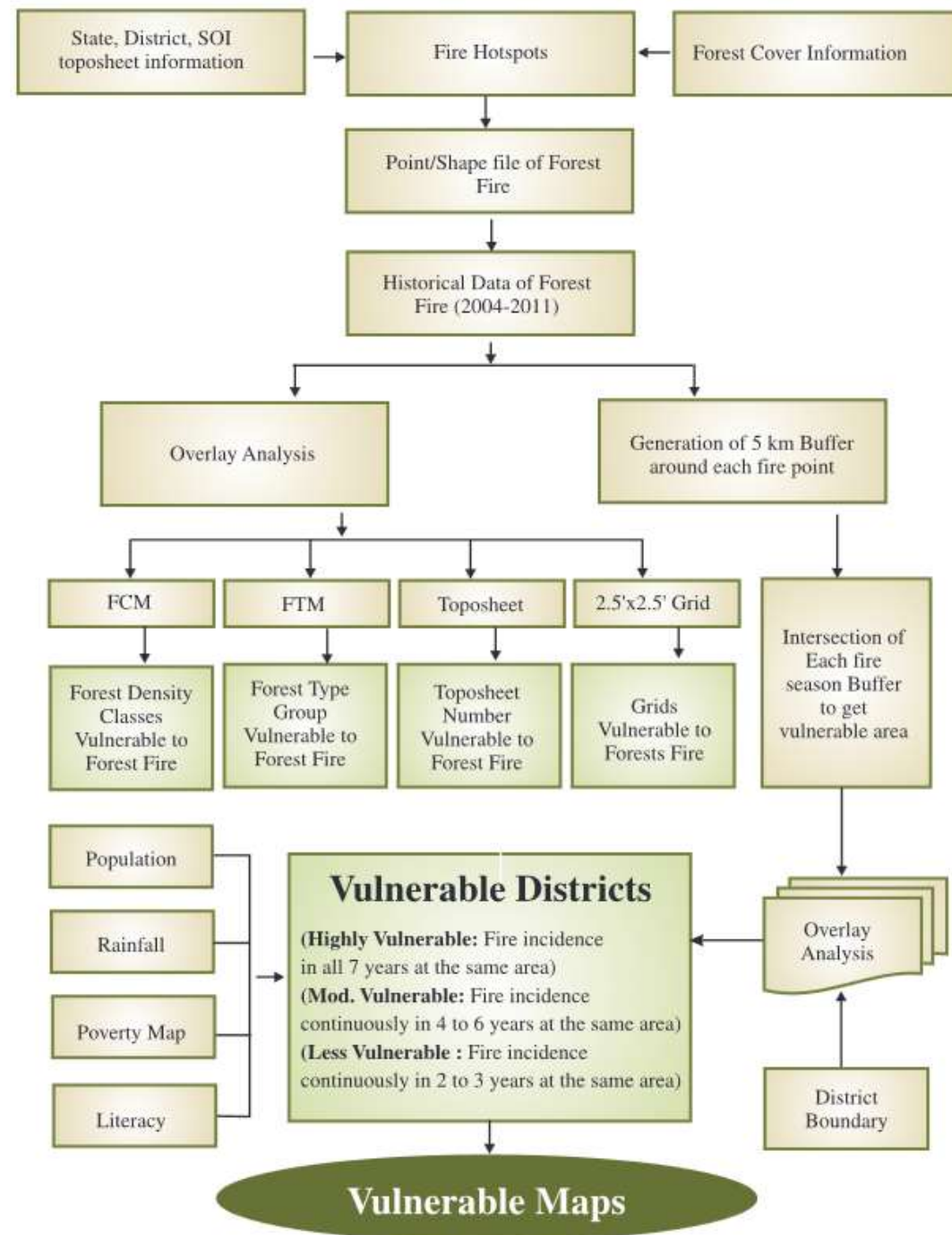
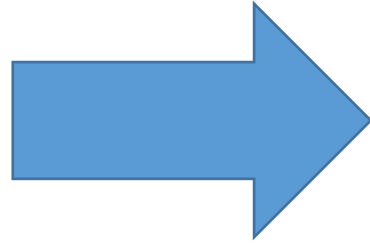


# Specific Objectives

- 1. Study the forest fire vulnerability using the time series data and other causative factors.**
- 2. Study the vulnerability based on the forest types and forest density classes.**
- 3. Identify and categorized the grids/district based on the degree of severity.**
- 4. Study the socioeconomic parameters and relate the vulnerable area with these parameters.**

# Vulnerability of India's Forest to Fire

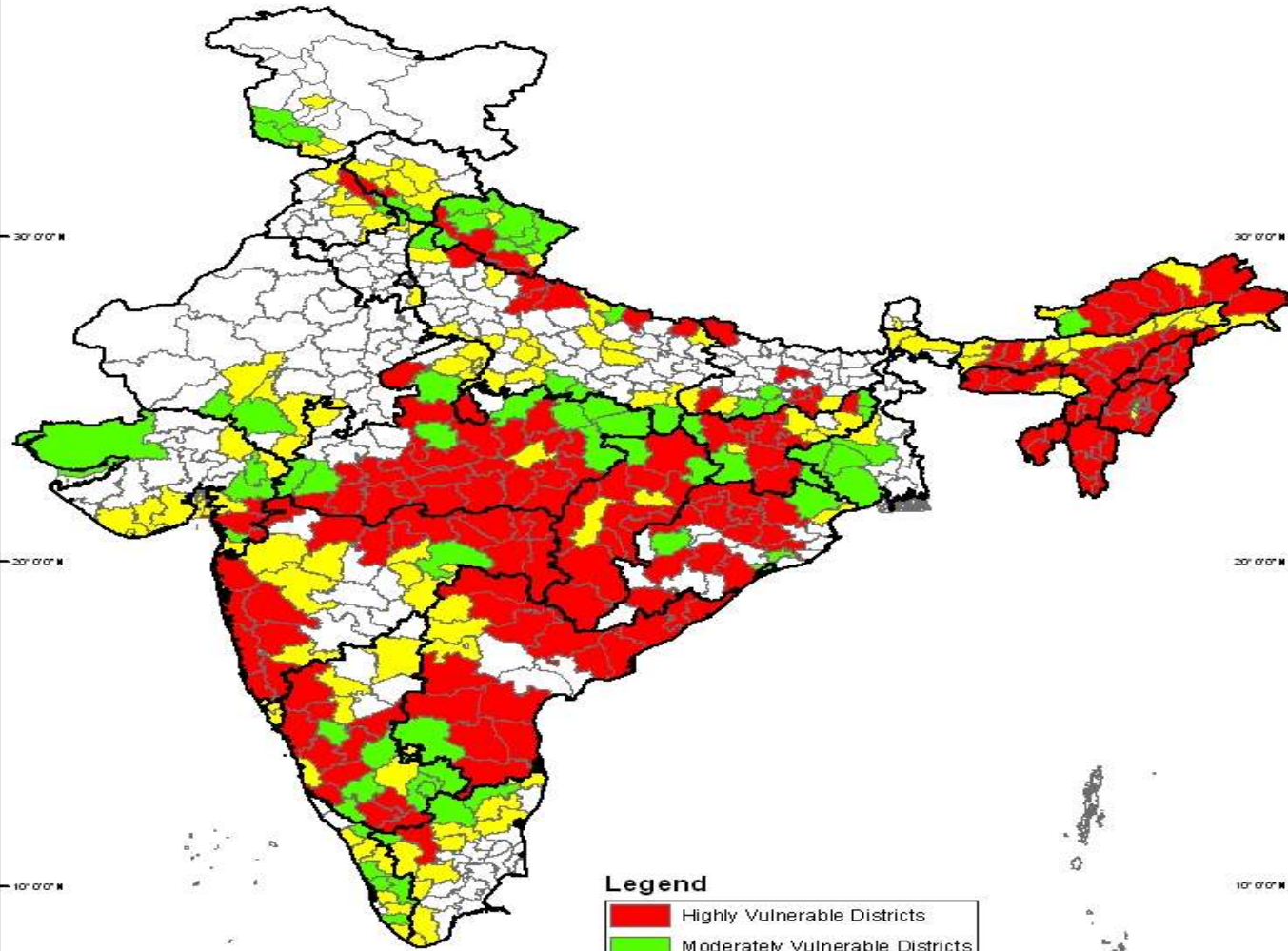
## Methodology





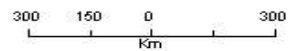
# Forest Fire Vulnerable Districts, India

Based on Forest Fire Incidences during 2004 - 2011



**Legend**

	Highly Vulnerable Districts
	Moderately Vulnerable Districts
	Less Vulnerable Districts



70° 0' 0" E      80° 0' 0" E      90° 0' 0" E

# States having Vulnerable Districts

S.No	State	No. of Districts
1	ANDHRA PRADESH	15
2	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	8
3	ASSAM	12
4	BIHAR	5
5	CHHATTISGARH	10
6	GUJARAT	3
7	JHARKHAND	5
8	KARNATAKA	10
9	MADHYA PRADESH	22
10	MAHARASHTRA	16
11	MANIPUR	9
12	MEGHALAYA	5
13	MIZORAM	6
14	NAGALAND	8
15	ORISSA	10
16	TAMIL NADU	1
17	TRIPURA	3
18	UTTAR PRADESH	7
19	UTTARAKHAND	3
	<b>Total</b>	<b>158</b>



# Salient Features

- 1. Forest fire vulnerability has been estimated in terms of forest cover, forest type 2.5 ' × 2.5 ', Toposheets, time periods.**
- 2. Attempt has been made to correlate the vulnerability with different factors such as socioeconomic, anthropogenic, climatological etc.**
- 3. Vulnerability in terms of spatial extent has been assessed.**
- 4. It has been further studied to find the state level crucial period of fire occurrences.**

# Findings

1. A total of 8645 forest fire incidences have been reported during 2004-2005; 20567 during 2005-2006; 16779 during 2006-2007; 17264 during 2007-2008; 26180 during 2008-2009; 30892 during 2009-2010; and 13898 during 2010-11 respectively.
2. A total of 57063 forest fire incidence were observed in **moderately dense forest** which is total 43% of the total fire incidences. A total of 53779 forest fire incidence have been observed in **open forest** which is total 40% of the total fire incidences. However, only 9% fire incidences have been reported in **very dense forest** during the last 7 years.
3. The maximum forest fire incidences have been reported in **dry deciduous forest** followed by **tropical moist deciduous forest** and **tropical semi-evergreen forests**.

# Major Findings

- 1. Subtropical pine forest** is the 5<sup>th</sup> forest type vulnerable to forest fires. Although the % of this forest type group is 2.63% in the country yet total forest fire incidences reported in this type group during past 7 years is 2062.
2. In north-eastern part of the country a total of 1057, 1032 and 999 fire incidences have been reported following in toposheet numbers 84B09, 84A05 and 84A12 respectively, whereas in other parts of the country 702,667 and 608 forest fire incidences have been reported in 65A15,65E03 and 65A14 toposheets respectively during the past 7 years.
3. Most of the vulnerable areas have been observed in the border district of the states of central and southern central India viz., Madhya Pradesh, Chhatisgarh, Andhra Pradesh and Odisha.

# Major Findings

4. **29 out of 35 states and UTs** have been reported with the **continuous forest fire** in two or more consecutive years. 348 district of the country are vulnerable to forest fire out of which 168 districts are highly vulnerable, 96 are moderately vulnerable whereas 111 are less vulnerable.
5. As per analysis carried out in every 2.5' × 2.5' grid, 15% area of the country is vulnerable to forest fire.
6. States such as Delhi and the UTs except Dadra and Nagar Haveli, repetition of forest fire in the same area in the consecutive years have not been reported.
7. In the **north-eastern states** main reason for the larger being vulnerable may be attributed to the general practice of **shifting cultivation**.



# Major Findings

8. At country level, the state of Madhya Pradesh is having highest number of highly vulnerable districts followed by Maharashtra, Chhattisgarh and Odisha.
9. Out of 348 identified vulnerable districts of the country, **83 districts** are having **literacy rate less than 60%**.
10. **32 districts** of the central India area **highly prone** to forest fire with **average poverty level between 41-80%** (Census of India -2011). This districts comprise 35.16% forest cover area of the total geographical area of these districts.

# Forest fire incidences in different forest density classes of forest cover map

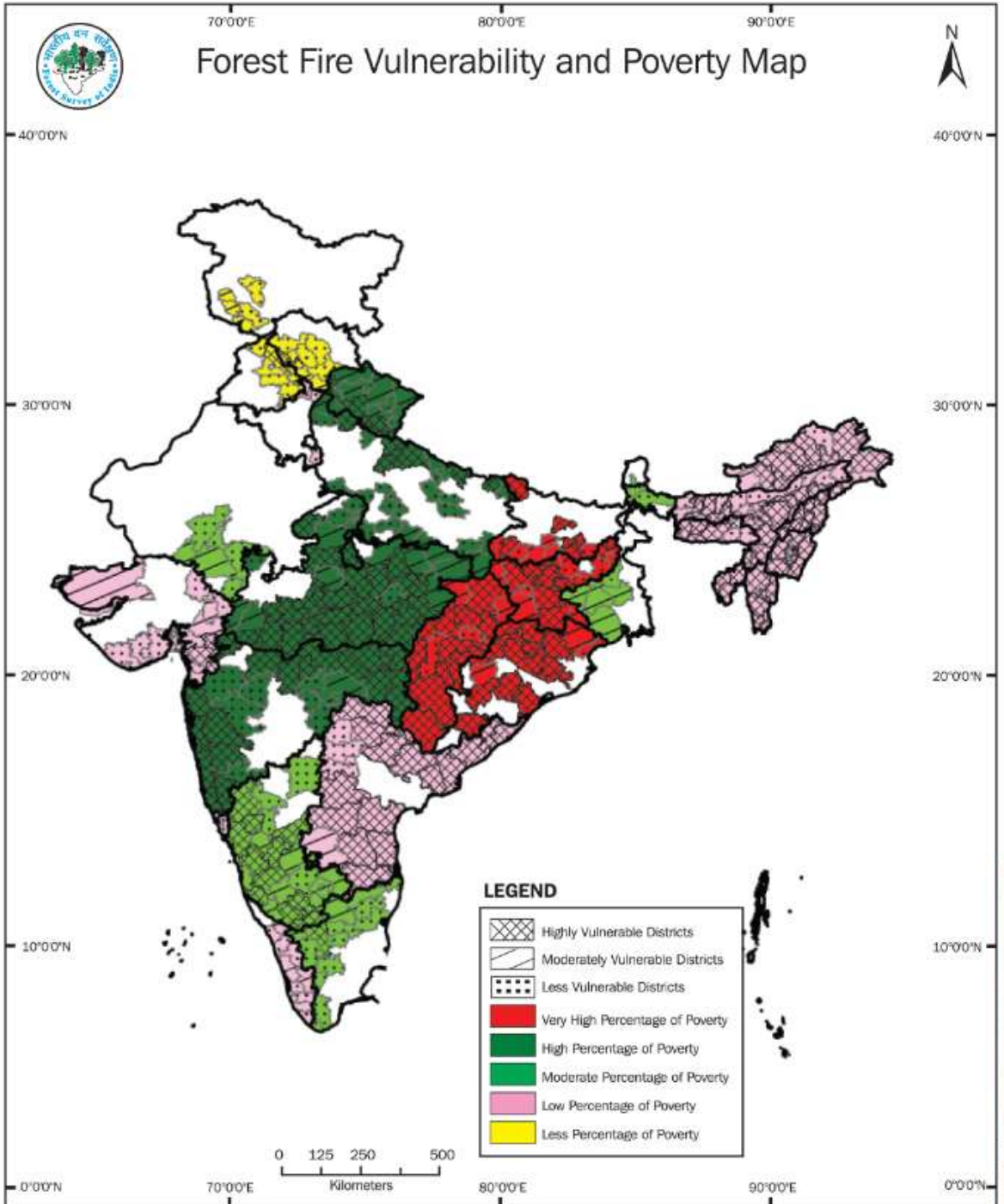
Forest Density	Year 2004-05	Year 2005-06	Year 2006-07	Year 2007-08	Year 2008-09	Year 2009-10	Year 2010-11	Total
Very Dense Forest	827	1139	1456	1563	2574	2804	1105	11468
Moderately Dense Forest	3646	8140	7173	7570	11497	13196	5841	57063
Open Forest	3032	8910	6675	6758	10008	12711	5685	53779
Scrub	82	137	77	61	84	100	39	580
Non Forest	1058	2241	1398	1312	2017	2081	1228	11335
<b>Total</b>	<b>8645</b>	<b>20567</b>	<b>16779</b>	<b>17264</b>	<b>26180</b>	<b>30892</b>	<b>13898</b>	<b>134225</b>

States with No. of districts under different vulnerability zones



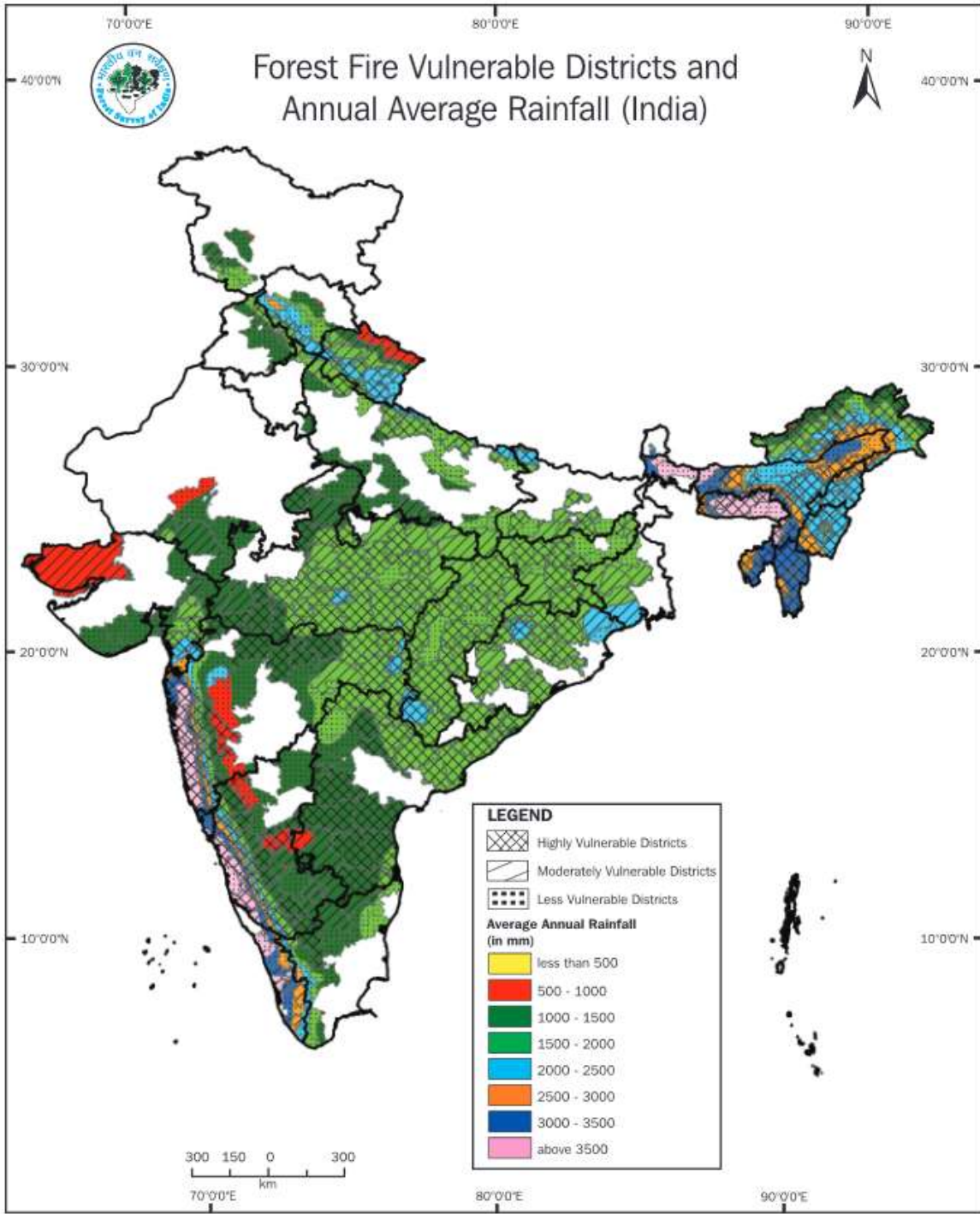
Sl. No.	State	No. of Highly Vulnerable District	No. of Moderately Vulnerable District	No. of Less Vulnerable District	Total No. of Vulnerable District
1.	Andhra Pradesh	15	1	3	19
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	9	1	3	13
3.	Assam	12	0	9	21
4.	Bihar	5	3	3	11
5.	Chhattisgarh	11	2	2	15
6.	Gujarat	3	4	7	14
7.	Goa	0	0	2	2
9.	Haryana	0	1	1	2
10.	Himachal Pradesh	1	2	5	8
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	0	2	4	6
12.	Jharkhand	8	5	4	17
13.	Karnataka	11	7	5	23
14.	Kerala	0	5	6	11
15.	Madhya Pradesh	24	9	5	38
16.	Maharashtra	18	1	7	26
17.	Manipur	7	1	1	9
18.	Meghalaya	5	0	2	7
19.	Mizoram	6	0	0	6
20.	Nagaland	8	0	0	8
22.	Odisha	9	3	1	13
23.	Punjab	1	1	4	6
24.	Rajasthan	0	2	4	6
25.	Sikkim	0	0	1	1

Vulnerability of India's Forest to Fire





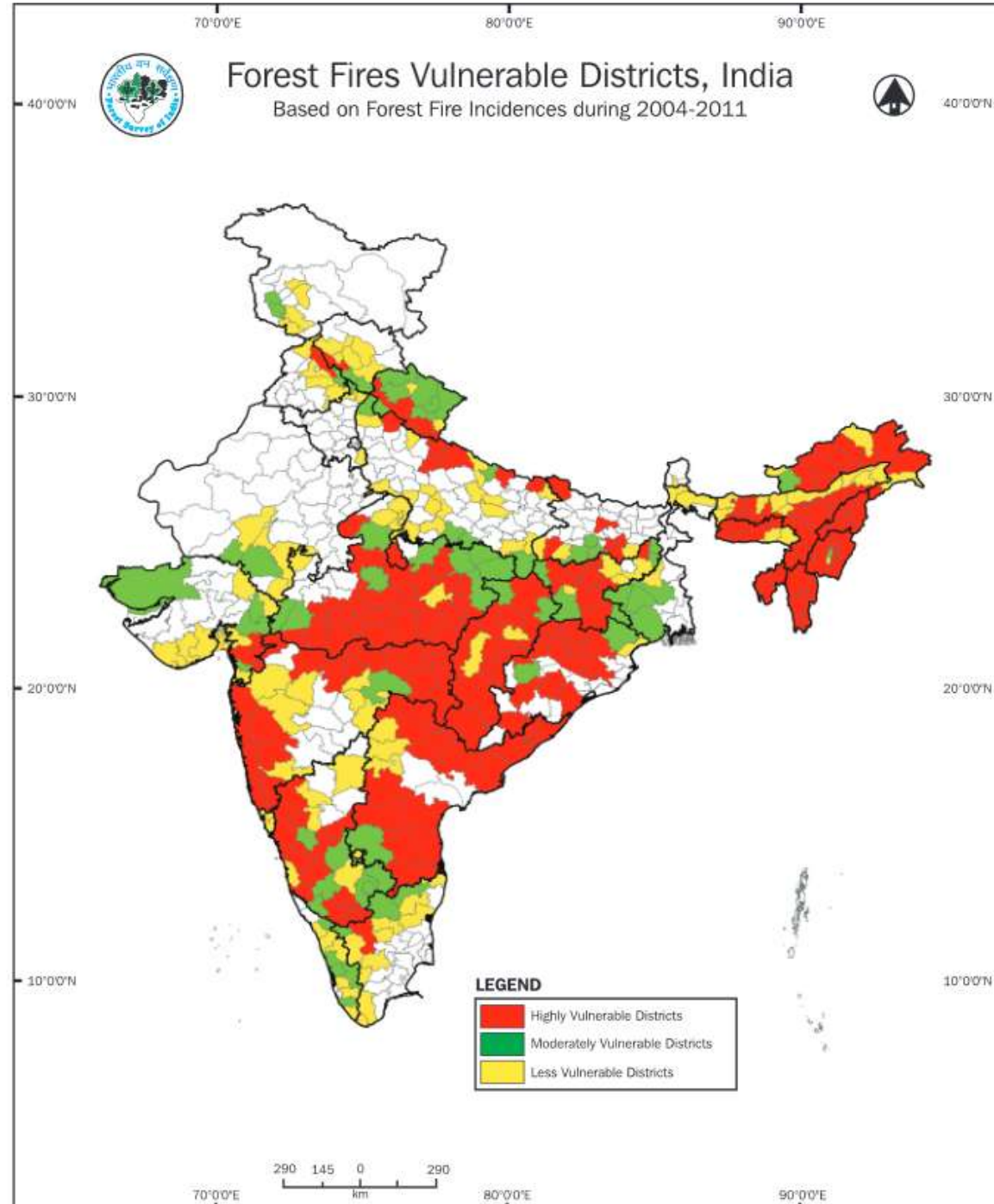
# Vulnerability of India's Forest to Fire





# Forest Fires Vulnerable Districts, India

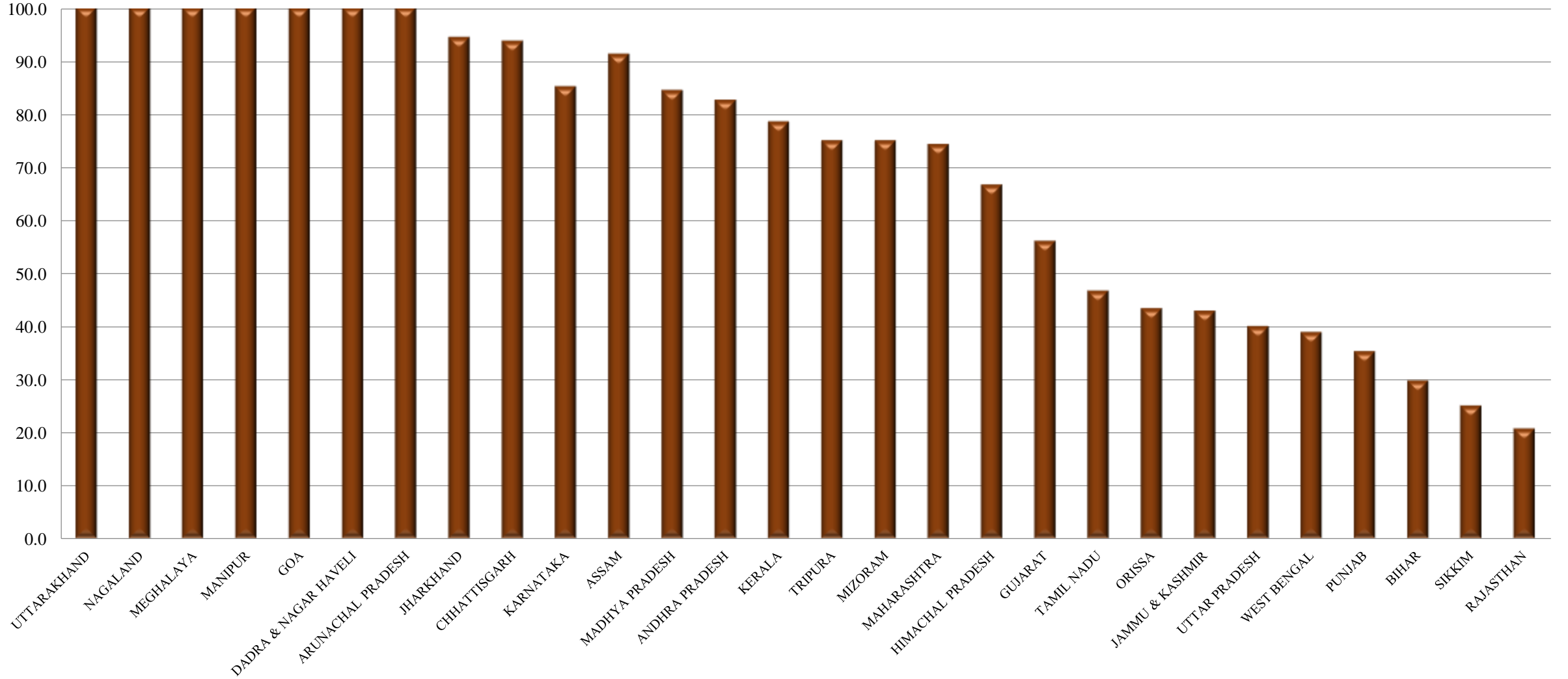
Based on Forest Fire Incidences during 2004-2011



# States With The Districts Under Different Vulnerability Zones

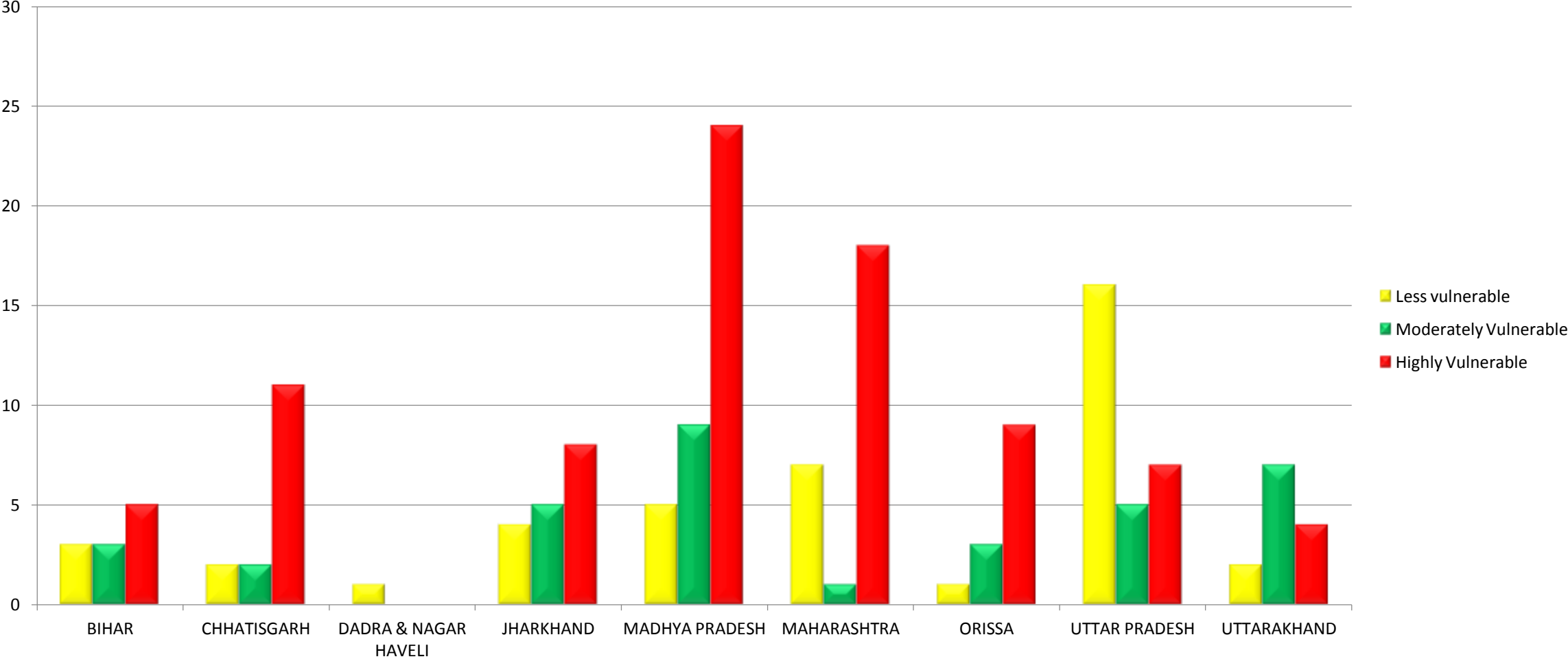
State	No. of Highly Vulnerable Districts	No. of Moderately Vulnerable Districts	No. of Less Vulnerable Districts	Total No. of Vulnerable Districts
Andhra Pradesh	15	1	3	19
Arunachal Pradesh	9	1	3	13
Assam	12	0	9	21
Bihar	5	3	3	11
Chhattisgarh	11	2	2	15
Gujarat	3	4	7	14
Goa	0	0	2	2
Haryana	0	1	1	2
Himachal Pradesh	1	2	5	8
Jammu & Kashmir	0	3	3	6
Jharkhand	8	5	4	17
Karnataka	11	7	5	23
Kerala	0	5	6	11
Madhya Pradesh	24	9	5	38
Maharashtra	18	1	7	26
Manipur	7	1	1	9
Meghalaya	5	0	2	7
Mizoram	6	0	0	6
Nagaland	8	0	0	8
Orissa	9	3	1	13
Punjab	1	1	4	6
Rajasthan	0	2	4	6
Sikkim	0	0	1	1
Tamil Nadu	1	3	10	14
Tripura	3	0	0	3
Uttar Pradesh	7	5	16	28
Uttarakhand	4	7	2	13
West Bengal	0	4	3	7
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	1	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>348</b>

# Percentage of Vulnerable Districts in the State

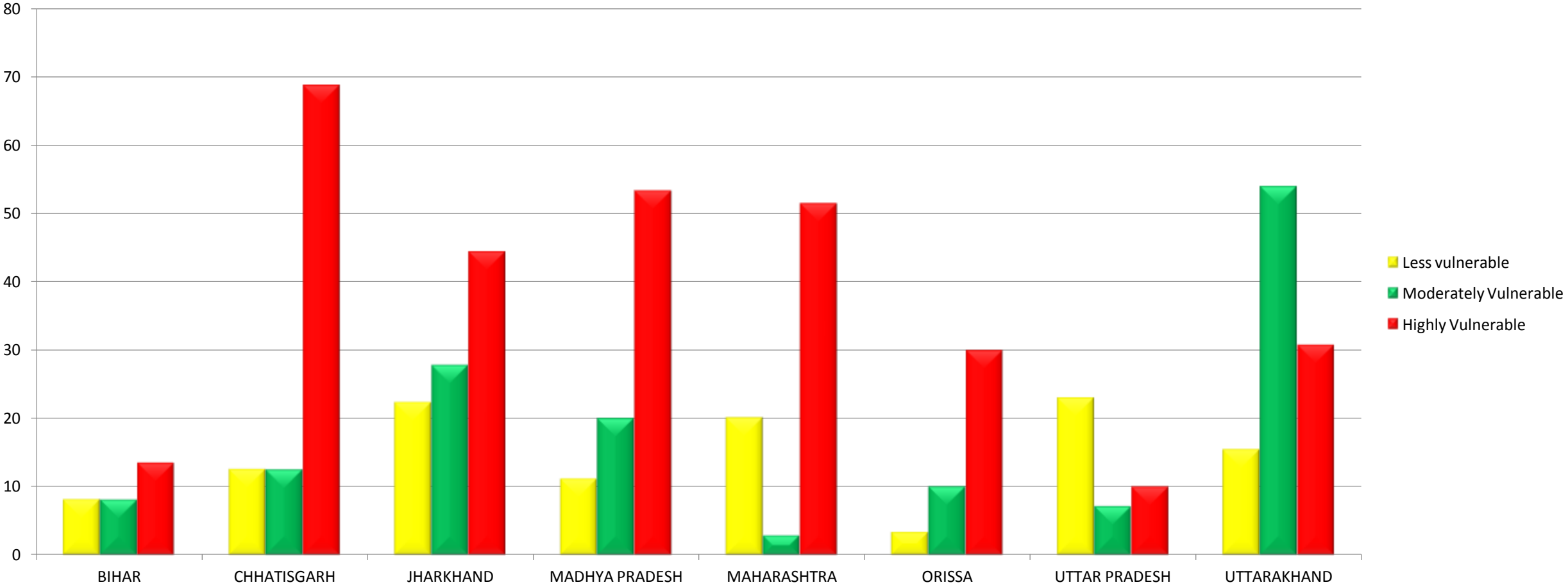




# Chart representing the number of forest fire vulnerable districts in states at national level having 31-47% of population below poverty line

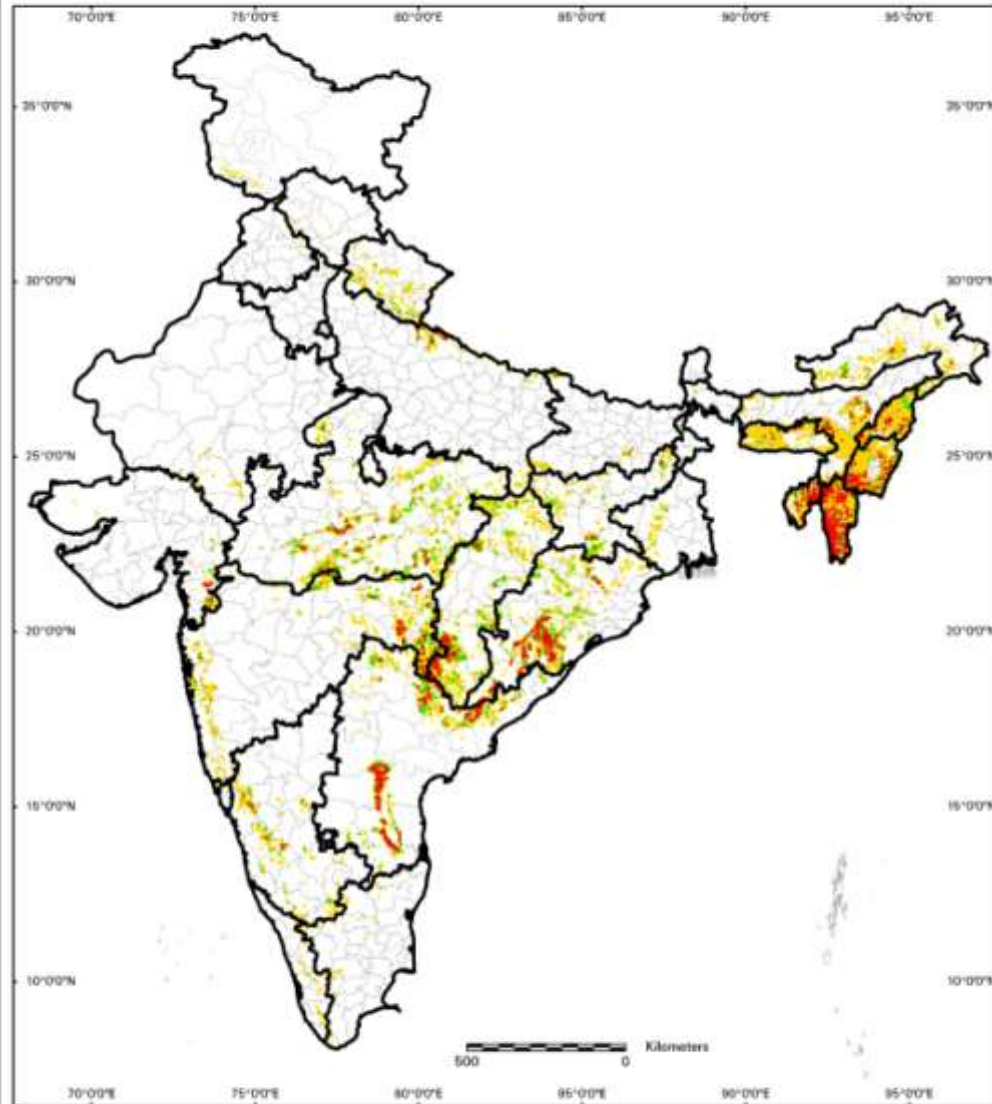


# Chart representing the number of forest fire vulnerable districts in states having 31-47% of population below poverty line










# Forest Fires Vulnerable Areas

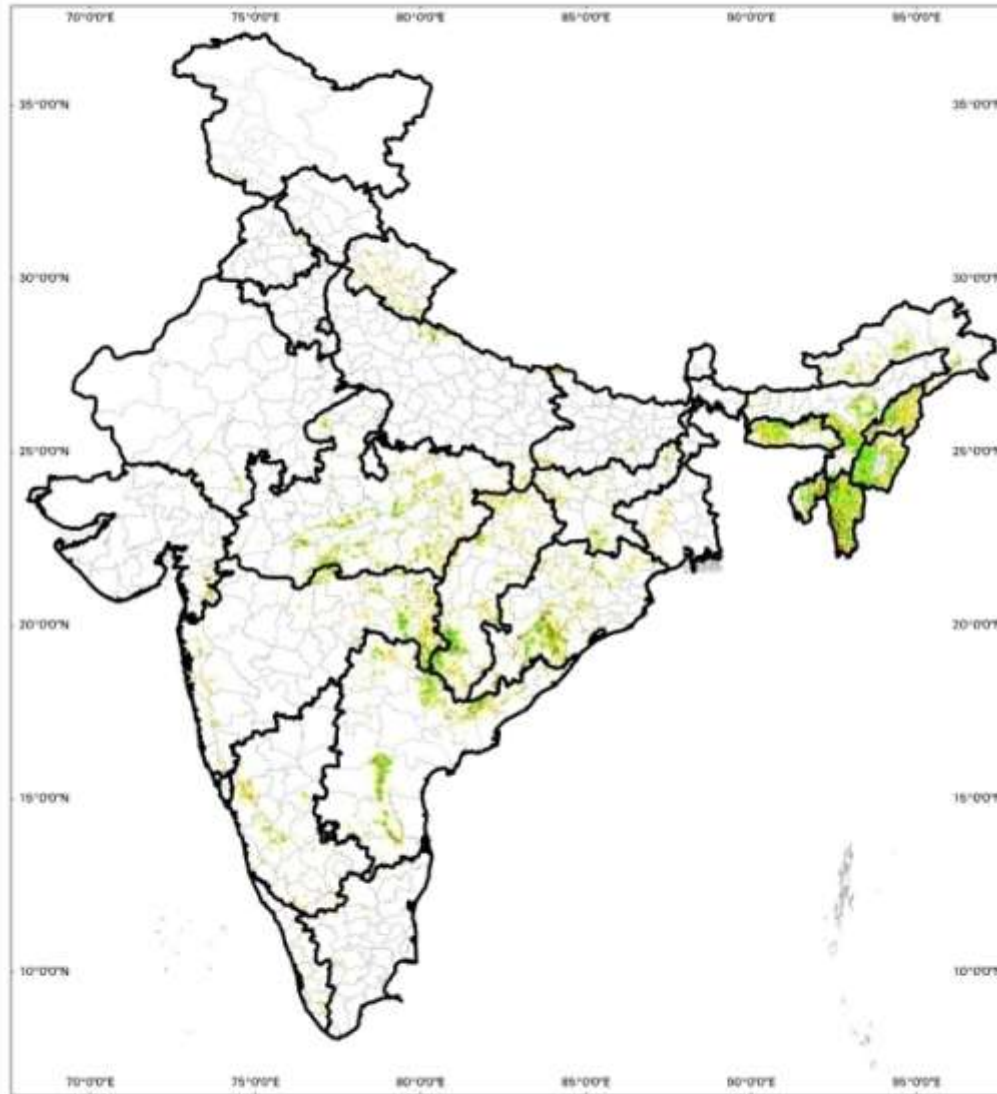


## LEGEND

- |   |                             |   |                   |
|---|-----------------------------|---|-------------------|
|  | Highly Vulnerable Areas     |  | State Boundary    |
|  | Moderately Vulnerable Areas |  | District Boundary |
|  | Less Vulnerable Areas       |   |                   |



# Forest Fires Vulnerable Grids



## LEGEND

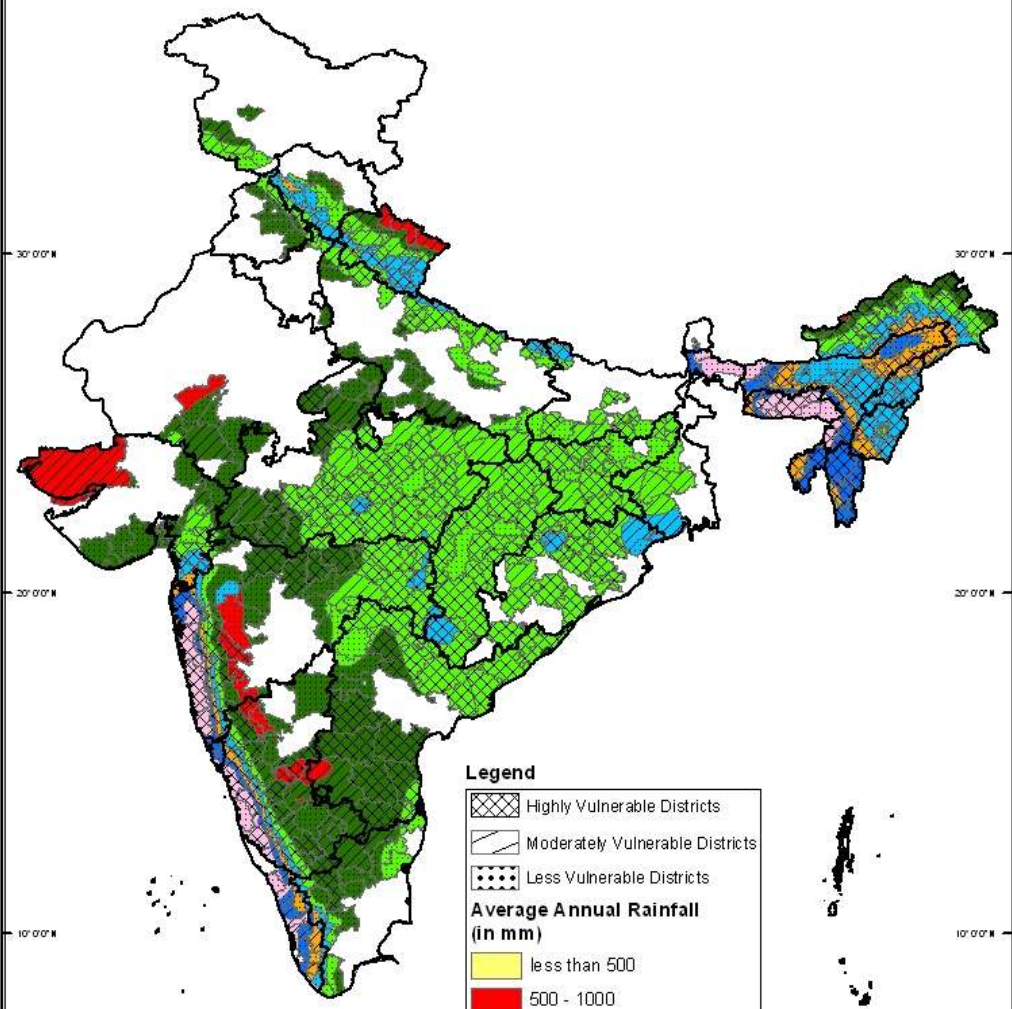
- Highly Vulnerable Areas
- Moderately Vulnerable Areas
- Low Vulnerable Areas
- State Boundary
- District Boundary

500 0 Kilometers





# Forest Fire Vulnerable Districts and Annual Average Rainfall (India)

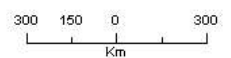


**Legend**

- Highly Vulnerable Districts
- Moderately Vulnerable Districts
- Less Vulnerable Districts

**Average Annual Rainfall (in mm)**

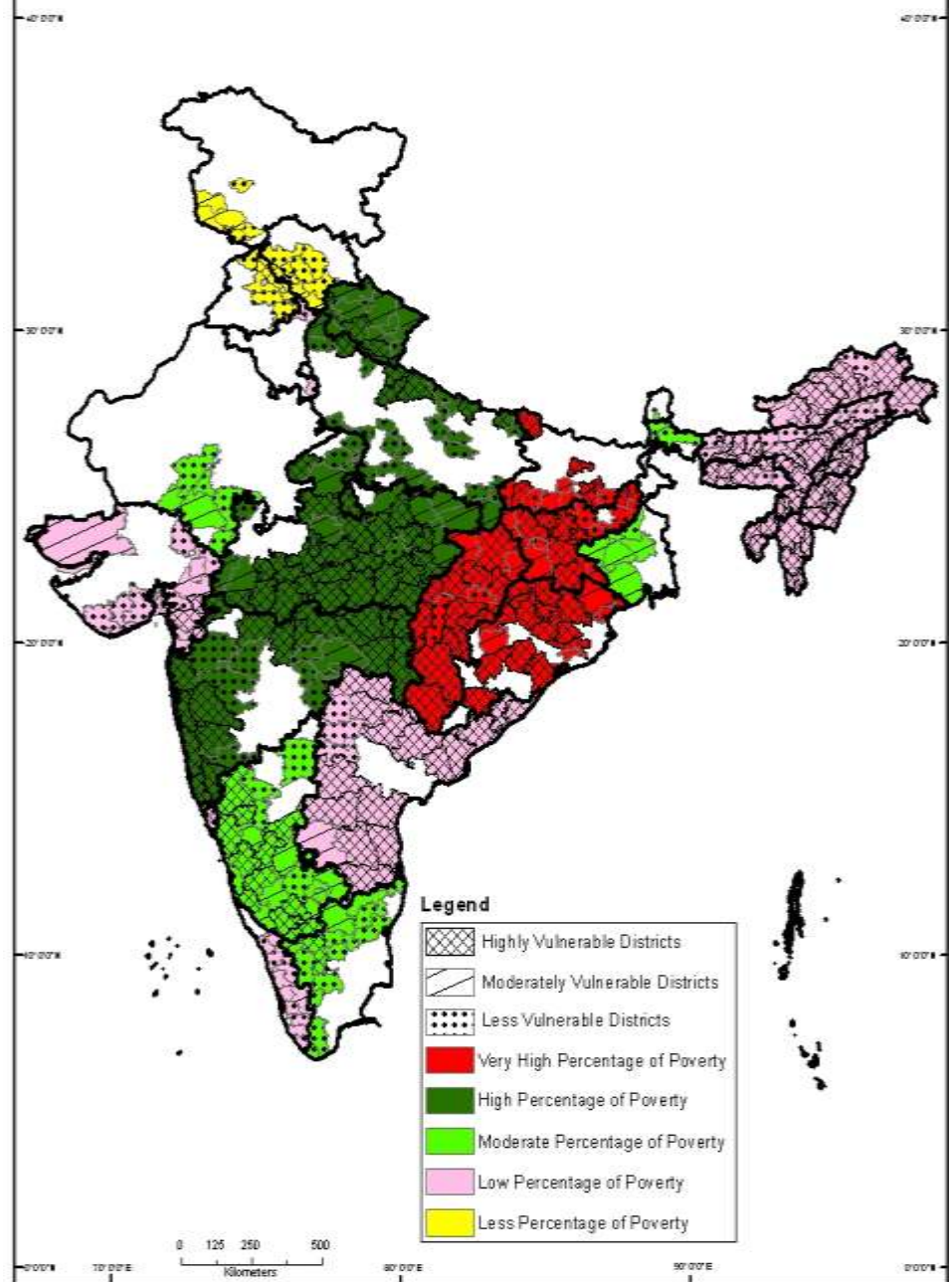
- less than 500
- 500 - 1000
- 1000 - 1500
- 1500 - 2000
- 2000 - 2500
- 2500 - 3000
- 3000 - 3500
- above 3500



10° 0' 0" E 80° 0' 0" E 90° 0' 0" E 40° 0' 0" N 30° 0' 0" N 20° 0' 0" N 10° 0' 0" N



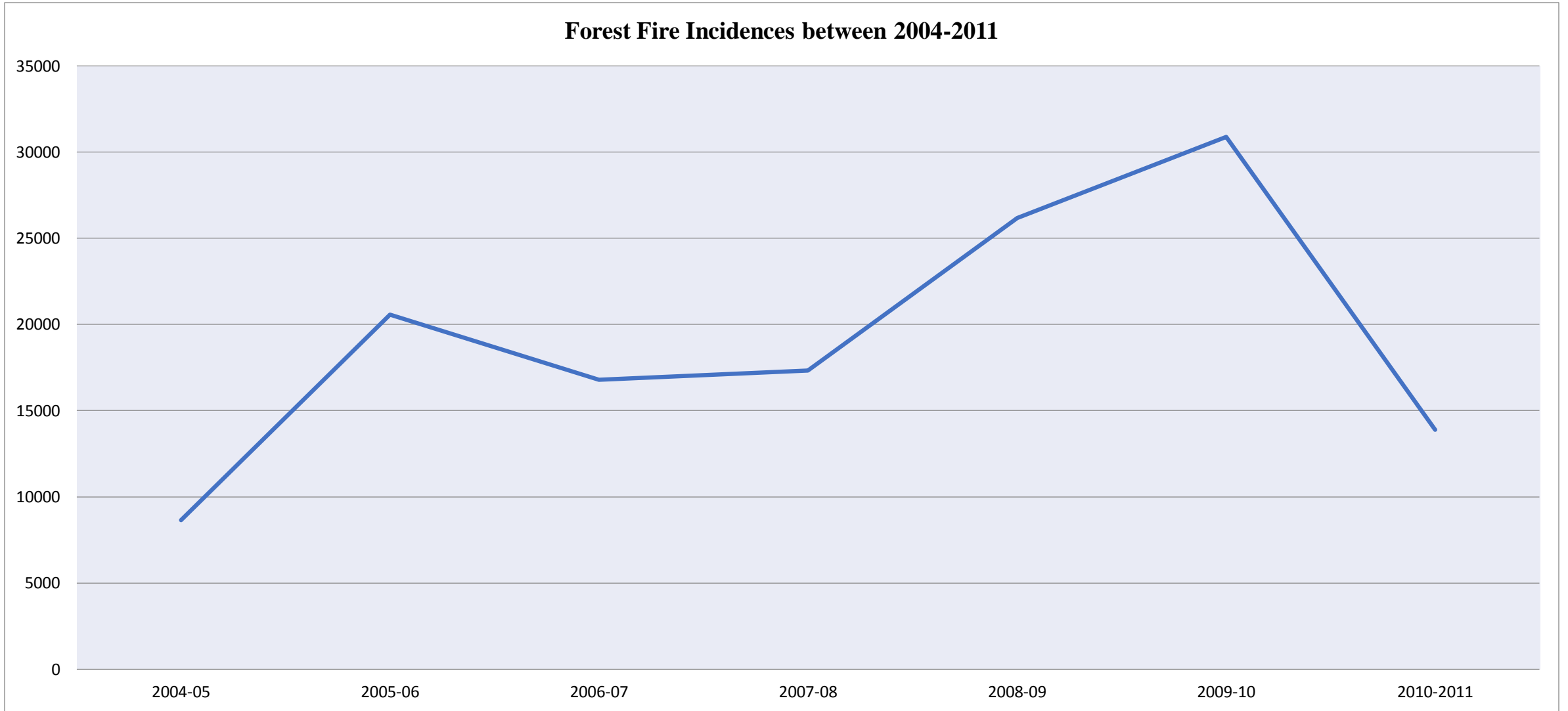
# Forest Fire Vulnerability and Poverty Map



## Forest Fire Incidences Communicated To State Forest Department During Different Fire Seasons

State	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	Total
Andaman & Nicobar	0	7	1	0	6	1	0	15
Andhra Pradesh	1119	1837	2442	1454	1931	1569	1108	11460
Arunachal Pradesh	485	576	786	349	627	514	97	3434
Assam	1321	2511	1901	1020	902	1369	210	9234
Bihar	81	397	143	84	84	126	67	982
Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chhattisgarh	1074	2835	2849	1389	1762	848	784	11541
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	4
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Delhi	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Goa	3	0	2	0	1	9	6	21
Gujarat	101	179	182	131	100	208	140	1041
Haryana	5	29	21	75	14	11	7	162
Himachal Pradesh	6	125	168	104	48	12	9	472
Jammu & Kashmir	7	30	117	54	92	81	29	410
Jharkhand	192	1314	430	394	140	548	151	3169
Karnataka	370	428	604	275	414	631	417	3139
Kerala	10	106	166	19	130	51	90	572
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Madhya Pradesh	1451	2386	2894	2705	871	1101	900	12308
Maharashtra	882	1789	2257	1426	1243	1009	534	9140
Manipur	1275	2487	1477	1415	1223	1666	295	9838
Meghalaya	879	1743	1010	699	504	1285	69	6189
Mizoram	1691	4675	3434	2095	2733	4479	1513	20620
Nagaland	919	1654	984	568	851	1200	131	6307
Odisha	780	2515	2080	1184	1587	1646	1127	10919
Puducherry	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Punjab	10	56	41	147	18	33	21	326
Rajasthan	87	117	96	118	53	47	14	532
Sikkim	1	5	1	0	0	7	0	14
Tamil Nadu	34	148	276	40	123	109	193	923
Tripura	634	1127	717	358	788	1421	324	5369
Uttar Pradesh	198	737	370	379	305	253	235	2477
Uttarakhand	85	855	631	717	222	165	143	2818
West Bengal	197	224	100	62	6	168	31	788
<b>Total</b>	<b>13898</b>	<b>30892</b>	<b>26180</b>	<b>17264</b>	<b>16779</b>	<b>20567</b>	<b>8645</b>	<b>134225</b>

# Forest Fire Incidences Communicated To State Forest Department During Different Fire Seasons

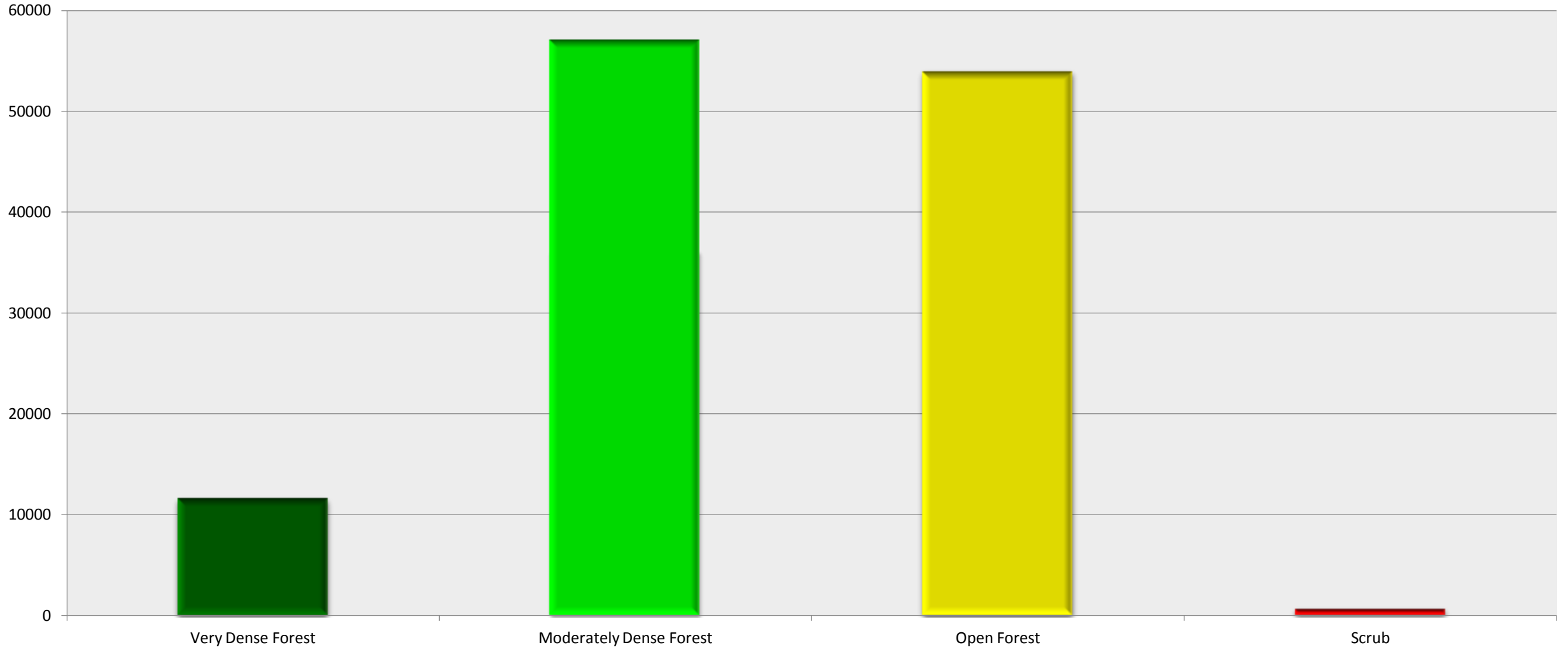




# Forest Fire Incidences In Different Forest Density Classes Of Forest Cover Map

<b>Forest Density</b>	<b>Year 2004-05</b>	<b>Year 2005-06</b>	<b>Year 2006-07</b>	<b>Year 2007-08</b>	<b>Year 2008-09</b>	<b>Year 2009-10</b>	<b>Year 2010-11</b>	<b>Total</b>
Very Dense Forest	827	1139	1456	1563	2574	2804	1105	<b>11468</b>
Moderately Dense Forest	3646	8140	7173	7570	11497	13196	5841	<b>57063</b>
Open Forest	3032	8910	6675	6758	10008	12711	5685	<b>53779</b>
Scrub	82	137	77	61	84	100	39	<b>580</b>
Non Forest	1058	2241	1398	1312	2017	2081	1228	<b>11335</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>8645</b>	<b>20567</b>	<b>16779</b>	<b>17264</b>	<b>26180</b>	<b>30892</b>	<b>13898</b>	<b>134225</b>

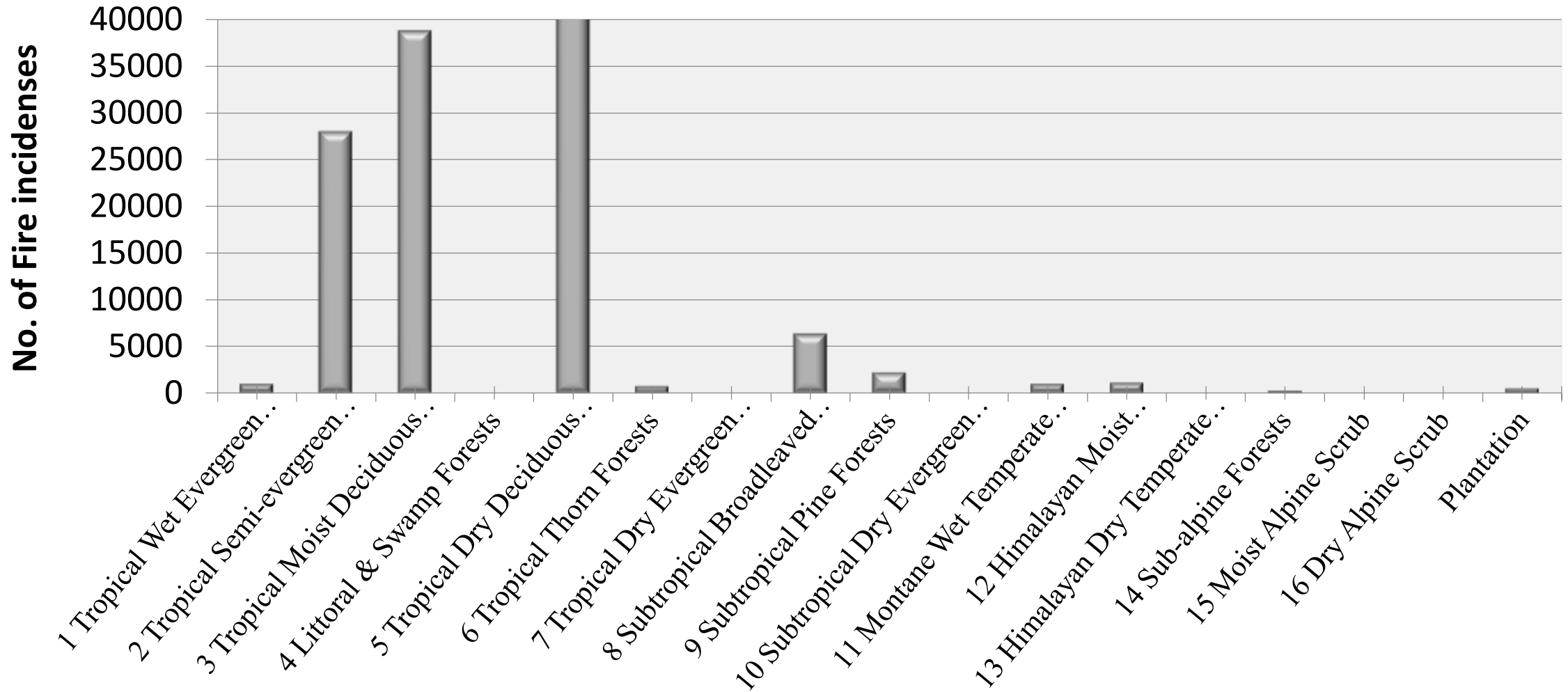
# Number of Fire incidences in Different Forest Density Classes



# Forest Fire Incidences In Different Forest Type Groups During Period 2004-11 (Year Wise) As Per Champion And Seth's Classification

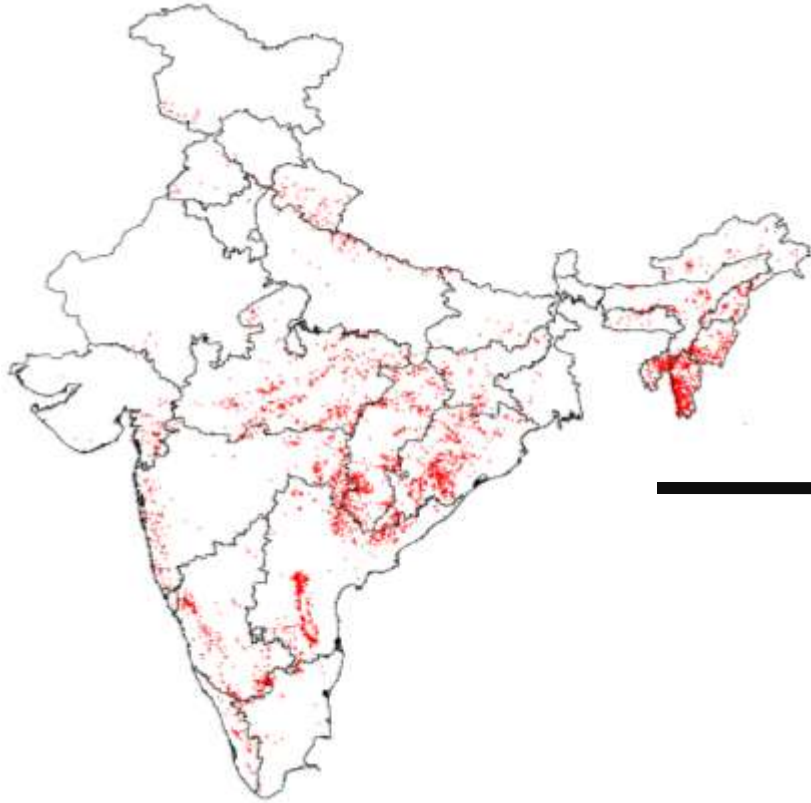
Type Group	No of fire incidence							
	04-05	05-06	06-07	07-08	08-09	09-10	10-11	Total
1 Tropical Wet Evergreen Forests	32	144	93	50	182	184	107	<b>792</b>
2 Tropical Semi-evergreen Forests	1447	5274	3705	3007	5121	6324	2999	<b>27877</b>
3 Tropical Moist Deciduous Forests	2316	6079	5239	4367	7113	9514	3997	<b>38625</b>
4 Littoral & Swamp Forests	8	9	3	11	18	16	1	<b>66</b>
5 Tropical Dry Deciduous Forests	3281	5111	5116	6700	9120	9583	4260	<b>43171</b>
6 Tropical Thorn Forests	70	109	96	75	90	81	71	<b>592</b>
7 Tropical Dry Evergreen Forests	5	6	10	2	9	7	0	<b>39</b>
8 Subtropical Broadleaved Hill Forests	167	1093	773	822	987	1633	780	<b>6255</b>
9 Subtropical Pine Forests	64	272	247	325	479	531	144	<b>2062</b>
10 Subtropical Dry Evergreen Forests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
11 Montane Wet Temperate Forests	8	139	79	96	132	227	109	<b>790</b>
12 Himalayan Moist Temperate Forests	53	48	113	136	410	156	64	<b>980</b>
13 Himalayan Dry Temperate Forests	0	0	1	13	12	4	1	<b>31</b>
14 Sub-Alpine Forests	0	18	16	14	35	23	17	<b>123</b>
15 Moist Alpine Scrub	0	2	0	3	6	3	0	<b>14</b>
16 Dry Alpine Scrub	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	<b>5</b>
Plantation	28	50	35	64	64	93	30	<b>364</b>
Non Forest	1166	2213	1252	1576	2401	2513	1318	<b>12439</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>8645</b>	<b>20567</b>	<b>16779</b>	<b>17264</b>	<b>26180</b>	<b>30892</b>	<b>13898</b>	<b>134225</b>

# Forest fire incidences in different forest types from 2004 to 2011

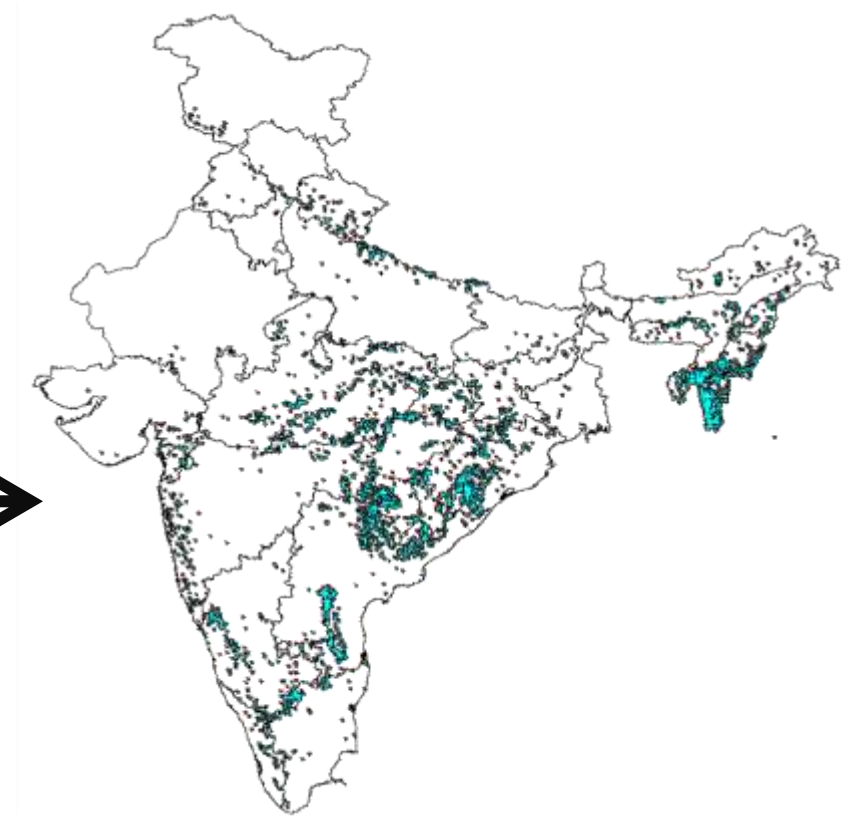




## Vulnerability Mapping

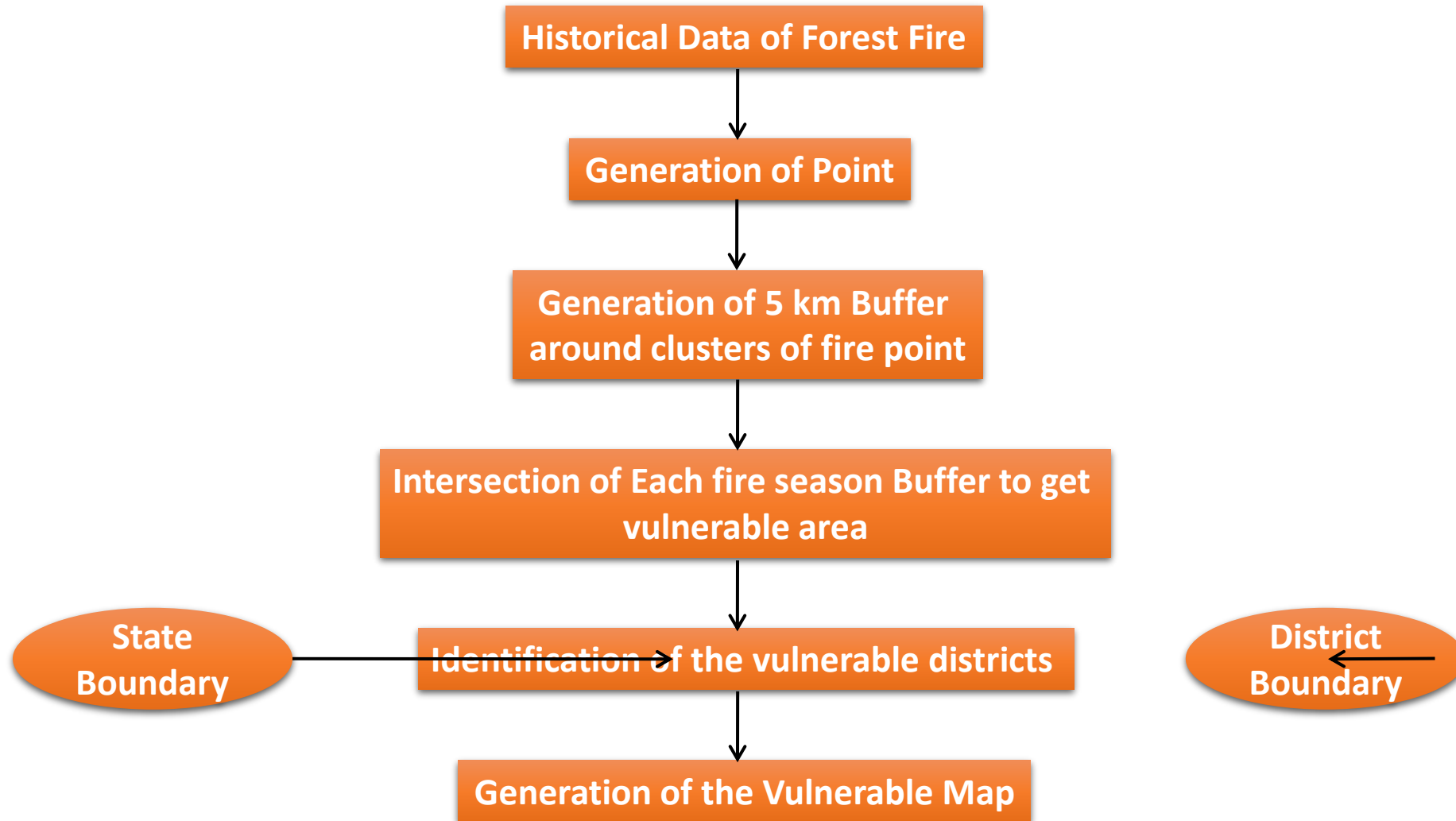


**Point Location of Forest Fire incidence**

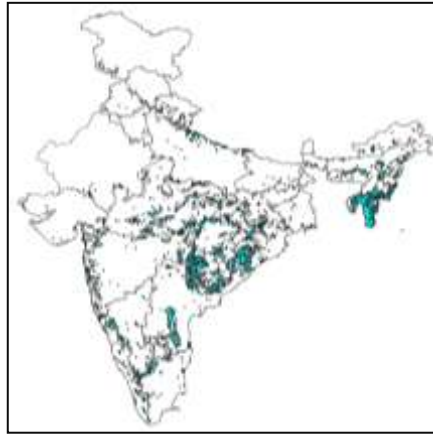


**5km Buffer Area around cluster of fire locations**

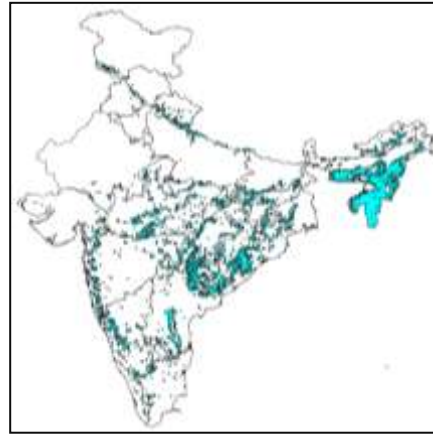
# Flow chart for creation of Vulnerability Map



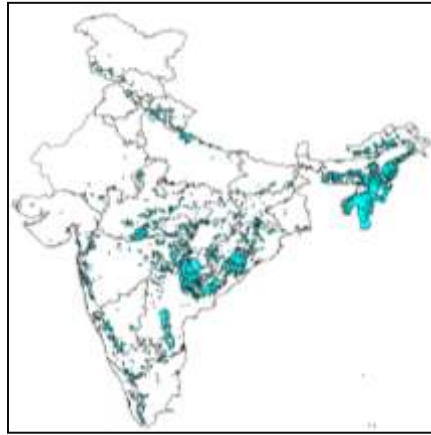
# Buffer of Each Fire Season



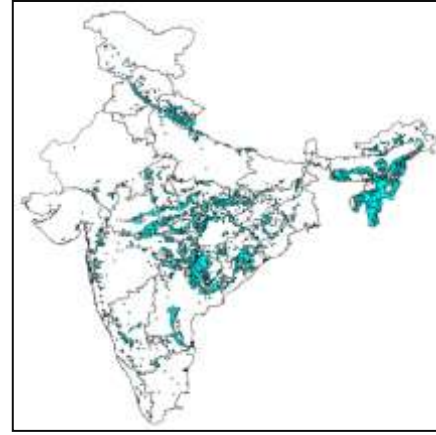
Year - 2004-2005



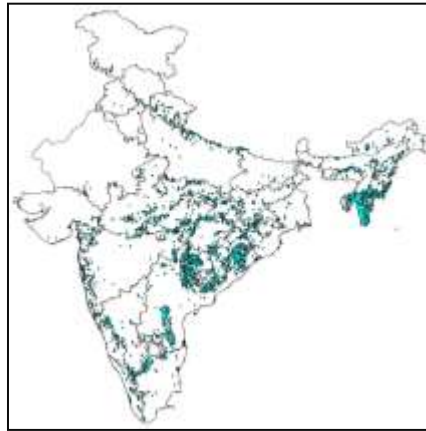
Year - 2005-2006



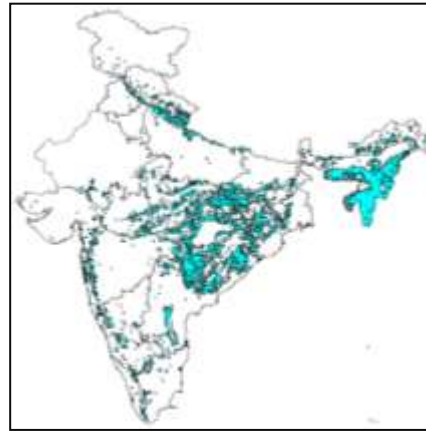
Year - 2006-2007



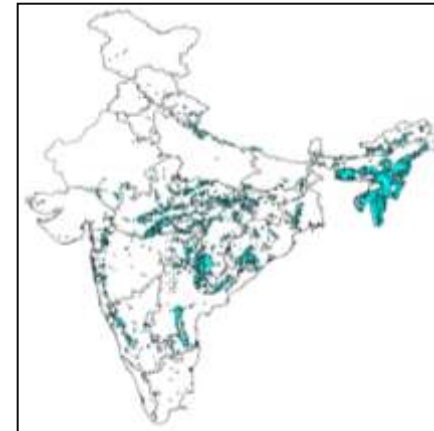
Year - 2007-2008



Year - 2008-2009



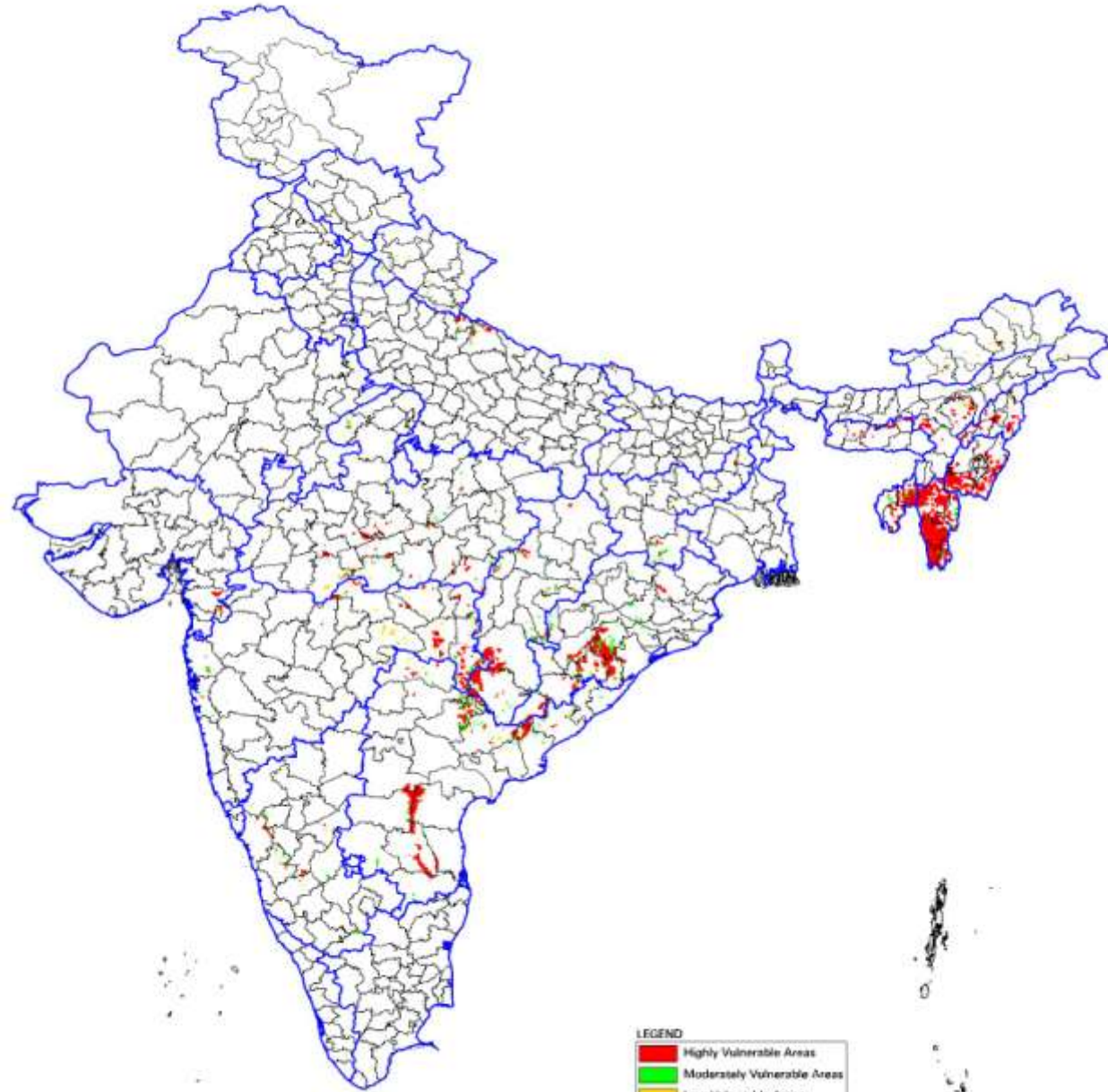
Year - 2009-2010



Year - 2010-2011



# Forest Fires Vulnerable Areas



**LEGEND**

- Highly Vulnerable Areas
- Moderately Vulnerable Areas
- Low Vulnerable Areas
- State Boundary
- District Boundary

Scale: 1:1,00,000



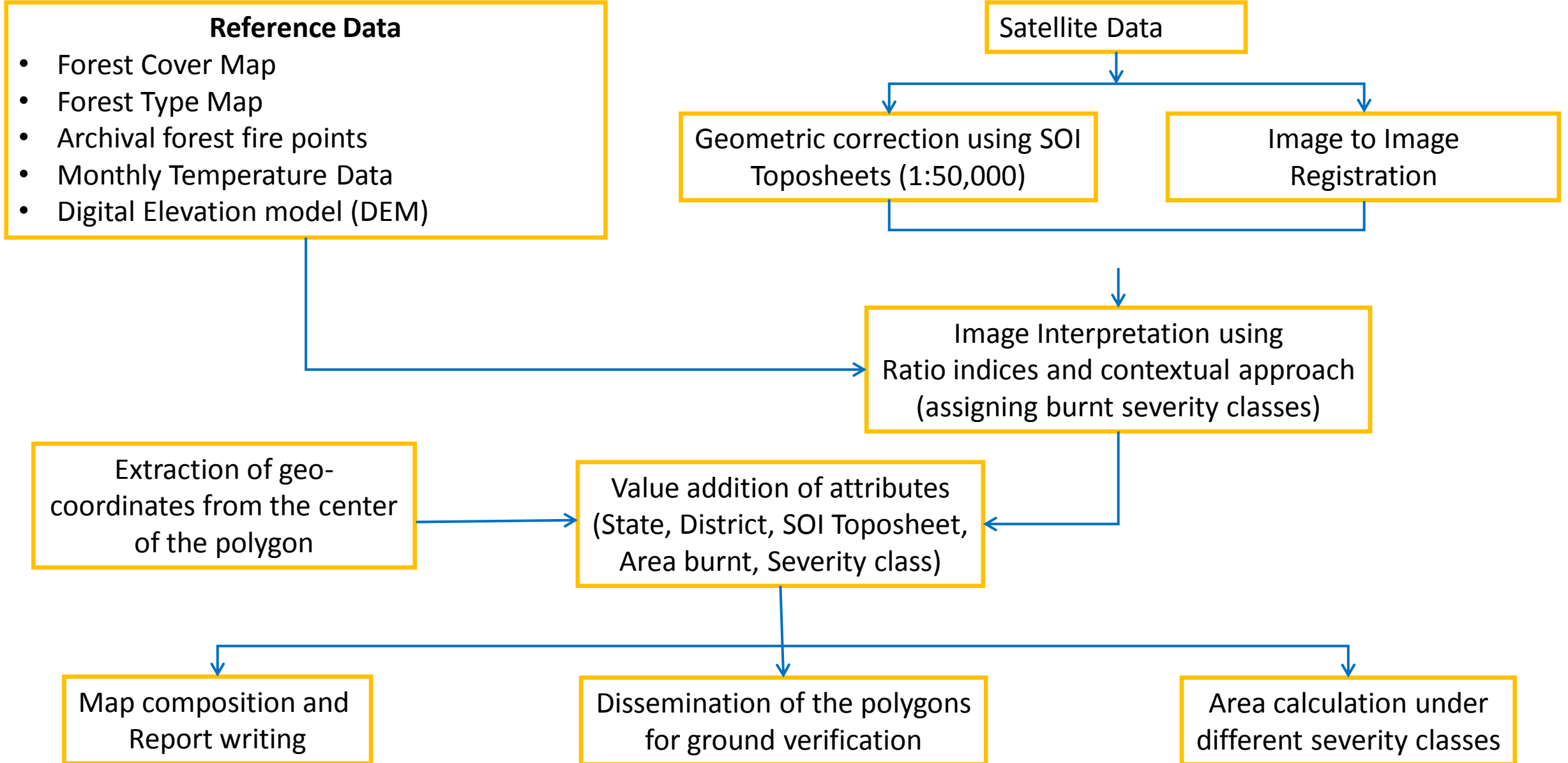
# **Forest Fire Burnt Scar Assessment**

# Methodology and Materials Used

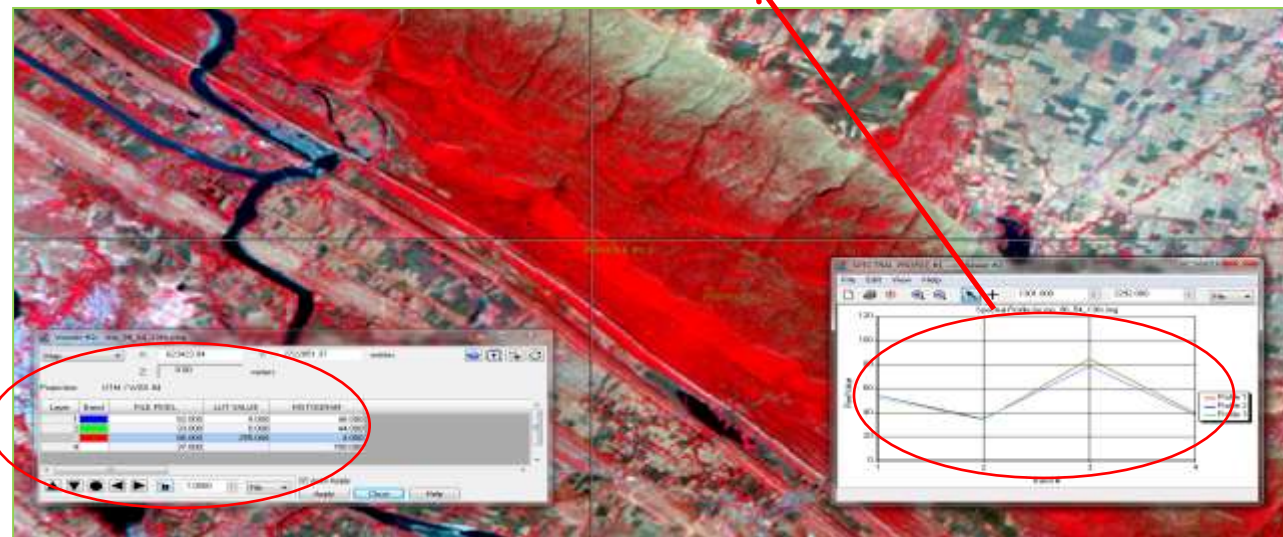
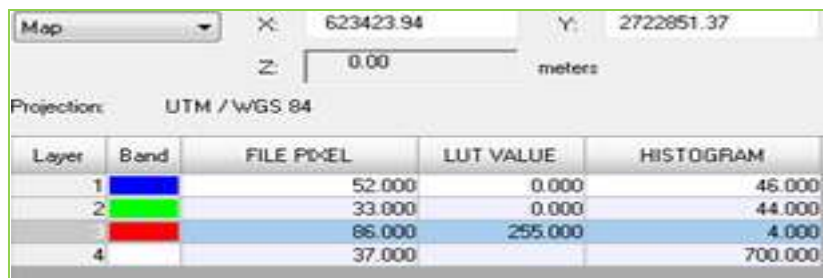
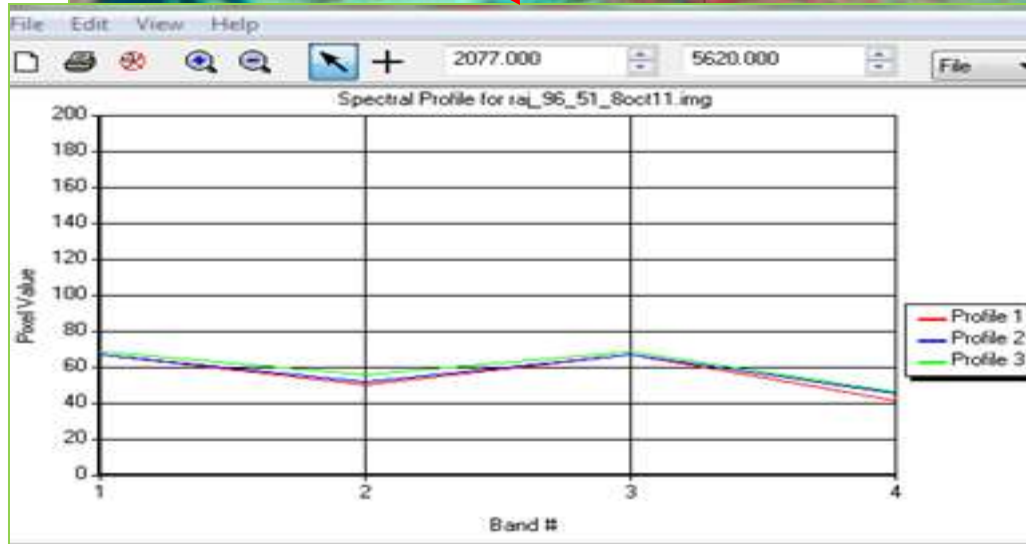
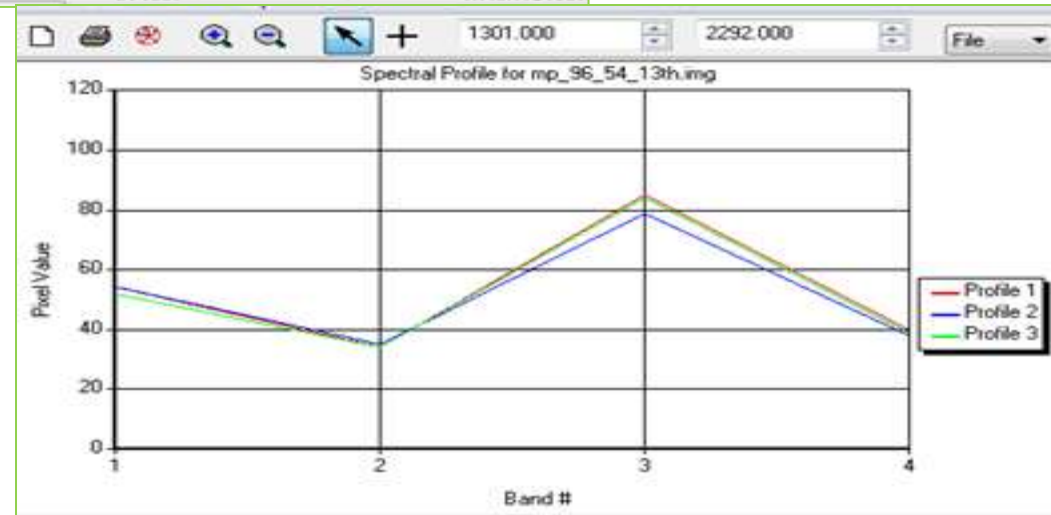
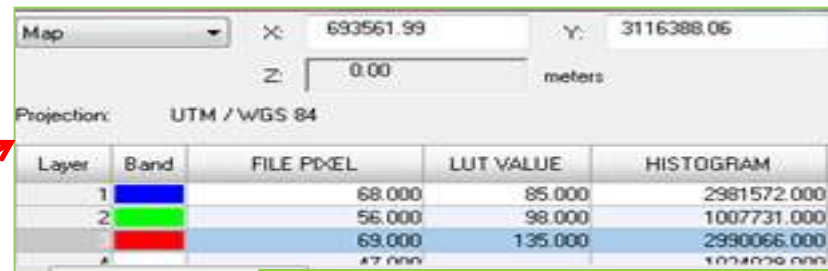
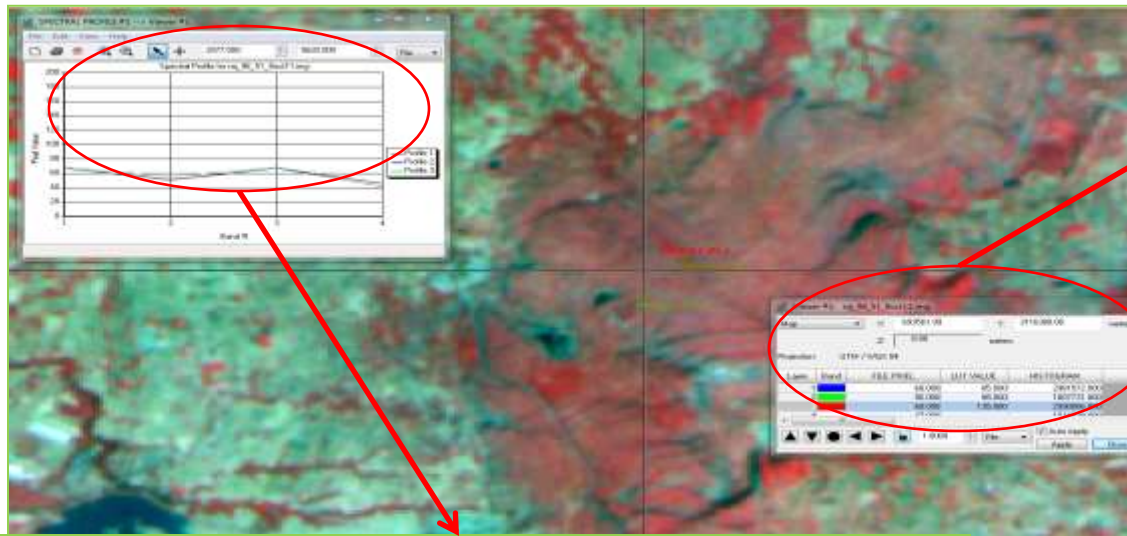
# Materials used

- ✓ IRS Resourcesat-2/P6- AWiFS Satellite data(Resolution-56mts)
- ✓ Digital data on fire occurrences
- ✓ Digital Elevation Model (DEM)
- ✓ Forest Type Map (FTM)
- ✓ Forest Cover Map (FCM)
- ✓ Historical forest Fire Archival data
- ✓ GPS
- ✓ SOI-toposheets
- ✓ [Monthly Temperature Data from IMD](#)

# Methodology Used





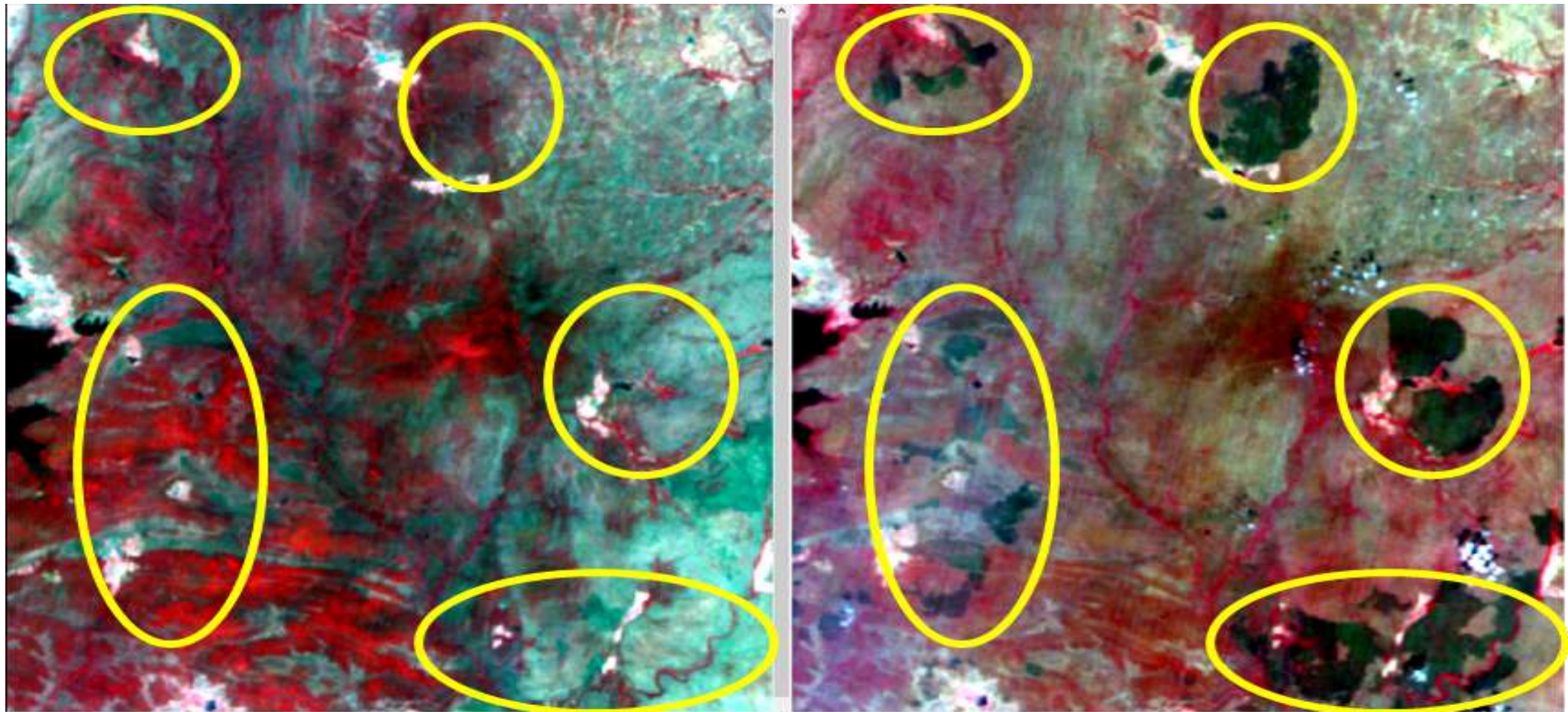




# IRS-AWiFS data of pre and post fire season

**AWiFS data of 26 February 2016  
(Pre-Fire Date)**

**AWiFS data of 01 April 2016  
(Post-Fire Date)**



# Burnt Area Index (BAI)

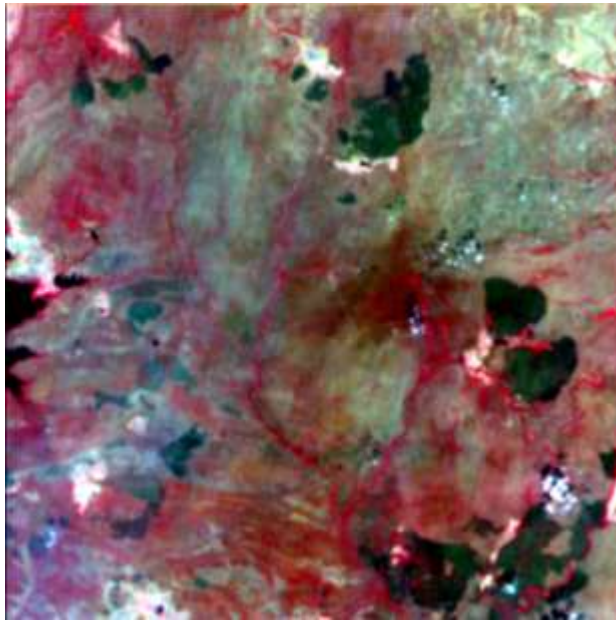
$$BAI = \frac{1}{(\rho_{cNIR} - \rho_{NIR})^2 + (\rho_{cSWIR} - \rho_{SWIR})^2}$$

Where  $\rho_{cNIR}$  = Reference Reflectance in NIR Band

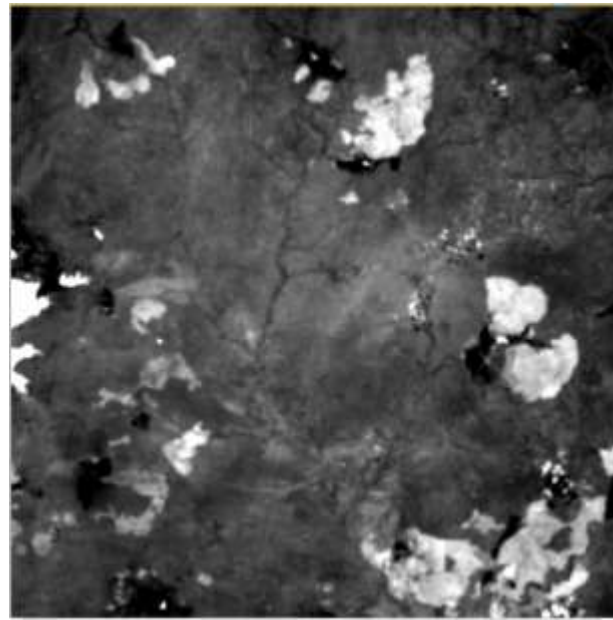
$\rho_{cSWIR}$  = Reference Reflectance in SWIR Band

$\rho_{NIR}$  = Reflectance in NIR Band

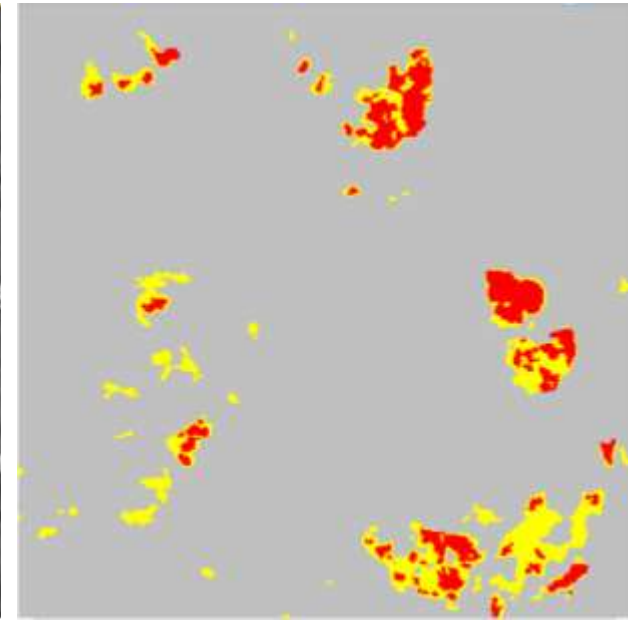
$\rho_{SWIR}$  = Reflectance in SWIR Band



**AWiFS Data**



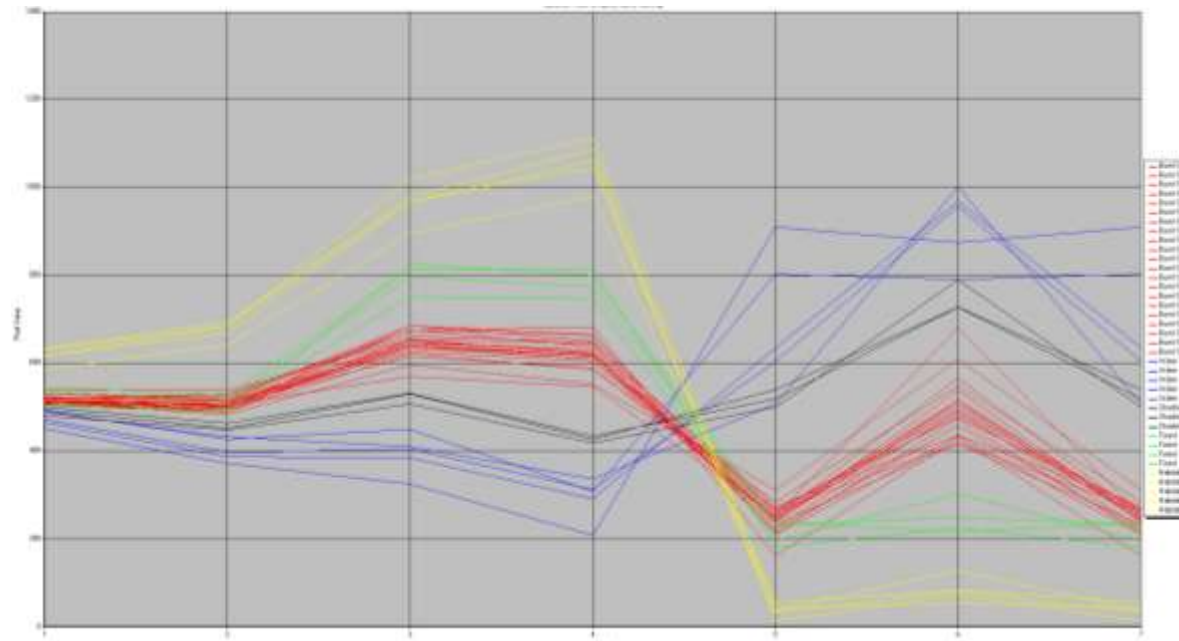
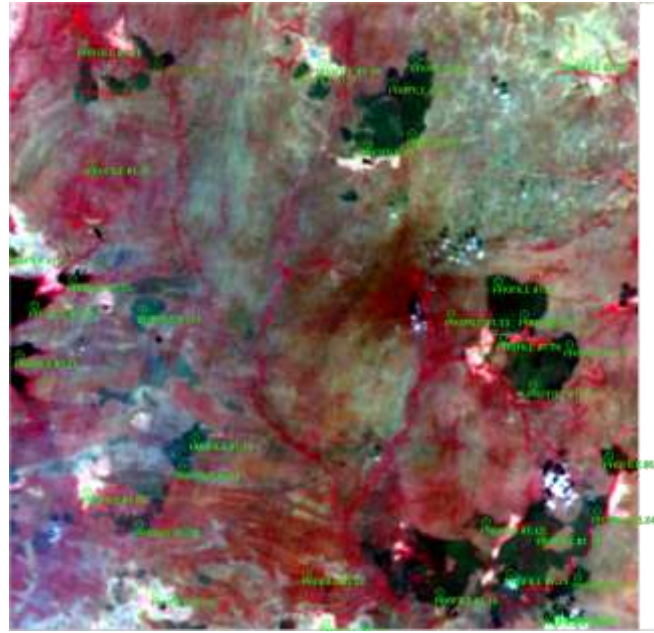
**Burned Area Index**



**Classified BAI**



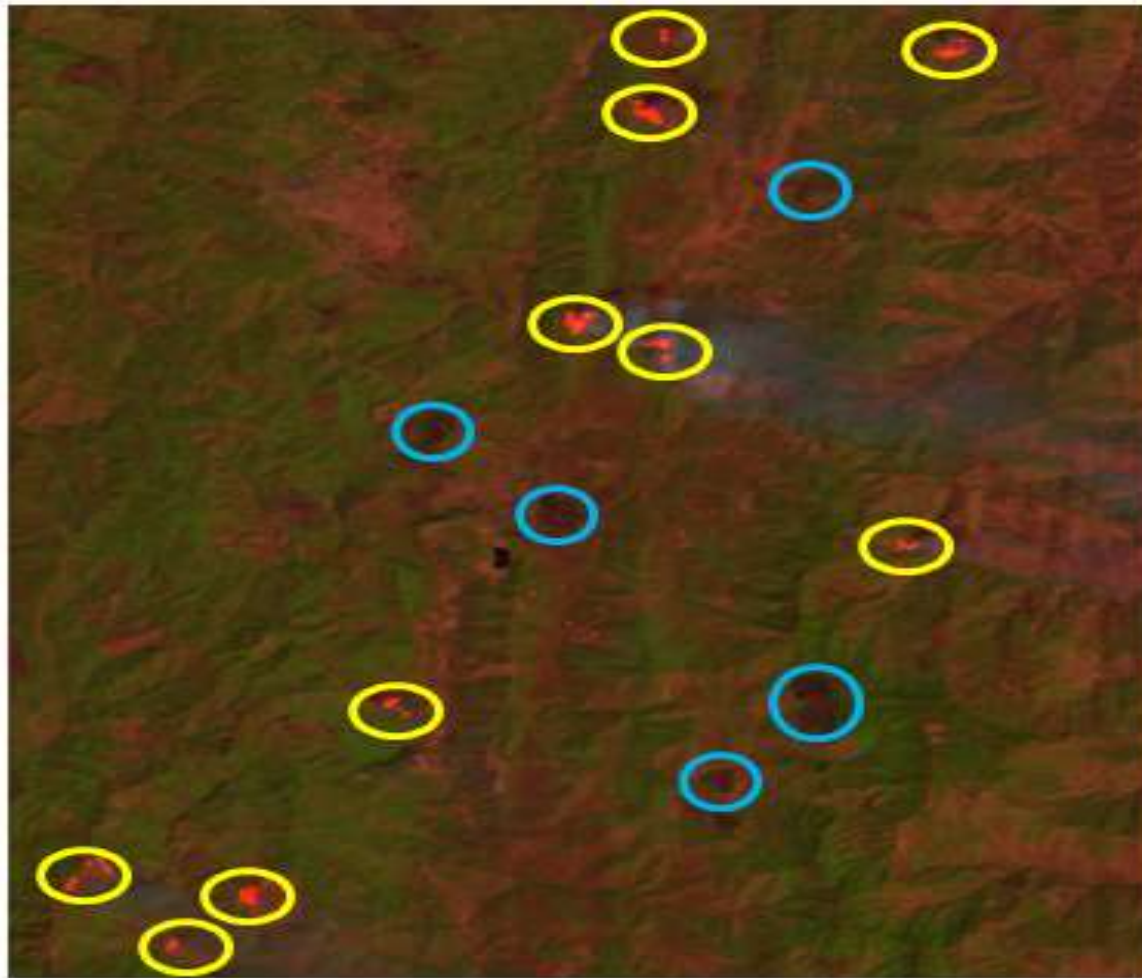
# Spectral curve of the different classes



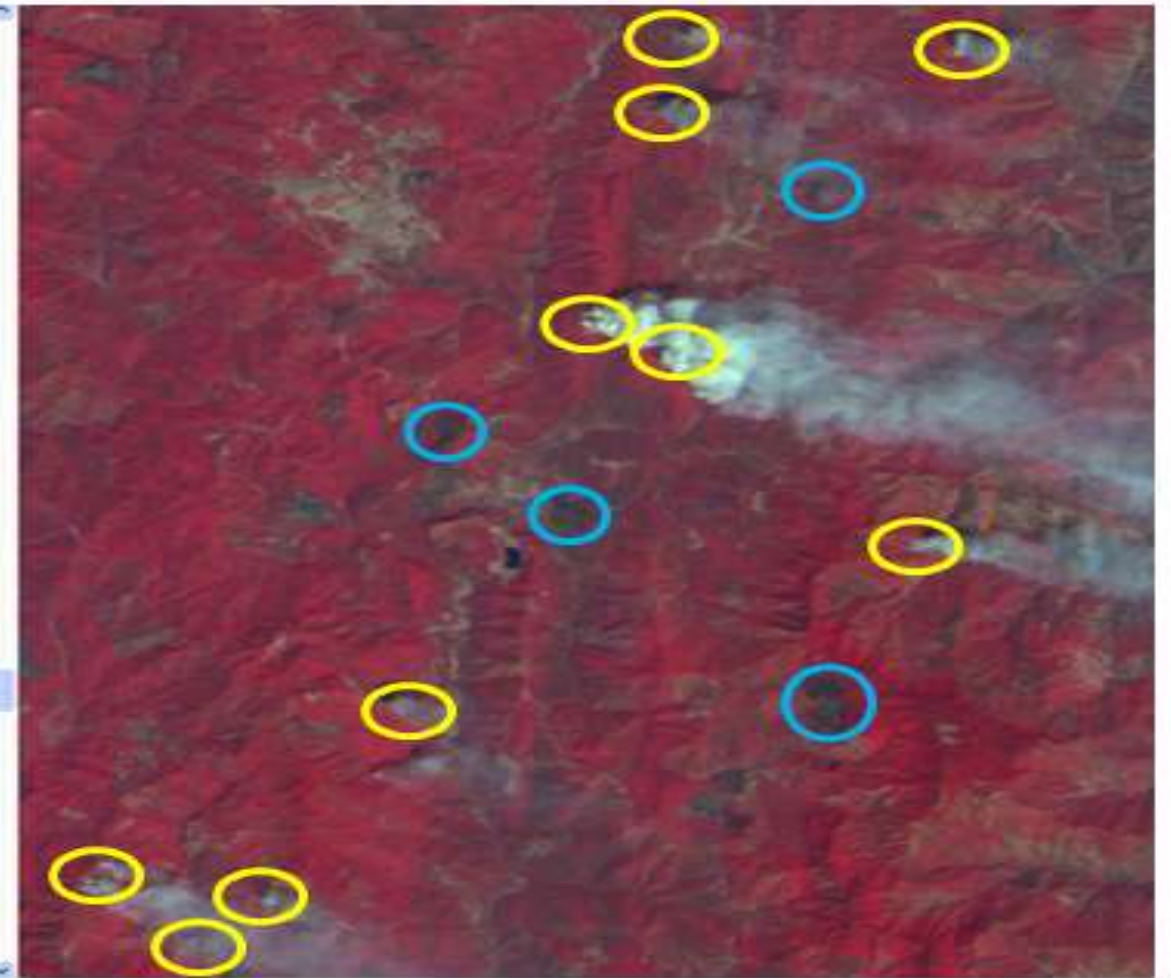
- Spectral Curve of Habitation
- Spectral Curve of Forest
- Spectral Curve of Burnt Scar
- Spectral Curve of Shadow
- Spectral Curve of Water





AWiFS Image Showing Active fire Locations and Burnt Scars using Different Band Combinations



**FCC Band Combination 432**

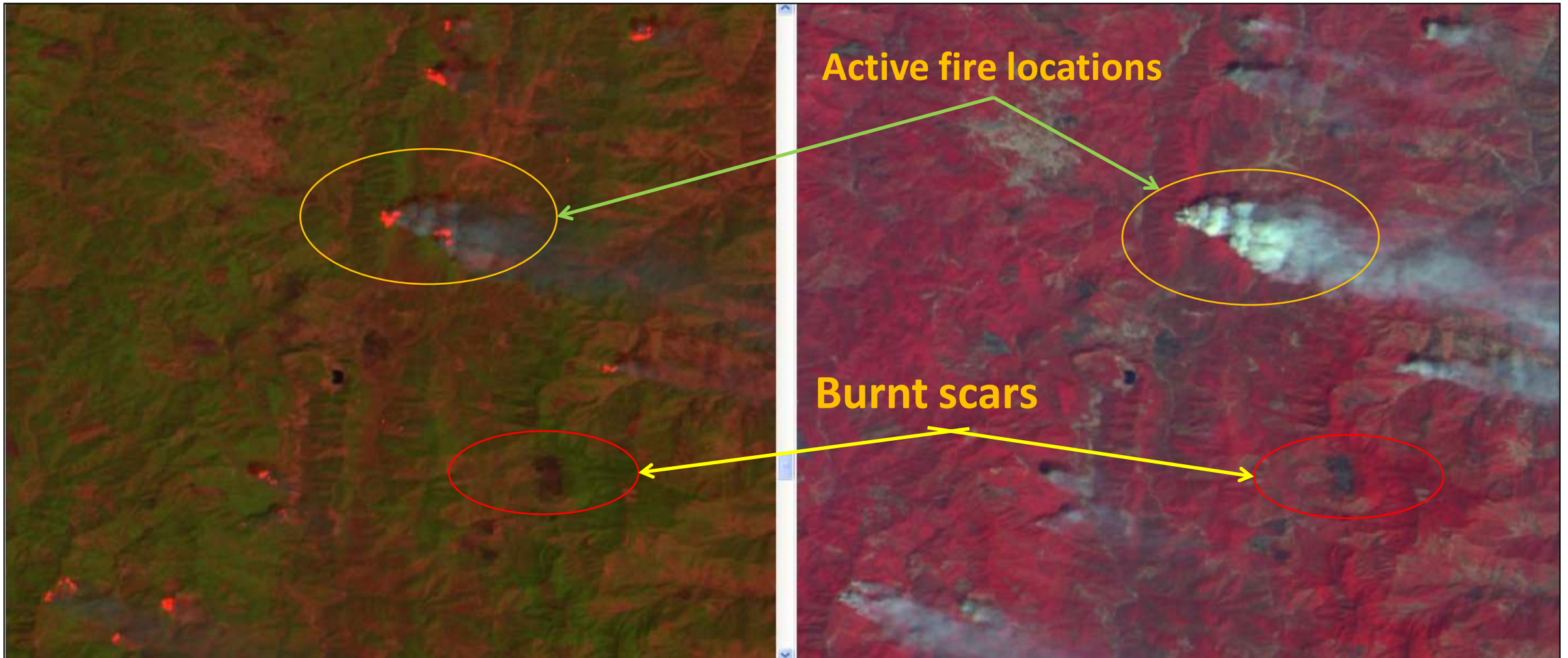


**FCC Band Combination 321**

-  Active Fire Locations
-  Burnt Scar



# AWiFS Imagery of 17 March 2015



FCC Band Combination 432

FCC Band Combination 321

**Burnt Area Polygon as KML overlaid on Google Earth**



**Burnt Area Polygon as Shape File overlaid on AWiFS Image**



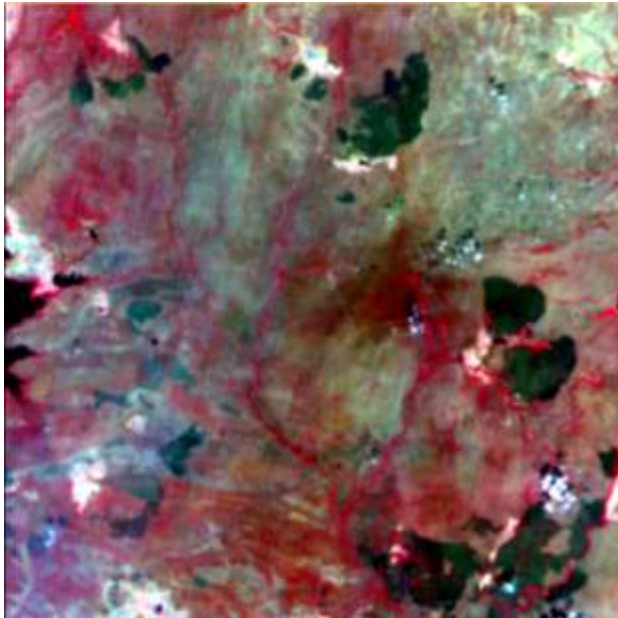


# Normalized Differential Vegetation Index (NDVI)

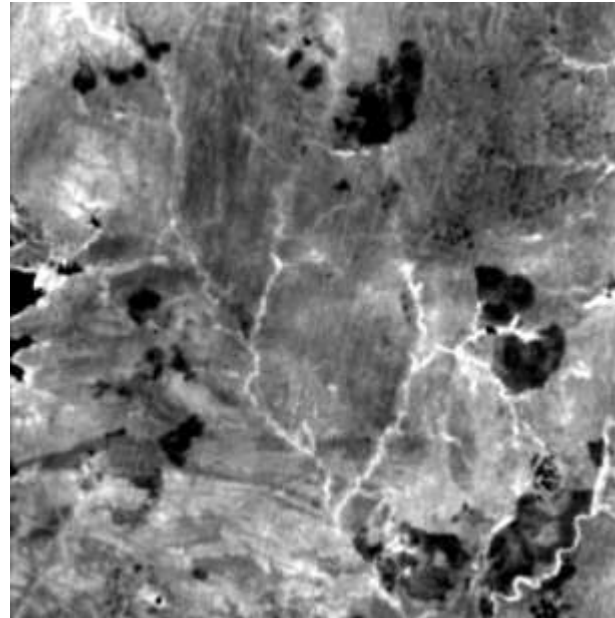
$$\text{NDVI} = \frac{\rho_{\text{NIR}} - \rho_{\text{R}}}{\rho_{\text{NIR}} + \rho_{\text{R}}}$$

Where  $\rho_{\text{NIR}}$  = Reflectance in NIR Band

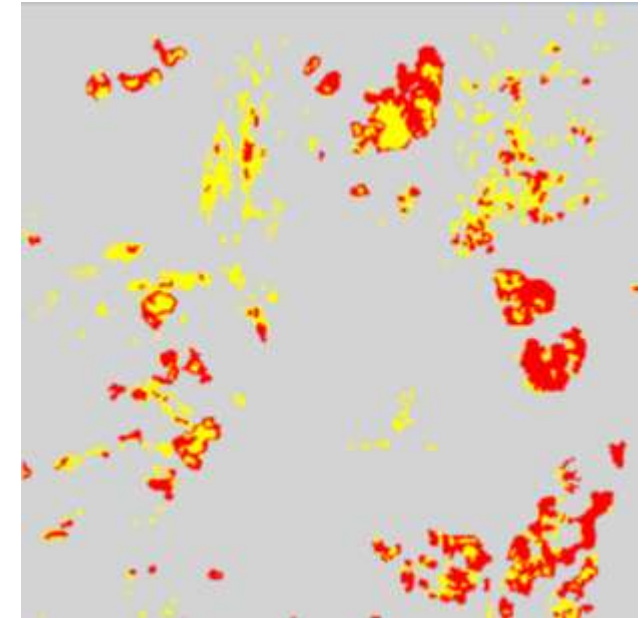
$\rho_{\text{R}}$  = Reflectance in RED Band



AWiFS Data



Normalized Differential Vegetation Index



Classified NDVI



**Burnt scars observed using AWiFS scene of  
Maharashtra on 28 May 2014**



**Burnt Scars**

# Conclusion

- **Forest Fire is a natural calamity and requires holistic efforts by Government and People**
- **Satellite Technology can play an important role in management and mitigation of forest fires**
- **Factors from local to regional scale needs to be identified using suitable statistical methods**
- **Suitable algorithms with image classifiers can be effectively used in monitoring , generation of pre-warning alerts and assessment of damage**



*Thank you*

Forest Fire Team

Forest Survey of India

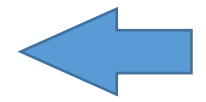
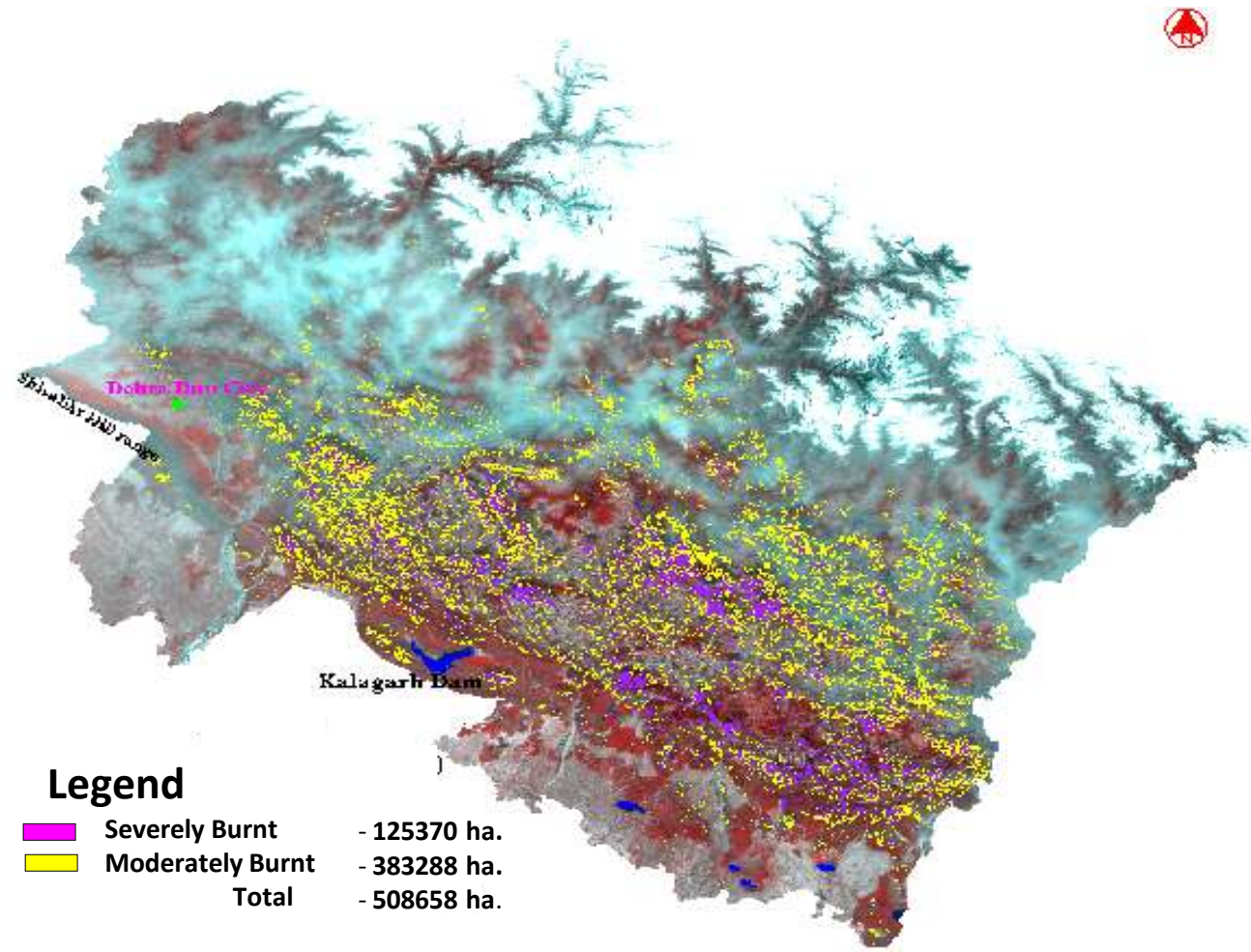
Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate change

Kaulagarh road Dehradun -248195

[www.fsi.nic.in](http://www.fsi.nic.in)

E-mail [forestfiremonitoring@gmail.com](mailto:forestfiremonitoring@gmail.com)

# Fire Affected are of Uttarakhand during April, 1999 (WiFS)

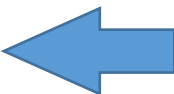
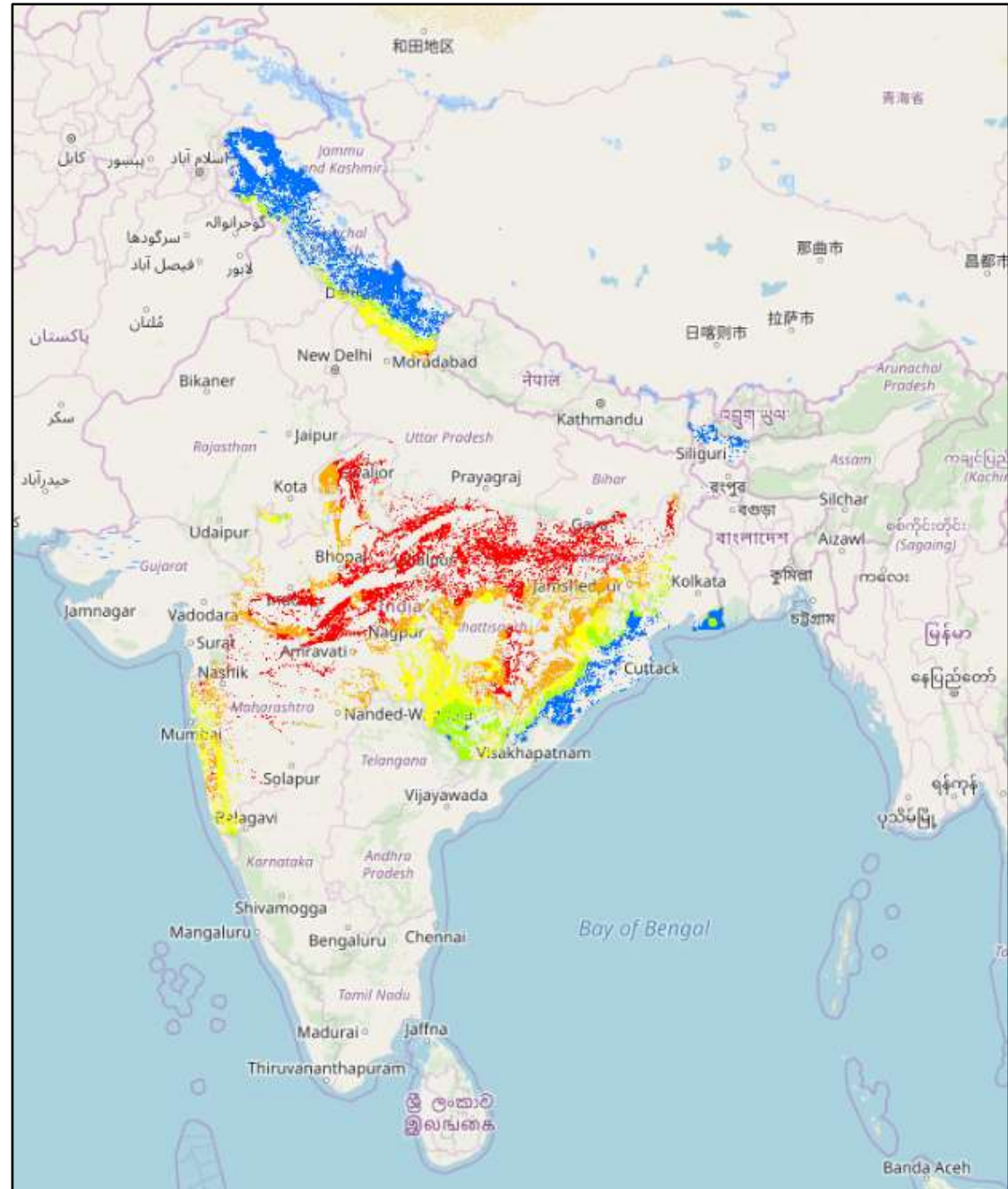




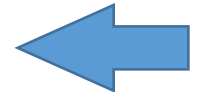
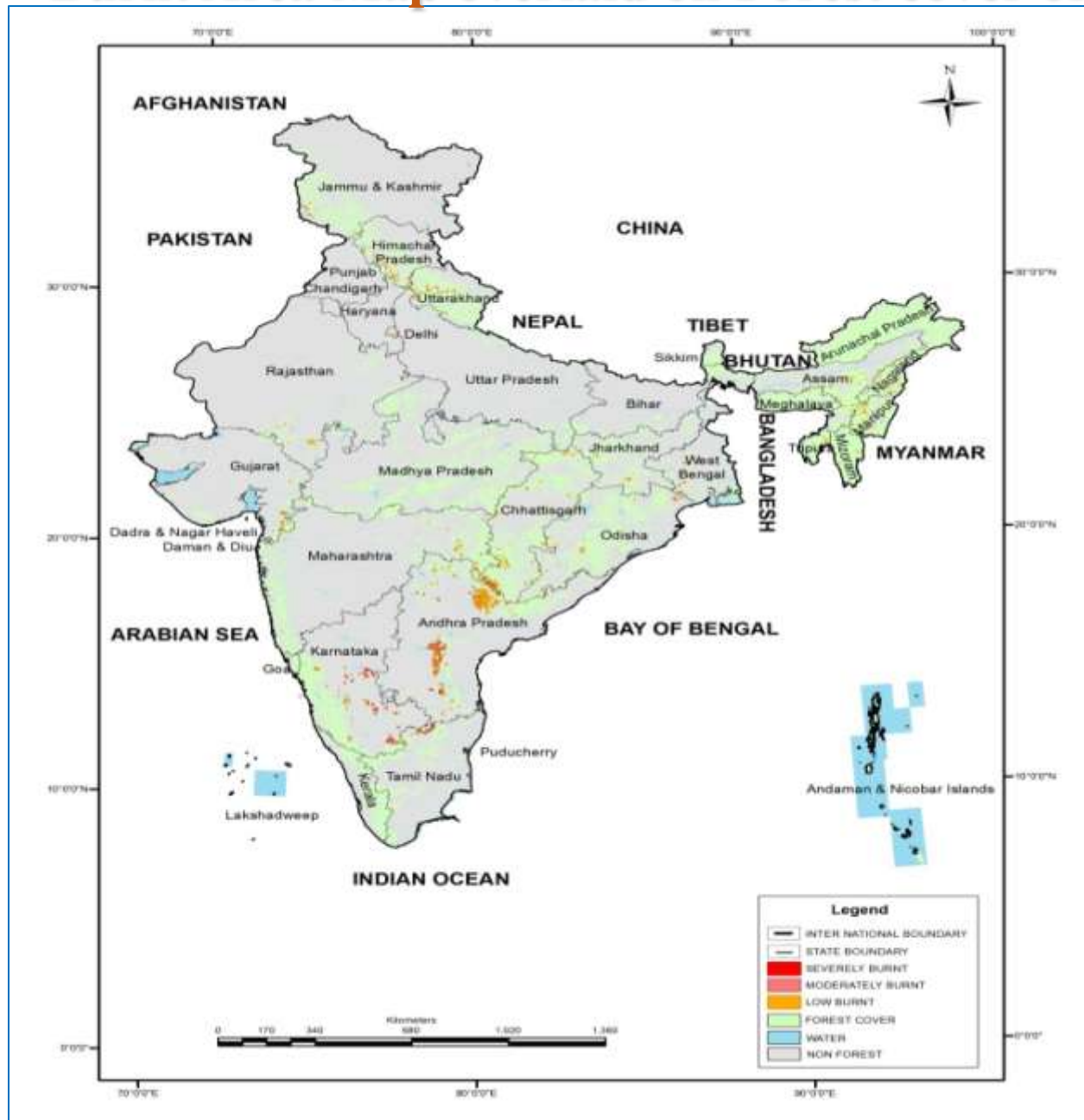
# Early-warning

FW Based Early-warning Uploaded on FSI Van Agni-geo Portal two times in a week

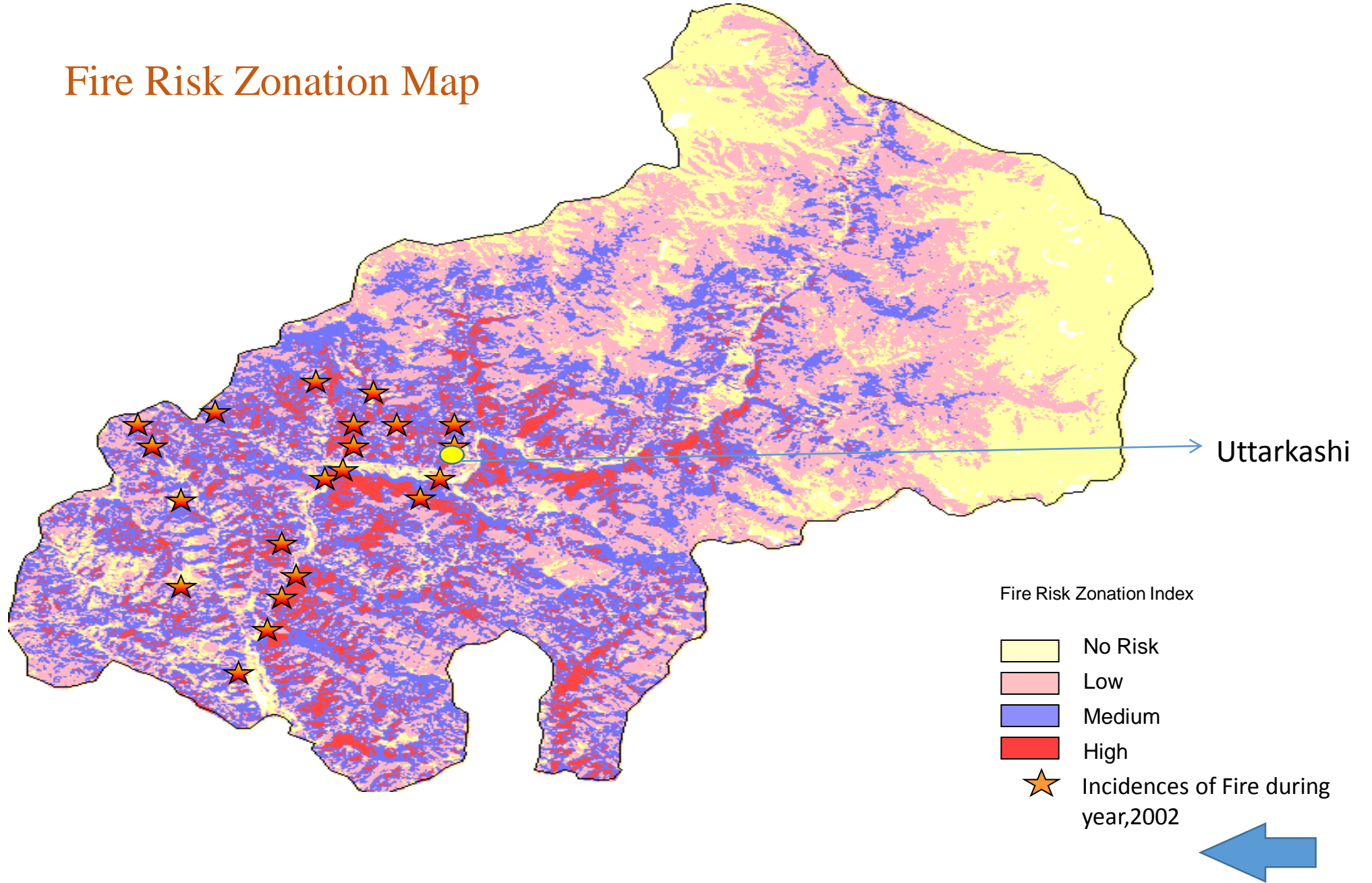
## Van-Agni Geo portal of FSI



# Burnt Area Map overlaid on Forest cover of India



# Fire Risk Zonation Map

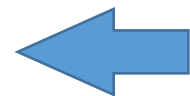




# VULNERABILITY OF INDIA'S FORESTS TO FIRES



**FOREST SURVEY OF INDIA**  
(Ministry of Environment & Forests)  
Kaulagarh Road, P.O.-IPE, Dehradun – 248195 India





# Regions selected for Pre-Warning Alerts

